

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT PART 3 OF 14

BUFILE: 62-62735

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ENCLOSURE COVER SHEET

FILE: 62-62735 (Sub A)
SECTION 3 OF 3
THIS SECTION IS COMPRISED OF _/54_ PAGES WHICH WERE REVIEWED FOR THIS RELEASE.
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<u>154</u> PAGES ARE AVAILABLE FROM THIS SECTION FOR RELEASE.

THIS IS ENCLOSURE 3 OF 14 ENCLOSURE(S)

NO DUPLICATION FEE FOR THIS PAGE

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

Mrs. Roosevelt Showed The Way

By Drew Pearson

NOWHERE in the free world was Christmas more bleak than in the teeming, tubercular-infested shacks of Hong Kong and Macao where the hungry refugees from Red China huddle.

It was typical of the late Eleanor Rosscott that she opened her great heart to these forlors, friendless people. To perpetuate her great goals, Chinese Refugee Relief is now lanning an Eleanor Rossevelt Memorial Center in Hong Kong. It will be a living memorial, designed to train refugees for new work and a new life in the free world.

Thousands of Americans have sent contrilutions to the center, along with messages of hope and cheer. These are the sort of Christmas gifts Mrs. Roosevelt would have wanted.

The most appropriate message will be inscribed over the door of the center, and he person who suggested it will be given a free trip to Hong Kong to attend the excitation

The first such letter expressing an interest in helping with the memorial came from the new African government of Uganda, the same proud, little republic that was also the first to refuse admission to Louisiana's junketing Sen. Allen Ellender for his anti-African remarks.

From Caracas, Venezuela, Raimundo V. Romero auggested the following inscription for the doorway: "Let us perpetuate her memory in the heart of humanity."

Young and old, rich and poor, have reworded to the appeal. West Virginia Sen. Jennings Randolphi who sent a substantial contribution, recalled the seeds of hope sown of Mrs. Roosevelt among the poor people of his state.

And the poor people themselves remembered. A noman from Morganiown, W. Va., arote: "I'm a coal miner's wife and proud to donate this dollar toward her memorial."

From a Portland, Ore., grandmother came a small contribution and a note of apology: "Sorry I can't send more money, but I'm on Social Security."

In Philadelphia, 13-year-old Joan Saxe auggested this line for the inscription: "She housed all of the member all of the time."

heiped all of the people all of the time."

An airman at Vandenberg Air Force
Base, Calif., sounded this note of urgency:
"A promise to help a refugee tomorrow
might be 24 hours too late."

And Katherine Schroeder of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., summed up her sentiments with this verse:

I sought my soul
But my soul I could not see,
I sought my God
But my God eluded me,
I sought my brother
And I found all three.

Suggested inscriptions and donations may be sent to Chinese Refugee Relief, care of the postmaster, Washington 13, D. C.

Congressional Children

GEETA HAYS, daughter of Rep. Wayne Hays (D-Ohio) is only eight years old but she has a philosophic outlook on congressional elections.

"A Congressman has a hard job," she told her father the other day, "but it's also hard on his kids, when they have to change schools. However, I am very happy that you won in the last election."

"Are you sure?" asked the Congressman. "It means that you will have to switch from Ohio back to school in Washington for part of the year."

"Yes, I know," replied Geeta. "But I've been figuring that if you lost the election, President Kennedy would have made you an ambassador, and then I'd have to go to achool in a foreign country. I might even forget how to speak English."

Merry-Go-Round

SECRETARY of Commerce Luther Hodges has boasted privately that he surpassed Astronaut John Glenn's record last month by going around the world in 20 seconds. He landed at the South Pole, piled out in 40 helow-zero weather and walked triumphantly around the South Pole marker.

Secretary of the Interior Stewart Udali tried to top Hodgen's story the other day by telling of his recent visit to sunny Pago Pago. The island teen-agers demonstrated native dances for him. As soon as he moved on to other business, however, the 16-year-old dance leader turned to the musicians and urged: "O. K., he's gone. Let's twist."

Low man on the new Senate totem pole will be Gaylord Nelson, Wisconsin Democrat. His term as Governor doesn't expire until Jan. 7, four days after all the other newly elected Senators have been sworn in. This means he'll be outranked by all 90 of his Senate colleagues.

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Belmont∕1 Tele Room

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

Some Tributes to Eleanor Roosev

By Drew Pearson

From the little people whom Eleanor Roosevelt befriended, mite, a 3-cent contribution thousands of suggestions have from Elaine Draper of St. poured in to Chinese Refugee Joseph, Mo., who wrote: "I'm

Relief for an appropriate in scription to go over the door of the proposed Eleanor Roose velt Memorial Center in Hong Kong.

The relief group is raising funds to Pearson build a living memorial to Mrs. Roosevelt, a Draper explained. refugee center to be devoted World.

to let the Chinese masses any interest in the prize for know they were not being for the best inscription-a free gotten, and she sought to do trip to Hong Kong to attend this by befriending the refu-the center's opening. "I am gees who managed to slip 89," she explained, "and my through the barbed wire along traveling days are over. the Hong Kong border in their Kenneth Schult: of Hoboken, search for food and freedom. N. J., suggested the inscription: The outpouring of affection "To help the helpless become from all 50 states in support helpful" of the idea of a memorial in But the underlying theme warmed her heart.

William Knox, wrote from Calif., who gladly contributed Piatteville, Wis.: "I'll never To this memoral for a woman forget the time Mrs. Roose- to whom there were no unimwell visited the hospital wards portant people. in Florids during World War Inscriptions for Mrs. Roose-II. She walked through with velt's memoral should be sent such simple nobleness, calm to Chinese Refugee Relief, dignity, and shared feeling, care of the Postmaster, Wash-

What she stood for are the eternal things."

There was even the widow's sorry I can't contribute more. I am unemployed now, and I have a small son to support."

Open Arms

She suggested that the inscription over the memorial center should read: "The Open Arms "

"I was a child during World War II, but I always noticed pictures of Mrs. Roosevelt with arms out in welcome," Mrs.

Mrs. Prince Hawkins of Reto training Chinese refugees no, Nev., wanted to engrave for their new life in the Free over the door the simple words, "She Loved People."

Mrs. Roosevelt was anxious! But Mrs. Hawkins declined

Kong would , have in the thousands of letters was perhaps best expressed A World War II veteran, Mary Hoobler of Pleasant Hill,

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ingion 13 D. C. Contributions, expenses," Mrs. Byrne informed to help ease the terrible need this column. in Hong Kong will be welcome, too.

Junkets Off

familiar face is missing—that erans Affairs Committee. of Rep. L. Mendel Rivers (D). They, too, were accompanied the bourbon-and-branch-water by a lone Congressman—Robert Ellsworth (R-Kan.).

When this column asked Carolina.

The most as faithful in making his explained that there is a me-Allen Ellender (D-La.). Rivers comes under the jurisdiction was all set to go to Europe of the Veterans Affairs Comand the Mediterranean this mittee. fall, had even directed the Defense Department to send junketeers are authorized to

his mind and decided to put Senste Appropriations Com-his district ahead of foreign mittees, which keep the rectravel was Rep. Paul Pino (R. ords top secret. Congress re-N. Y.) Fino was scheduled to quires every Government dego on the House Banking and partment to give a strict ac-Currency Committee junket counting of its expenses ex-

the Philadelphia Democratic rule for its own members. Congressman, came home from their junket early. She got bored with his committee work whether Adlei Stevenson will in Europe and left him with resign as an aftermath of the Rep. Milt Gienn (R.N. J.), Saturday Evening Post furor somewhere in Greece.

"I paid all my own travel night.

Paris Veterans

Rep. Horace Kornegay (D-N. C.) also insisted he paid his In the vast array of traveling wife's expenses on their trip Congressmen this year, one to Europe for the House Vet-

When this column asked what veterans' problems they silver-creasted solon could solve in Paris, Chairman from the plantation area is al- Olin "Tiger" Teague (D-Tex.) trips around the world as Sen. morial building in Parls which

NOTE - All congressional cables demanding luxury ac- draw expense money from commodations. But for some U.S. Embassies overseas in the unexplained reason, at the last form of local currency. No acminute he changed his mind counting is given except to Another solon who changed the House Administration and and was put on the Defense cept for the Central Intelli-Department list. However, he gence Agency, the FBI and decided to tend to congressiome sensitive parts of the De-sional duties in the Bronx. Sense Department. But Con-Mrs. James Byrne, wife of gress does not follow the same

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Drew Pearson will predict over WTOP Radio at 6:45 to1

VICTOR RIESEL: INSIDE LABOR

A Stamp for the First Lady'

On Friday, October 11, the United lates will issue a new five-cent postage tamp. Dwill bear the name and face of seanor Roosevelt. That day would have en her 79th birthday.

This marks a unique recognition. Not since ritha Washington has there been a First

ELEANOR ' ROOSEVELT POSTAGE

THE ELEANOR ROOSEVELT COMMEMORATIVE

ady on a postage stamp. But Eleanor Roose-ill was a unique person. She earned the ex-listive title of "First Lady of the World."

When her husband died in 1945, there were many Americans for whom the word Rooms cit did not evoke the fendent thoughts. And erhaps Eleanor had managed to get more mule mad at her than had her hunband, It . all the more remarkable then, that when he died 17 years later she was underwiedly to ment widely respected, deeply level woman and only here in the U.S., but throughout the world. Year after year the Gallup Poll proved it.

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT did things because twy needed doing, not because she needed the unblicity or always wanted to do them. Soon simi she died, her close friend and associate, vital Stevenson, said elequently; "She would other light a candle than curse the darkness, and her glow has warmed the world."

it is generally assumed that Fileanor Re ell, a product of high soriety, became inter-sted in jabor and social welfare mutters be-asse of her husband's New Deal. But many cars darlier, even before the was to marry be future Fresident, the was meeting regularly vists under-privileged girls in a settlement source located deep to a Neur York show. She imperied dingy factories. By 1921, she was an active number of the Women's Trade Union Langue.

As First Lady, she was not content to be hostess of official parties. As her husband's eyes and ears, she visited coal mines, toured Army camps, and spoke to people everywhere. And in her own quiet, dignified way, she took direct action in behalf of civil rights

before it was stylish to do so.

Once when she was told that she could not sit with a Negro friend at a segregated meeting, she calmly placed her chair conspicuously in the middle of the center aisle and sat alone.

When Marian Anderson was not permitted to sing in Constitution Hall, Eleanor Russevell arranged for a larger half—the steps of the Lincoln Menorial.

On the eighth floor of the Empire State Building today there is an office marked "Eleanor Roosevelt Memorial Foundation." It is the result of another unique honor - a Foundation chartered by the Congress of the United States, chaired by Adial Stevenson and with a blue ribbon Board of Trustees including labor leaders, artists, businessmen,

Directing the work of a dedicated staff is Hyman Bookbinder whose former bosses range from George Meany and Jack Potofsky to Luther Hodges.

The other day, Hyman Bookbinder told me: "I knew we were on the right track the second week I started. A contribution for \$5.50 came in. The note with it said that the sender's cleaning woman insisted upon adding her own fifty cents."

The Foundation, which must raise all its resources from the public is committed to crusading in the image of Mrs. Roosevelt's major interests.

It will build two Eleanor Reserved wings to the PDR Library at Hyde Park, but primarily H will concern theif with human rights. Already H has started a program of training leadership and staff to make sure that today's "revolution" is not dissipated.

Ever since she died last November, people have expressed the hope that the former First Lady's name could continue forever in association with important causes.

The Eleanor Roosevelt Memorial Foundation was created primarily for this purpose. Con-tributions, which can be sent to the Empire State Building, 250 Fifth Ave., are tax-exempt.

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ZENS GROUP THAT SHE MAD LOST HER RIGHT PRIVATE CITIZENS' GROUP THAT SHE NAD LOST HER RIGHT ON AMERICA'S U.N. DELEGATION BY PUBLICLY ADVOCATING THE ADMISSION OF COMMUNIST CHINA.

A GROUP CALLING ITSELF THE COMMITTEE OF ONE MILLION AGAINST
THE ADMISSION OF COMMUNIST CHINA TO THE UNITED NATIONS QUOTED THE
FORMER FIRST LADY AS SAYING IN A SPEECH AT CHARLOTTE, N.C., LAST
THURSDAY THAT THE PEIPING REGIME SHOULD GET A U.N. SEAT. IN A TELEGRAM TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY, COMMITTEE SECRETARY MARVIN LIEBMAN DEMANDED THAT THE WHITE HOUSE "PUBLICLY ASK MRS. ROOSEVELT TO RESIGN" FROM HER POSITION AS SPECIAL ADVISER TO THE DELEGATION MEADED BY AMBASSADOR ADLAI STEVENSON WE URGE THAT YOU ASK MRS. ROOSEVELT TO RESIGN SO SHE CAN HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO ADVOCATE WHATEVER SHE WISHES WITHOUT DANGER OF ACTING CONTRARY TO OFFICIAL U.S. POLICY, THE TELEGRAM SAID.

MRS. ROOSEVELT, CONTACTED AT HER MANHATTAN RESIDENCE, ISSUED A FLAT "NO COMMENT" ON THE DEMAND FOR HER RESIGNATION. BUT SHE LABELED AS "DISTORTED" AND "UNTRUE" THE COMMETTEE'S VERSION OF HER RESIDENCE. THE FORMER FIRST LADY SAID THAT IN HER SPEECH SHE EXPRESSED THE VIEW THAT NO DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT COULD EVER BE VALID WITHOUT RED CHINESE PARTICIPATION AND THAT ANY WORTHWHILE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS MUST EVENTUALLY TAKE CHINA'S 600 MILLION POPULATION INTO CONSIDERATION. BUT SHE DENIED THAT SHE EVER INDICATED RED CHINA "SHOULD" SHE (RED CHINA) DOES NOT QUALIFY FOR U.N. MEMBERSHIP NOW. MRS. RCOSEVELT TOLD UPI. SHE MUST FIRST PROVE HERSELF TO BE A PEACE-LOVING

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TO A POSITION

HER SPEECH AT

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(MRS. ROOSEVELT)

YORK -- MRS . EL FANOR

As Fogler Sees It:

Communist Plague Worse Than Cancer

By WESTBROOK PEGLER

VICE PRESIDENT Nixon is for some mysterious reason bashful about pressing Senator Kennedy on the guilt of the Democratic Party in the development of Soviet Russia's enormous power. In the stilled "debates" he flinched from the opportunity to remind the nation that Moscow was the protege



of Roosevelt and Truman for 16 years and that those two pushed millions of helpless civilized Western-world people into captivity in the unknown world of the new Russian empire.

Nixon atruck only one glancing blow about Truman's treatment of the civilized Baltic people and the Poles. And, though Kennedy guiped and flinched, Nixon then bounced away instead of closing in for the knockout.

are the malignant maladies which frighten this country so badly that Kennedy licks dry lips as he speaks of the danger of war over Berlin within a year and of the need to beef up the army to fighting atrength and mood.

But on the same night that Nixon broke off the battle after taunting Kennedy about the Democrat who spoke of Stalin as "Good Old Joe," a roster of Hollywood sycophants performed a shameless program of adulation to glorify Roosevelt's widow vaguely as a warrior against cancer.

This woman has never done anything to help humanity and science in this fight. But the policy crusade had finally petered out and now the same unconscionable imposition on the sorrows, the kindness and the gullibility of a generous nation is repeated, with one scourge substituted for another. The effect is to ennoble a female who has done little to help the United States in the fight against the most dangerous enemy that mankind ever has had to female.

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Interceded for Red

She interceded for the monstrous Hanns Eisler, the Communist "musician" who thereby was subsidized by the Rockefeller Poundation and by Hollywood until he returned to Europe to taunt us; her wily influence was exerted through the State Department to nuilify our immigration laws in favor of the Communist Earl Browder's Communist wife; she heckled and impeded Martin Dies, Joe McCarthy, Pat McCarran, Nixon, himself, and all other fighters against the enemy of the United States.

. She went to Moscow, with the usual profit motive, to consult Khrushchev and down to Tito's palace to sup with him, and later, during the Khrushchev and Castro riots in New York, entertained Marshal Tito at the pagan shrine of Hyde Park and in her own deadfall in New York.

This was appropriate.

Her husband's party and Truman's Administration ratted on General Mikhallovich, the patriot who stood off the Nazis as long as he could and tried to deliver Yugoslavia to the Americans and British. For that opposition to communism and Moscow this woman's chosen friend shot him against a wall.

She has not yet mentioned the influential fact that Tito was an army commander in the Spanish

Communist war. But he was.

Altogether, her record is such that her cult is the cancer charade, exploiting agony and personal terror for a sordid end, have done their best to dutage all Americans who put the United States above a politician with an unerring instinct not for the light but for the left.

How Did She Get Into Act?

What conscientious patriot could demean himself to contribute money to aggrandize her in this virtuous cause? How did she get into this act? And can she ever be persuaded to lend herself to the fight against the greater scourge which her husband magnified to such frightful power that 15 years after his death, Khrushchev could throw New York into turmoil and threaten the United States with extermination?

Nixon must be convinced that it were fatal to any patriot to fight her. The poor fellow indicated that when he, the Republican nominee, lent himself as hostage to her program of benevolence in a canned teevy babble that must have strangled him. Nixon knows her of old from his days on the House Committee. He knows the part she played and the power of the insensate cabal behind her which flies at the throat of every American who tries to fight.

One by one, diseases come under control.

Neither TB nor yellow-jack, polio nor typhoid, malaria nor, in the long run, even cancer can stand against science.

But communism has been gaining so that even her captive candidate, Jack Kennedy, was forced to admit that her husband's pet monster might cause a war in Berlin any hour.

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EXPLAINS A TEA

Says Khrushchev's Hunger and Her Politeness Made Engagement Desirable

By EMMA HARRISON

Mrs Franklin D. Roosevelt explained vesterday why she had done what many people thought a "dreadful thing": Invite Premier Khrushchev to

ites.
It was plain politeness, she said, because last year when the Boviet leader visited Hyde Park

he had to leave without lunch. The told how at Hyde Park this Khrushchev and Mrs. Khrushchev and Mrs. Khrushchev had had to filch a rollean from the ready lunchern table, he leaving with the plantive explanation: "One for the road."

Mrs. Roosevell, attending a huncheon in her honor for the benefit of the Wiltwyck School for Underprivileged Boys, explained how politeness and pro-tocol sometimes get confused.

Last year, she said, when Mr. Khrushchev was visiting under happier circumstances, he asked to visit Hyde Park and lay a wreath at the grave of Franklin iD. Roosevelt. The usual difficult fachedule attendant upon such jevents was planned, with Mrs. Reosevelt and the State Depart-ment going over the entire leourse that the Premier's visit would follow.

A Laurcheon ('rivia

But, when he arrived one hour late "it wasn't his fault. Cahol Lorige was late"- the whole schedule caved in. When they returned from the grave to the library and Mrs. Rooserelt made ready to take the

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her cottage for lunch, the offcials with him balked, Mr. Khrushchev was due at the United Nations and there was no time, it was explained.

"So he got nothing to eat and" as he was leaving, his wife grabbed a roll and he did and said 'one for the road," Mrs. Roosevelt reported.

Like any proper hostess, Mrs. Roosevelt has been brooding about this and when she learned that the Premier again was coming to the United States, she issued an invitation to tea or luncheon.

"He promptly accepted for tea," she said, and was enter-tained at Mrs. Roosevelt's apartment at 55 East Seventy-

And how did she find the Premier? Very subdued," as he had been on his visit to Hyde Park, she reported. Ard, she added, this was a great relief to her, since she did thick he "behaved simply outrageogsly" during his visit here.

As for talking with the Pre-micr, she said: "We have to face the fact that either all of us are going to die together or we are going to learn to live together and if we live together we have to talk."

Mrs. Roosevelt spoke at the annual \$100-a-plate luncheon for the school given in her hon-or by Issac Liberman, presi-ident of Arnold Constable, at

the Advertising Club, 23 Park Avenue. She gaid she was great-ly relieved that the Premier did not bring up the United Nations during their meeting.

instead he preferred to boast about Soviet economic progress

about soviet economic progress and she undertook to deflate aome of his predictions with a few verities, she said.

"He never mentioned the U. N., for which I was deeply grateful because I would have to have been rude," she said.

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In New York Mrs. R's Visitor, 3 Is Mr. K.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6 (UPI) Eleanor Roosevell Served cocoa and crumpels to Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev today at a private party and then had a visit from an unknown admirer.

Khrushchev paid a one hour social call on the former First Lady at her eastside home to share her usual tea-hour fare of encoa and assorted goodies.

The Russian leader, accompanied by Soviet For-gign Minister Andrei Gronyke and Soviet Ambassaor Mikhail Menshikov, areved at the white stone louse on East 74th st. shortly after four n'clock.

Hatless and wearing a gray suit, Khrushchev entered the house without his usual greeting to newsmen waiting on the doorstep. A few tenants of a 16-floor apartment house opposite watched from windows, but there were no boos or cheers.

It was one of the Soviet Premier's quietest public appearances.

Mrs. Roosevelt received her guests in the third floor living room of her apart-ment. It appeared there were no others present.

On the third floor landing she had arranged eight photographs of Mr. and Mrs. Khrushchev and herself taken when the Premier visited the Roosevelt estate at Hyde Park, N. Y., on his tour of America last year.

Mrs. Roosevelt first met Khrushchev when she visited Russia in 1957.

While they were meeting, Mrs. Roosevelt's second visiter arrived.

Theresa Mahoner search assistant for the General Electric Co., was stopped by police when she tried to enter the Roosevelt

But the attractive young brunctic showed police a letter signed by the former First Lady asking her to tea at 5 p. m. The policemen said she would have to wait.

"Well what's going on?" Miss Mahoney asked. When told that Khrushchev had preceded her on Mrs. Roosevelt's entertainment schedule she said:

"Poor Mrs. Roosevelt! She won't want to talk with me after talking with that crazy man."

Miss Mahoney said her appointment had been arranged by a mutual friend who thought she should meet Mrs. Roosevelt because the young woman admired her so much.

She waited patiently. holding a single yellow rose and Mrs. Roosevelt's latest book, "You Learn By Liv-ing." which she wanted to have autographed.

Anally Khrushchev emerged and entered him Minutes later Miss Ma-

nney was escorted into the

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Two Faces of Mr. K

It seems that a new mood comes over Premier Nikita Khrushchev when he is host at a party. At the Soviet Embassy early this week he greeted with much warmth the man he is trying to destroy. Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold, and this behavior must have been most surprising to Dr. Hammarskjold. Also, the Soviet Premier took this occasion to talk amiably with newspaper writer Marguerite Higgins, even though he said her articles were written "under instruction" and are "misguided."

This party cordiality does not mean, however, that the pressure to out the Secretary General will be lessened in any way.

It boils down to this: Mr. Khrushchev does not have a majority vote in the United Nations and he is striving for a majority influence.

His real lack is in the power of persuasion, for it is not natural to the dictator mentality to persuade. Mr. Khrushchev prefers to order, and you cannot order a majority of votes in the General Assembly.

To gain votes in the UN you have to be sure that you are suggesting not what is good for you alone, but what actually represents the interests of others as well. Mr. Khrushchev is convinced that what is good for the Soviet Union and its satellites is good for the whole world. And, unfortunately for him, that is not the way the whole world feels.

The majority in the General Assembly has upheld Dr. Hammarskjold and his actions in the Congo, which were strictly in accordance with the charter of the UN. They were neither in favor of Mr. Khrushchev nor in favor of the U.S. or any "imperialist" nation.

Colonialism is on its way out, and it will go little by little. But it should not go at the instigation of Mr. Khrushchev or of the U.S. or of any other country. When there has to be action by the UN to restore order anywhere it should

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EDITOR: JAMES WACHSLER

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be done with complete impartiality, and that is what I think was done in the Congo. And that is what will be done by the UN as long as the Secretary General is Dr. Hammarskjold.

Also, Mr. Khrushchev's suggestion that there should be three secretaries, each representing a separate bloc, would destroy the UN. One Secretary General must represent all the nations, and all the nations must abide by the majority decision.

In regard to Mr. Khrushchev's other suggestion that the UN be moved from New York. I understand that Switzerland, for one, has no desire to have the main international organization there. Moreover, the important consideration is that in New York little by little facilities to meet the growing organization's needs have been established. New York is a center where all the means of communication are more available than they are in almost any other city in the world, and they are completely free. Moscow, which was suggested by Mr. Khrushchev in jest, I am sure, could not approximate either the freedom or the facilities that are available here.

The work being carried on by the organization needs to go on without interruption, and it is a heavy load. And this could not be done if there were a major move.

For these reasons both the suggestion to move and the idea of a three-headed secretariat are not aimed at a more efficient and stronger organization, but perhaps a destroyed organization, which was the fate of the League of Nations. Tolson Mohr Parsons & Belmont Cellplan & Deliver in McGuire Rosen Tamm Trotter in G. Sulfivan (Isle. Room lingram Gandy

UPI-119
(K-MRS. ROOSEVELT)

NEW YORK--SOVIET PREMIER *** RUSHCHEV WILL HAVE COCOA AND CRUMPETS TODAY WITH MRS. FRANKLIN D. ***ROOSEVELT AT HER EAST SIDE HOME. MRS. ROOSEVELT FLEW IN THIS MORNING FROM A SPEAKING ENCAGEMENT IN CANADA TO PLAY HOSTESS TO THE COMMUNIST LEADER FOR A SECOND TIME. SHE ENTERTAINED HIM AT HYDE PARK LAST YEAR WHEN KHRUSHCHEV MADE HIS GRAND TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE MEETING WILL BE STRICTLY PRIVATE AND THE PRESS WILL BE EXCLUDED.

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'Isolation' Of K at U. N. Irks Soviet

Mrs. F. D. R. Joins Critics of Policy; TV Bid Reported

From News Dispalehes

Baltika, sailed into the open ported. Atlantic today earrying Nikital American TV appearance.

A Tass news agency correspondent aboard the 7500-ton liner said "numerous mes sages" have been received from the United States asking the United States asking the united states asking the number received the number of on TV and discuss his role in is likely to be still more the Assembly which opens Scot. 20.

The Baltika, which sailed don, said it is "perfectly silly"

The Baltika, which sailed

Friday from Kalinificad Cormerly Koenigsberg) with the leaders of the Soviet, Bulgarian, Romanian, Hungarian, Byelorussian and Ukranian U. N. delegations, sailed out of the English Channel in fine and sunny weather, United Press International reported.

Pravda reacted with hostifity today to the United States decision to restrict Khrushehev to the United Nations. and the Liberal British newspaper Manchester Guardian said the decision would evoke LONDON, Sept. 12 -- "NI- more hostility from uncom-kita's Ark," the Soviet ship mitted nations, Reuters re-

Pravda said the effect of S. Khrushchev to New York trying to isolate the Soviet for the United Nations Gen Premier would leave Khru-eral Assembly and possibly an shehev "holding the floor to speak to the whole world once

again," Taxx reported.

The Guardian said "even in the Soviet Premier to appear world . . . the public reaction,

> to confine Khrushchev, Associated Press reported-

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George Spelvin, American:

He's Stymied When Wife Is Intellectual

(Here is another sutobiographical chapter in the life of "George Spelvin, American," as recorded by Westbrook Pegler)

B, WESTBROOK PECLER

FITHEY GET THE FUNNIEST ideas, you would not even know they were thinking about anything. except who had a baby or who had a fight with their husband. Then they say, hey, Pop, how much money

The husband says that depends what kind of money, you mean how many zlotys? She says do not tease a girl talking

how much is a plaster?

The guy says I am proud of you even if you could not even count your change, but a zloty is a Polish dollar. She said well of all the crazy names to call a dollar. Then she said

I said gosh, how do I know? Get out the book, the book has a part in the back where it tells you all those

kind of things, how much does a gal-Ion of water weigh? What is a ptarmigan? How much is an acre?

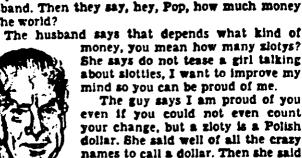
Bhe said that reminds me, how much is an acre? I said well there is 640 acres in a mile. She said how much is a mile? I said 5,280 feet long. She said then how long is an acre? I said an acre is not long, an acre is like this. So I did like this with my arms.

Dreamie said so an acre is square like this and a mile is long like a string but there is 640 acres in a mile. It does not figure.

I said please, Baby, I had a hard day in the busy marts of trade, you know, tooth and fang. So when I get home I wish those old days would come back when they had those teevee roller derbies. I used to get a kick out of them, no payola to those babes the way they used to belt each other over the rail.

Dreamle said you can say that again. But those double-dome study-bums said it was a shame for us to be so ignorant so they were going to make us intellectual. Questions like what is the rainfall of Madagascar? Who wrote Carl Sandberg? Then it turns out to be a frameup.

I said what came over you tonight, anyway? Everything quiet and you suddenly break out like crazy about acres?





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She said, oh, gee, thanks for reminding me. How many people in the United States?

I said look it up in the book. She looked and she said one hundred and seventy million. She said it would never come out even.

I said what wouldn't? She said I read a writeup where President Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt get 30 acres to bury them together but the most of us get about eight feet by four and sometimes two or three layers deep like in the bunk-house down at the Ranch. She said what a heck of a nerve!

I said well they never lacked nerve but what do

you care?

Dreamle said well, if they get 15 acres each, wait till I get a pencil, because if everybody tries to get the same there is not going to be enough to go around for graves alone, never mind raising wheats and radishes, never mind golf and Central Park.

How many people have we got? The book said 170,000,000.

How many square miles? The book said three million, but that includes Lake Michigan, Okeechobee, Winnepesaukee and Minnetonka. You have to subtract lakes.

She said, well it looks like we will have to fight Russia for some more land if everybody gets the same as those two, 15 acres apiece. If we start clobbering each other with that Big Apple there will not be much left to bury or anybody to bury them.

Dreamie said, quote, how do you like that for

Democracy?

Integration Outfit Red Tainted:

my colleague, Westbrook Pegler, I have news about Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt.

The lady has involved herself. I find, in a du-blous organization known as the Southern Con-Serence Educational Fund.

The SCEF is an outlit with headquarters in New Orleans which rides a lush gravy-train, collecting funds for the stated purpose of lighting for voting rights for Negroes in the deep South. It made a handsome cleanup recently in the Hollywood Calif., and has a projected mass meeting at a church in Washington on Sunday, Jan. 31.

Mrs. Roosevelt is lending her name and her presence to a similar meeting in New York City, March 22, as guest of honor. My office inquired whether Mrs. Roosevelt in aware of the taint that attaches to officers and backers of this organization. The reply, relayed by her secretary:

"Mrs. Roosevett thinks that is just a lot of nonsense. After all, the group is working for integra-tion in the South, and you know that anyone who does that is called a Communist.

Fonsense or not, the president of the SCEF is Autrey Williams, onetime National Youth Administrator in the seamiest days of the New Deal who has had several Communist front affiliations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—At the risk of being accused of poaching on the preserve of my colleague, Westbrook Pegler. I have news

The field accretary who has been instrumental in organizing the Washington meeting is one Carl Braden.

Bracen was identified under eath as a m of the party by an FBI undercover agent in the course of a trial for merition in which he was convicted and sentenced to 13 years in the Kentucky State Penitentiary. He actually served part of the sentence, only to be released when the Supreme Court handed down the Steve Nelson decision, voiding state laws of this kind on the ground that the field is pre-empted by Federal statutes.

Subsequently, he was called before the House Un-American Activities Committee where he re-fused to answer questions, pleading the First Amendment. He was convicted of contempt of the House of Representatives and sentenced to one year in Federal Pentientiary.

Assisting Mil Braden in his Washington adven-tures are Cases Gurewitz and his wife, Helen who have a house bit the dutskirts of the national capi-tal. Turgwitz, according to the record, has been identified four times as a number of the party identified fruit times as a member of the party and one unilercover agent produced a handbill tha listed him as a chairman of a Washington Commu hist cell. And these only acratch the surface.

This is what Mrs. Rousevell thinks is non

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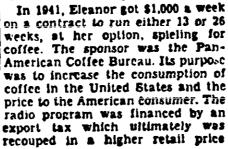
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As Pegler Sees It: 19 Radio Coffee Coup Set Moral Pattern

By WESTBROOK PEGLER

WN 1941, when Charles Van Doren was only 15 years old, Eleanof Roosevelt was the heroine of a radio deal which involved the State Department, a son of Harry Hopkins and the wife of Ernest Lindley, the Washington political columnist of Newsweck. Mrs. Roosevelt's exploit and Van Doren's, 16 years later,

had phases of resemblance. The Van Doren family, or cult, were devotees of the Roosevelt regime.





PEGLER

to American consumers.

Under F. D. Roosevelt's good-neighbor program, nations which did not produce coffee but did export tin, tailow and guano were aggrieved by this favoritism. The National Coffee Association, this country's chamber of commerce for coffee, promptly broke off relations with its South American equivalent, known as the Pan-American Coffee Burcau. The Association refused to take responsibility for this expenditure of "public funds" without "equivalent authority over expenditures." This language occurred in the Association's formal notice to the South American Burcau dated July 23, 1941.

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White House Rasputin

Harry Hopkins may be almost unkown to millions of the present generation. If so, be it stated that he was the White House Rasputin whose obeisance to Joseph Stalin was largely responsible for Soviet Russia's enhancement at our expense, His son's name is David. David, in 1941, was a hustler in the advertising business along Madison Avenue and in movies in Hollywood. He had much in common with Jimmy and Elliott Roosevelt.

This has been a jubilee year for Eleanor the Great. Her 75th anniversary was a political gala acclaiming her glorious nobility, charity and wisdom, in general, but not specific, terms. She was now the first lady of the world. The whole great voice of my country was raised in a gibbering veneration of Big Sister.

The widow's radio coffee coup has now become a precedent, in principle, for very recent and more flagrant floutage of confirmed American ethical standards. The guiltiest one of all, Eleanor Roosevelt, never has denied it.

Although \$1,000 a week was more sizeable in those days, the real outrage existed in the audacious sale of the prestige of the Presidency, the White House, the State Department, in fact, "the Government" of the United States for private profit.

Lindley's wife, Betty, not only acted as Mrs. Roosevelt's "agent" for 10 per cent of the take but enjoyed easy employment on a number of government payrolls. Lindley, himself, was writing politic for Newsweek, usually friendly to the regime.

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Wheeler



Attorney General William P. Rogers will spin the wheel to select the 1859 Cherry Biossom Queen en Friday night, April 18, at the Cherry Blossom Bull, Princesses representing all U. S. states and territories. will be on hand with their military escort. In the past 11 years, the wheel has relected princes exfrom Belaware, Montara, Connecticut, Wynming, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Remtucky, Maine, Montana, Alaska, and Malne, in that Order.

Eleanor Roosevelt's



Are the Reds Set to Strike?

TEHERAN, Iran — I have been carrying around with me a newspaper article written by Prof. Carl J. Jacob for the Post-Register of Idaho Falis, Idaho. He is head of the journalism department and teacher of religion at Ricks College in Rexburg, Idaho, and what he had to say in that newspaper story was worthy of publication in every newspaper through the U.S.

According to my information, Prof. Jacob was one of the first non-German civillans to go into West Bealm by land across East Germany. On this trip in 1955 he made some interesting observations, and he gives a slant on the present Soviet government's possible intentions, which certainly require our revious consideration.

Prof. Jacob starts his article with quotations from Fialin and Dimitri Manuilsky. The latter said, when he was teaching at the Lenin School of Political Warfare in Moscow: "War to the hill between communism and capitalism is inevitable. Today, of course, we are not strong enough to attack..., to win we shall need the element of aurprise."

Then he went on to test how we in the non-communist world would he must halve by the very generous prace gestures that would be made by Russia. Once rendered unsuspicious, he said

ar hall smash them with ratenched fist."

"is succises and quotas such as these that have de us all in the Western wild so very suspicious of mything said by represenatives of communist some tries, particularly the Soviet leaders.

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aomething which enused them to retaliate so that the world will not blame them for beginning the war.

Prof. Jacob teminds us of some facts reported in our intelligence reports. One is that "they (the Soviets) are building ICBM launching pads (in China)... at an elevation of 15,000 feet, where the decreased air pressure gives them a tre-mendous a dvantage in thrust. These pads are not for shooting at the moon. A second one is that it has been known for several months now that the Russlans are requiring their people to take 22 hours of eivil defense training. Both of these are curious activities for a people who say they want to fight us only on the economic Irant."

I can't say that this article is a very cheering one, but it is one that I think all Americans should read.

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As Pegler Sees It:

Oleoeleanor Melts In Fans' Esteem

(By WESTBROOK PEGLER

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT'S devotees write the most abusive letters that I have ever received, but I stand my ground, conscientiously opposing a hallucination that seems to me to have done us great moral - and political harm.

Her fantastic energy now commands almost as much attention, even awe, as her audacity in presuming to high authority without ever having run for even the humblest office. But at last she has discredited herself around the edges, running into resistance in quarters where hitherto invariably she was revered. Her TV commercial for a food product drew startling reproof. In



PEGLER

where she had been barnstorming in person, she was rejected in terms amounting to insult. And, probably most important of all her reverses, she and retired Senator Herbert Lehman were beaten very badly by Carmine De-Sapio of Tammany Hall and Mayor Robert Wagner. Mrs. Roosevelt also had undertaken to rule out Jack Kennedy for 1960, but Kennedy's publicity immediately claimed, probably with fair justification, that he was now the leading young Democrat in certain

the Legislature of the absolutely Democratic State of New Mexico

"polls." He plainly has thrived on her opposition. Mayor Wagner's adherence to DeSapio is significant too because his father, the late Tammany Senator, was a slave of Mrs. Roosevelt's late husband.

As to the oleomargarine commercial, done for pay by Mrs. Roosevelt, Ben Gross of the New York Daily News wrote: "It's a mistake. Speaking purely personally, I think that for a public figure of her prestige to lend her name to this kind of commercial venture is harmful not only to herself but to broadcasting as a whole." Mr. Gross then fell for the old fable that she always gave such honoraris to charity. which, of course, is a culpable mistake of the press in general.

The New York Times' TV columnist Jack Gould, wrote: "The sight of her raising her eyes to the camera and linking her concern for the world's needy with the sale of a food product at the retail counter was disquieting in the extreme."

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But the Hollywood Reporter flippantly said: "Yodel for the widow, FDR. Tune the drummat and tambourine. Move over, Dinah and Steverine. Pass the Atropine, Ernestine. Eleanor's gonna make a scene. Plugging oleomargarine. Oleoeleanor Margarine!"

Most comment assumed that she had never done the like before, but a new generation has arisen since she used the State Department to gather a big fee for plugging the coffee trade for South

American nations.

The Chicago Tribune, under no compulsions, said: "We are hardly surprised that she would take the fee. Since Jimmy was cashing in on the White House connection as an insurance salesman, Elliott was playing John Hartford for a \$200,000 sucker and their father was picking up die proofs of new stamps from his Postmaster General for his \$250,000 collection, the family has always looked to itself."

The AP reported from Santa Fe, N. M., that the State House of Representatives "heatedly rejected a message from Mrs. Roosevelt and Herbert Lehman"

about right to work.

Rep. Albert Matlock said, "I resent such a reading (of the message)" and added, "I move that it be burned."

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These Days

By George E. Sokolsky

New York Democrats

some group sets out to steal the organization as a mech-

anism of political advancement, patron-age and influence. That is what is happening in New York State State among the Democrats at this moment. Neither party In this vast population



Sokelsky

stands for a distinctive principle; it is all about personalties.

The defeat of the Demoerats headed by Governor Harriman, in the last election, was most unusual, first, because the state is growing inereasingly Democratic; sec-ond, because Harriman had made a pretty good Governor although he is a very dull person; and third, because the trend across the Nation and in all adjacent states was

Democratic. The explanation for the henomenon given by Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and Senator Herbert Lehman is that defeat was a revolt

against hossism and particularly against Carmine DeSa-pio. This is a calculated po-litical falsehood designed to achieve an Americans for

WHENEVER a political retary of the Air Force under went to Nelson Rockefeller party suffers a signal defeat, President Truman, politically whose association with such ambitious but hardly known to the voters of New York.

THE TRUTH of the matter

 Nelson Rockefeller proved to be a more dynamic candidate for the governorship than Averell Harriman, who particularly on television appeared to be old and even doddering:

 The fight against James A. Farley for United States Senator led by Averell Harriman and Carmine DeSapio created resentment beyond the normal partisan response to such matters. It was felt that of all the persons whose names were mentioned Farley was the most deserving, had done most for the Demo cratic Party and that he was most likely to win. This was no reflection on Frank Hogan, a younger man who could have another opportunity. The principal opponents of Farley were Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, Sen. Herbert Leh-man, Tom Finletter, Averell Clarriman and the A. D. A. It is held, even by some of his supporters, that DeSapio erred in going along with this group, particularly now that decision which they initiated, although they desired the nomination for Finletter;

Democratic Action victory.

The third member of the lighting triumvirate is Thomas K. Finjetter, formerly Sec-

labor leaders as David Dubinsky has always been personally close.

The efforts to unseat Car-mine DeSapio on the charge of bossism makes less of an impression than similar attacks on former Tammany chieftains because Mrs. Roosevelt, Herbert Lehman and their group have been making efforts for many years to dominate the Democratic organization in New York State, with no success.

THE resistance to Mrs. Roosevelt is surprisingly considerable among Democratic politicians who respect and even admire her but who cannot follow her Leftish tendencies and her support of her sons who are not generally favored. Her, persistent effort to be regarded as an elder statesman leaves the practical politician cold. He would like to pay homage to her as a great lady with-out wondering about what she has up her sleeve.

The matter is further complicated by the ambition of Adlai Stevenson to run for President for the third time. The Democrats are afraid of reaction to a two-time loser. They would prefer a fresh they are blaming him for a gname. Stevenson is popular in New York only among the A. D. A. and certain intellectual groups, but he never made much of an appeal to the rank and file.

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As Tegrer Sees It:

Sets History's Record Straight

By WESTBROOK PEGLER

FITHE GARRULOUS traipsing bazoo who is more and more frankly the mouthpiece of the revolution. has published her fourth book since she heard the news, a thousand miles from his side, that her husband, had keeled over at Warm Springs in the presence of his old flame of a leve affair dating dack → 1915.



PEGLER

This book is called "Eleanor toosevelt" on My Own, The Years Since The White House."

If it were true that this female is politically passe and harmless, kindly and never dishonest, I would ignore her false statements.

But her falsifications of history are acclaimed by a claque of tired old sycophants and exuberant younglings who were in rompers when, for example, she was barnstorming the South Pacific, at public

expense, to visit her friend, Joe Lash, late of the leftwing movement in Washington.

Today, I deal with her false representation that Senator Joe McCarthy had waged "an attack on the American clergy," as she claims to have learned in under a dictatorship which she found not altogether. 6b

Any statement that McCarthy ever permitted "an attack on the American clergy" before his committee or that he himself ever made any such attack is not a mere mistake by an author claiming authority. It is a lic. Not one word of testimony concerning the Red infestation of the American clergy ever was adduced before the committee.

The uproar was fomented in the White House to discredit McCarthy's campaign. A columnist for the H-T boasted in print of a trick whereby a telegram "concocted" in the White House was dispatched to President Eisenhower by a minister, a priest and a rabbi. Eisenhower'then answered each of them in sanctimonious, phony indignation at his own hoax.

The plain, basic fact was that J. B. Matthews. the original fellow-traveler, the chief examiner and informant of the old Dies Committee, who stands unimpeached, had written an article for the magazine, American Mercury, truthfully exposing contamination of much of the American clergy by the Communist conspiracy. His allegations stand unrefuted to this day. The Herald Tribune, however. created an impression that Matthews' essay was a feat of outrageous bigotry.

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Many noted Protestant clergy backed up Matthews in the ensuing uproar. (

Matthews had been engaged to be executive director for the McCarthy committee and he was dangerous to the Communist movement. So, by raising a scandalous false public impression that he was an enemy of the clergy per se, the anti-McCarthy forces impugned the committee and McCarthy.

McCarthy flatly refused even to discuss this issue.

It never came before the committee.

Not one witness was examined and the Roosevelt woman lied when she wrote that in Brioni her evening's "peacefulness" was "destroyed because there was much about testimony before Senator McCarthy's committee, including an attack on the American clergy, which was entirely unjustified and which backfired on the Senator and his cohorts."

Coppright, 1959, King Fraierrs Brad , for

Mr. Pegier's next column appears here Wednesday.

Letters to the Editor

Some Questions for Mrs. Roosevelt

IF Mrs. Roosevelt were to document her material as exercively as the authors of The Firing Line for The American Legion do, she would not resort to an unrestrained attack of "denounce but do not deny" in her column on Dec. 8 in The News.

The Firing Line is factual. Mis. Roosevelt does not deny this. She just berates its publication.

The current issue deals with how certain religious leaders have lent their prestige to the communist campaign to secure the admission of Red China into the United States,

The tenor of her article indicates she believes such facts should be suppressed despite freedom of the press, freedom of speech, and all our fine constitutional liberations.

"Mrs. Roosevelt also displays her lack of understanding of communism when she writes "No one who has ever been in a country where freedom exists, and has known the feel of it, will be tempted to accept the material benefits offered by communism as a aubstitute for freedom."

Apparently this well-traveled author fails to realize that communism is not "accepted". It is imposed by deceit, treachery, subversion, explonage, and any other means at the disposal of the communist apparatus. Most of the people now living under communism knew a far greater freedom under any other system. But now

Latters to the Editor, to be considered for publication, must bear the writer's name and address. However, these will be withheld if the writer so requests. Please keep letters brief. The Editor reserves the right to cut them.

they are alaves to the communist state, not by "acceptance" but by forcible imposition as she should know.

Must nearly every publication that attempts to remove the communist deceptive disguises be subjected to vilification by Mrs. Roosevelt?

Is she afraid to have the subscribers to The Firing Line read documented information that unmasks the communist tactics in carrying out their "peace offensives?"

REX B. FINLEY Chairman. Americanium Commission The American Legion. Department of the Instruct of Columbia

They Had to 'Accept' Communism or Else

MRS. F. D. R. asks, "Does the American Legion really believe we are in danger of becoming communists in this country?" Apparently, she does not believe so, because she says, "No one who has ever been in a country where freedom exists will ever be tempted to accept the material benefits offered by communism."

Doesn't Mrs. Roosevelt know that the people of no country have ever accepted communism? It has been forced on them by a small minority.

Hurray for the Legion!

GEO. REYNOLDS

Commissioner Lee on the 'Faise Alarm'

I HAVE studied your editorial "False Alarm" which appeared on Dec. 1, relative to the false alarm sounded on sirens and in many, Government buildings.

I think we all may have learned some lessons from the mistake which activated our alerting system. I trust that we will benefit from the grim experience.

Mention was made in your editorial of a concern for the fact that CONELRAD did not go into operation on 640 and 1240 kilocycles to warn Washington the alert was false.

To clear up any misapprehension, I should like to call attention to the fact that provision is made for CONELRAD to go into operation only during a radio alert declared by military officials. Hence, the system is maintained with a relatively high degree of reliability against false alerting I was relieved when I tuned in my radio to learn that CONELRAD was not in operation. To me this meant that the alert was not genuine.

It is my opinion that were an unauthorized CONELRAD operation to have gone into effect, it would have contributed to the alarm and confusion of the Washington citizenry, However, nothing to my knowledge served to prevent the radio stations from broadcasting frequent news bulletins informing their listeners of the true circumstance.

I am pleased to take this opportunity to explain this aspect of CONELRAD to your readers.

ROBERT E. LEE.
Befense Commissioner.
Tederal Communications Commissions.

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Eleanor Roosevelt's Day

I Am Appalled By Publication

BOSTON — A publication called the American Legion Firing Line, prepared and distributed by the National Americanism Commission, was recently sent to me. Its subscription rate is \$3 a year, and it is copylighted, thereby prohibiting reproduction of it in whole or in part without authorization. Therefore, I cannot quote from it,

I am appalled that a publication of this kind, attacking rejutable people, sometimes by innuendo, should actually be published by a patriotic organization like the American Legion.

Does the Legion really helicie we are in danger of hecoming communists in this country? If it does, it has far less faith in our people than many of the people and organizations whom it attacks.

No one who has ever been in a country where freedom exists, and has known the feel of it, will ever be tempted to accept the material benefits offered by communism as a substitute for freedom.

There are areas of the world in which, because of certain economic conditions, it is essential to socialize certain parts of the economy, but this does not mean in any way that these nations, if they have known freedom, will necessarily give up political and social democracy.

Such ignorance of the meaning of certain religious organizations is shown in this Legion pamphlet that I am a s to u n d e d intelligent people would pay \$3 a year to be misled.

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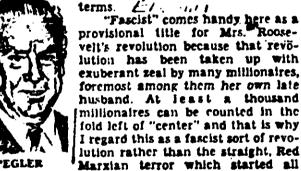
As Pegler Sees It:

The Revolution Of Millionaires

By WESTBROOK PEGLER

THE "REVOLUTION" which Mrs. Roosevelt sometimes refers to with a sweetness more disturbing than beguiling seems to be a fascist-proletarian development. The characteristics are plainer day by day In dealing with unique movements in history, we have to use old labels until developments give

existence to new and permanent terms. Etc. 1411



this in Petrograd in 1917.

Most of us forget that Mussolini's fascism was numerically more proletarian than capitalistic. It was a great popular movement.

And the fact that millions of the common man, as the Roosevelt movement called the American citizen, have joined this American revolution only rounds out the similarity to Mussolini's. Roosevelt, too, was a leader but to a lesser degree. His wife called him our "elected ruler."

Later, history may call all this by some other name but now it is fascism.

The popular opinion of millionaires holds that they cherish their riches and for that reason we are justified in believing that the movement with which they associate themselves by activity in the Democratic Party and the "modern" Republican Party is one which, like Mussolini's and Hitler's, will treat wealthy men kindly unless they oppose it.

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ME THE RESIDENT

NOT RECORDED 133 DEC 5 1958 The most cooperative revolutionary millionaires have been Averell Harriman, Nelson Rockefeller, the late Marshall Field, the late Joseph Medili Patterson, Henry Wallace, Eugene Meyer, Cyrus Eaton and Joseph P. Kennedy. Field was weird all his life. Thus he is not comparable to Meyer, a shrewd, intellectual capitalist with a highly developed self-interest. Wallace went through a radical phase but he also went through a goofy phase in which he wrote adolescent letters to an Oriental Guru or faker.

The complacency of political bosses further indicates that the Roosevelt revolution is fascism, not bolshevism.

Kelly and Hague and Pendergast, Curley and Guffey and Wagner the elder, all stood a good chance of liquidation by a Soviet, Marxian, atheistic regime. Five are dead and gone and Guffey is politically extinct, but those men were not in any way congenial with the Muscovites of the New York focus although all sorts were uneasily associated in the smear on the slide as the mystery unfolded.

Nevertheless, this is revolution. The next few years will ahow that the Constitution is really the most versatile scripture ever composed.

Literally, it can be truly and soberly construed to justify solitary confinement in Alcatrax forever of all infidels who express contempt for the Supreme Court or any district judge of the Federal system.

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Mr. Pegler's Next Column Appears Here Wednesday

Time for New Deal, With Reds

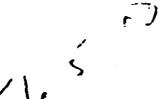
equals, that they have a right to be recognized as NEW YORK-Look back on the historical picture and equals, that both of us have try to decide whether the time has not come to make some kind of arrangements with both the Communist Chinese and the Soviet Union. By refusing to trade we are forcing them to build up their own ability to produce the very things they might buy from us.

By closing our eyes to the existence of Communist nations we are neither helping the more liberal forces with-In these countries nor are we hurting the growth of their power. All we are doing is wasting time in making a settlement which must sumetime come if we are not to destroy the whole world through an atomic war. And every day the settlement by the war or his nearestal agreement he by peaceful agreement becomes more costly to us.

If we face the fact that we are dealing with our

a right to ask for the kind of safeguards which we feel will bring us some sense of security, accepting the fact that none of us starts with any sense of confidence in each other, then we may find solutions.

Once we face these realities and necessities we can negotiate, but it will require the best brains that we can muster and our best and toughest negotiators. Talson ____ Boordman _ Beicont _ he see . Pari u... . keses . Te c _ Trotter _ W.C. Sullivan _ Tele. Room ... Helloman Gandy ___



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Lebanon is certainly having a hard time. The problem does not seem to be as simple as who shall be elected to the presidency and whether there shall be changes in the constitution. Underlying this there seems to be interference from other Arab states, so the real problem is whether Lebanon is to be swallowed up by the United Arab Republic, through which President Gamal Abdel Nasser has spread the power of Egypt over Syria and Yemen.

Every current gain for Nasser, because of his close ties with the Soviet Union, is a gain for the Soviets. The words spoken between Soviet Premier Khrushchev and Nasser about non-interference by the Soviet Union in Arab affairs seem to be pure nonsense.

This is serious business, and whether the presence of our fleet in the Mediterranean will be enough assistance to help the Lebanese to resolve their difficulties in their own way is one of the things we can hope for while watching what goes on from day to day.

In the New York Herald Tribune last Sunday there were two cartoons drawn by the Soviet Union's two outstanding cartoonists, Ivan Semyonov and Vitali Goryayev.

The one by Goryayev gave that gentleman's first impression of New York City and its feverish people in their huge automobiles. I must say that it was an amusing impression and possibly one that any of us might have received.

I am told the House Un-American Activities Committee was troubled by Cyrus Eaton's criticism of the FBI.

Have we reached the point where a gentleman conducting inquiries into various subjects is not to be permitted to express an opinion on a branch of our government?

What is happening to our old feeling that we have the right to hold opinions and to express them—even to change them if we find that we had changed our point of view? No one, I believe, could take away from us this right unless we had been slanderous and they wished to sue us.

I don't expect that everyone will agree with Eaton's criticism, but that he should not be allowed to speak his piece without being called by the Un-American Activities Committee seems unbelievable.

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MY Post N.
Date MAY 28 1951

Ex FIRST LADY & Y Queens: When the infamous Queens: When the infamous Harry Dexter White was exposed, Eleanor screamed, "The man is dead and unable to defend himself." Now she wants to revive the smear campaign against the dead Sen. McCarthy. He was a Commie-fighter and patriot. That makes all the difference in the world to the Roosevelt-maman and her claque. H. LORDON. Trotter . Clayton Tele. Room Holloman

file S. A. Jill

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As Pegler Sees It:

Roosevelt Clan Myth Dispelled

By WESTBROOK PECLER

LEANOR ROOSEVELT at last has admitted the truth of my disclosure soon after the death of her husband that his grandfather, Warren Delano, made money importing opium into Hongkong. The fact that Delano did shove narcotics on the helpless Chinese masses was well concealed until F. D. Roose-

velt had been laid away in a "shrine" at Hyde Park which is still main-

tained at public expense. Like all other contributions to

the myth of this sinister breed, the current admission was written for a price. It appears in the Saturday Evening Post.

The Roosevelt woman in her self-serving attempts at excuse and justification, has recently been forced to regurgitate elements of truth on both the opium story and the fact that he and she did prac-



tice "segregation," or anyway, reject "integration." Concerning "segregation" or "integration," in the White House, however, she tried to vanish into vapors of uncertainty and to lay it off to Mrs. Henrietta Nesbitt, the official housekeeper who disclosed the dismissal of the white servants left behind by President and Mrs. Hoover. Mrs. Nesbitt wrote that "Mrs. Roosevelt and I agreed that a staff solid in any one color worked in better understanding and maintained a smoother-running establishment . . . Mrs. Roosevelt had found it out over a lifetime of running large houses."

Last November, R. Carter Pitiman, a Georgia lawyer, called the turn on Mrs. Roosevelt's false statement in her column in McCall's that the anti-Negro clause in deeds to Roosevelt's Warm Springs building lots was but an unwilling submission to a State law. Brought to bay, after exhausting every quibble, she finally wrote Pittman that Franklin might have said it was a "custom," not a law, which forced him to forbid Negroes forever to own or occupy lets which be sold.

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'Custom' Is Dehatable

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Pittman, a great authority on the subject, insists , that there never was such a law. A "custom" would be debatable but anyway the widow now pleads the grand fraud guilty of mercenary submission to bigotry.

She apparently forgot that in her first book, prattled in 1939, she put herself dead to rights. Discussing her problems in Washington, she wrote: "I decided that life would be simpler if I took colored servants... which would obviate my having to find new white ones ... Perhaps it is just the Southern blood of my ancestors but I have enjoyed my contact with such colored people as came to work for me. 1...completely staffed my house with colored servants."

The opium question is handled thus, slightly ahrunken to save space: "For years some American political writers opposed to the New Deal asserted that my husband's family had made money in the oplum trade in the days of the clipper ships...At Hongkong, a British merchant gave me a history of the China trade which showed that all foreign merchants had to obtain permits and that, to get a permit they had to agree to take a small amount of opium, too. So I suppose the Delanos, like everybody else, had to include opium in their cargoes to do any trading at all."

This is false. The truth is on record in old documents. Delano and others forced great chests of opium on the Chinese coolies, exploiting their horrible addiction for dirty money and Delano was camp cook for a colony of British rascals in their fortress during the historic Oplum War waged by the Chinese Emperor in a futile effort to deliver his people from their hopeless condition.

raint 2010, King Protorn Brodi

Ma-Megler's next column appears here Prikty."

The Life of Eleanor Roosevelt



Mrs. Roosevelt's friendship with the Inte Mrs. Henry Morgenthan Jr. was the subject of many bitter letters to the White House.

By CARL T. ROWAN

Article X

Not long ago a staid old society matron in Newport, R. I., went to the movies with an actor, known to be a close friend of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, to see "Something of Value," the story of Mau Mau violence in Kenya.

The woman began to squirm in her seat as the Africans opened their revolt against the white settlers.

Finally, when Man Man tribesmen were depicted in the wholenale alaughter of the whites, the noted Newport party-giver almost exploded. She grasped her companion's arm and shook it violently as she shouled: "I blame Fleanor Roosevelt for all of this."

A roar of laughter shook the theater.

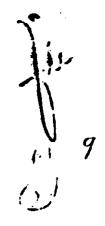
Yet, either a check of the letters in FDR's personal files or a chat with strangers on a street corner will show that this remark is more than a joke to many people. Whether in praise or criticism, millions view Eleanor Roosevelt as one of the major reasons for the change in status of colored people, particularly American Negroes, in the last quarter century.

Negroes, in the last quarter century.

When she resigned from the Daughters of the American Revolution after they refused to let Marian Anderson sing in their hall, she started a let of people to thinking," said a forme top official in the Esonevelt Administration.

And she added immeasurably to the dignity of minority group members by having the courage to invite them to social functions

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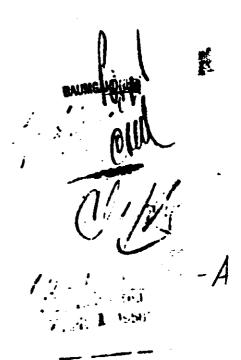
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PACE 4

FOR ALLED BY MY DUBLING ICA

RE: THE LIPE OF ELEANOR
ROOSEVELT BY
CARL T. ROWAN



Cerpinly no other aspect of "
my fintastically busy life as the tha
life Lady of the Land" brought the ore criticism than her aclivities with and in behalf of Negrees and Jowa

Today she is cursed wherever nembers of the Ku Klux Klan or the South's White Citizens Counelis meet. And over the years she has been plagued by dozens of ter to FDR saying: "I, American "race rumors," many of them so born, descendant of several genirritating that the FBI has been erations of an American family called in to investigate them.

During World War II, for example, a rumor spread all over the South that at Mrs. Roosewelt's urging Negro domestic workers were organizing "Elea."

nor clubs" with the alogan, "All Negroes out of the kitchen by Der that the Roosevelts were "all Christmas."

A variation of this names was of the Derroit Jewish Chronicle

that Mrs. Roosevelt had urged or- wrote to FDR to ask the truth. ganizing these clubs around an agreement that members would centors may have been Jews or quit their jobs if their employers Catholics or Protestants," FDR were heard making derogatory replied. "What I am more interremarks about the Roosevelts.

Eleanor Speaks Out . . .

and that the "Eleanor clubs" were organized around an agreement that once a week Negro domestics would deliberately bump whites off the sidewalks. Mrs Roosevelt had urged Ne cial equality for Negroes—par-groes to show more "backbone," itigularly in the early '20s when whites off the sidewalks,

FDR's files show that these reorts became no numerous and widespread that the FBI was spect and admire each other. ported that it could not find a many McLeod Bethune to Junch asingle "Eleanor club" or a Negro or while person who actually Negro, or as a symbol of her deknew, of the existence of such a sire to force anyone class to hundred.

These were followed by a spate she admired and respected Mrs. of rumors that Mrs. Roosevelt Bethune as a person and leader. was going about the South with three Negro wonien, marching to legislate accial equality—into "all-white" hotels to demand ply citizenship rights. She rooms for her party of four.

cluded that all such rumors were rights the problem "inspired statements such as equality" would solve itself, would be of value to the Nazis," In 1942, long before any sizable

with other Jewish persons, pro-portant influences in the postwar voled many bitter letters to the world would come from India. White House. In 1934, speaking China and Russia. She warned

at the White House and at Hyde Mrs. Roosevelt was quoted at saying:

A Philadelphian fired off a let and being the head of a family, During World War II, for ex-cannot do otherwise than feel ag-

A variation of this rumor was of the Detroit Jewish Chronicle

"In the dim distant past, my anested in is whether they were good citizens and believers in God. I hope they were both." Sections of the nation railed

most bitterly at Mrs. Roosevelt. however, when she did things Still another variation was that they construed as advocating "so-

> calmly that social equality is a relationship between friends, tween people who mutually re-

with a Negro, but simply because

She said she never would seek present confidence that once all Finally, Mrs. Roosevelt con-races received full citizen

with whom we were then at war, part of the nation foresaw what Hd close friendship with Mrs. was to occur in Asia, Mrs. Rose-Hendy Morgenthau Jr., as well as velt predicted accurately that im-



MARY McLEOD BETHUNE Not as a symbol.

that Americans should prepare to treat citizens of these countries "as equals and as human beings with the same inherent possibilities we have once they are given the chance to develop them.

The impression is widespreamong whites that Mrs. Roc

who considered her too much a good committee to seek comgradualist.

In 1956, for example, Mrs. Roosevelt created widespread disappointment a mong Negroes says, "there he when her racial beliefs ran into of leadership.

strong civil rights plank to try in the South and in the North, to win the Presidential nomination from Adlai Stevenson. Mrs. Roosevelt backed Stevenson with some plans for compliance. a strong appeal for "moderation" "Not everybody suid have a strong appeal for "moderation" "Not everybody ould have and for a civil rights plank that liked it, but it would have been the South could live with.

When affects of the could have been a plan with a goal to be a soul to be

When efficials of the NAACP over a definite period of time.

made remarks suggesting that
Negroes might desert the Demoleadership, I think the situation eratic Party to vote for Republi in some cases in the South has cans, Mrs. Roosevelt reportedly deteriorated to a great extent, threatened to resign as an and that is just too had.

NAACP director.

"It is something you feel has a

vice president.

record of lawlessness, of con-tempt for our Supreme Court."

Mrs. Rossevelt decided that "the time has come for all citizens who have convictions to speak out." Promptly, she went to Mounton to speak and, in a press conference, declared that President Eisenhower had been "about on a speak made and speak little with an aggressive as a meck little rab

bit" on the civil rights question.

Later seven pickets favoring racial segregation marked around the hotel at which she spoke.

much so on occasion that Mrs. Rossevelt concedes that has angered Negro landers the President has appointed a pliance with the non-discrimina-tion provisions in government contracts. But in other areas, she says, "there has been a total lack

conflict with her political preferconflict with her political preferences at the Democratic National
Convention.

New York's Gov. Averell Harriman was using the issue of a
ference of leaders of both races

NAACP director.

This dispute was smoothed bad effect on our whole leaderover and she remains an NAACP ship in the world, and I think that now, with France and Great Last May, after reading a Britain losing leadership, that we book on the situation in the South since the Supreme Court decision outlawing school segregation, she expressed "shame of these past three years" in which the South mollad in "an annualling was fuel haven't done that." the South rolled up "an appalling we just haven't done that

TOMORROW: Eleanor Roose-velt could have been very wealthy. Why isn't she?

1

lrs. Roosevelt riticizes Dulles

MRS. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT has been publishing an interesting series of articles about herself in The Saturday Evening Post. They are in many ways a postscript to her autobiography.

The particular article to which I refer contains some criticism of John Foster Dulles, our Secretary

of State, which requires examination. The matter comes up in relationship to Nehru of India, for whom Mrs. Roosevelt has considerable admiration. She says:

" . . . I cannot help but feel that Mr. Dulles fails to understand the feelings of many of the peoples with whom we must deal-that he lacks antennae with which to reach out and sense the attitudes of others at times when such attitudes may be of utmost importance in our

struggle against Communism."



The question, of course, is whether the Secretary of State is a good-will ambassador or a finelyschooled strategist in international relations prepared by knowledge and experience to negotiate with other countries in the interests of the United States. That phrase, "in the interests of the United States," may not concern Mrs. Roosevelt too much because she is devoting the latter years of her life to the interests of the UN and there could be a conflict of interest.

It might be argued that a good negotiator is one who understands those with whom he negotiates, but it cannot be argued that he is any good if he is always conceding to the other side, always sacrificing the interests of his own nation. In the long history of sacrificing the United States from 1933 to 1948, the record is so one-sided that surely some country in this world ought to be grateful to the United States. After World War I, at any rate, Finland was grateful and paid its debts. After World War II, such countries as India have shown no gratitude for this country. Their attitude might be summed up in the phrase, "What have you done for me lately?"

The reason Mrs. Roosevelt desires Secretary of State Dulles to have antennae which reach out and sense the attitudes of others is that the aforesaid others "may be of utmost importance in our struggie against Communism." But these others, even after receiving such gracious aid at the hands of the Government of the United States, in most instances have been neutral between the United States and Soviet Russia. Nehru, for instance, is neutral.

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Value Not Received

WHAT PARTICULAR VALUE is it to have a Secretary of State who gives up the taxpayers' earnings until it hurts and all we get for it is the kind of neutralism which Nehru produced in India and Sukarno produced in Indonesia?

Another generalization in this article that

requires correction is the following:

"I remember when President Truman sent Gen. George C. Marshall to China during the critical days of the civil war, to attempt to persuade Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to inaugurate governmental reforms in an effort to unite all factions..."

That was not General Marshall's task. General Marshall's task was to intervene in the civil war which was occurring in China between the government which was our ally and the Chinese Communists who were serving Soviet Russia. General Marshall's activities were such that the Chinese Communists were able to gain, after a long truce, a strategic position in Manchuria which resulted first in the conquest of China by Soviet Russia, one of the most serious defeats this country encountered in its history, and secondly, the Soviet direction of the Korean War which has proved so disastrous to us.

Mrs. Roosevelt is critical of Madame Chiang

Kal-shek. She says:

"... I think that intellectually she understands what democracy means, but despite the fact that she went to college in this country she does not know how to live democracy."

Madame Chiang, Mei-ling Soong, came to the United States when she was a young child, lived with Bishop Ainsworth in Macon, Georgia, and then studied at Wellesley College. I have known Madame Chiang as girl and married woman nearly 40 years. She was a close friend of my first wife and there were times, when we were younger, when we saw each other daily. Madame Chiang may not confuse disorderly living with democracy, but she is as trained in the American concept of life as any girl who spends most of her childhood and youth in this country.

Convigat, 1889. By Bing Protocol Symflects Inc.

These Days

By George E. Sokolsky

Whose Antennae?

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As Pegler Sees It: 25

Reds Never Lack Forum for Views

By WESTBROOK PEGLER

MANY OF US are upset about freedom of expression, but the last man in this country whom you would expect to say such a thing today argues that the Reds should be allowed to holler away on the air and in print. That's Pegler. If we are not prepared by education and conviction to resist their

arguments, including lies, then let

them pick up the marbles.



I will not pretend that they have had real freedom of debate here since Lenin and Trotsky chased Kerensky out of old St. Petersburg and I admit that we have increased the pressure by hammering home the cork. But, on the other hand, we constitutional Republicans have taken much worse treatment. We are now bottled up and labelled ("reactionaries," a word that has acquired a dirty meaning that is not intrinsic.

Eleanor Roosevelt, certainly no "writer" in the fair literary and journalistic sense, has another book of memoirs going in a magazine that professes to be conservative, absolutely American and hostile to political alienism, the Saturday Evening Post. This is a gratuitous review of a political traipser's unauthorized adventures in the years since her husband died. But Mrs. Roosevelt, meanwhlie, has developed a strange sanctity, extended to her by our people, themselves, who reject all counter-discussion of the lady as vindictive obsession.

Extreme opposition to her extreme views and political desires is practically suppressed; and by popular consent at that. People who say they hate communism and fellow-travelers will not listen to disproof of anything she says.

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Quitting in Despair

So we of the conservative and "reactionary" constitutional Right-Wing are the ones who should have been howling against censorship, political persecution of dissenters by the Internal Revenue and all the related abuses that the Reds and their undeclared henchmen constantly complain of. At this point, we find Senator William Jenner and Judge Robert Morris, brave and selfless constitutional Americans, quitting in despair. Jenner is going back to Indiana, apparently intending to run for Governor.

And Morris, who already has resigned a very desirable job as municipal judge in New York to carry on the dreary fight against apathy as counsel to a fruitful Benate investigation, is resigning that job now, to run for the Republican Benatorial nomination

in New Jersey.

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All this time, we have let it appear, from the anguished clamor of the Reds, of all shades, that we have been hounding and muzzling them. Actually

we have been on the run.

But Mark has always had a forum and enjoyed high toleration, though most often disguised as "democracy," since he made his debut under Horace Greeley in the New York Tribune in 1851. The Republican platforms as well as the Democratic have expounded much of Mark since before the income tax, which is pure Mark and implacably hostile to all the implications of our Constitution.

I would giadly snip the gauzy muzzle from the Reds in return for removal of the stifling gag which

nowadays won't let us answer back.

Mr. Pegler's next column appears here Monday.

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Eleanor Roosevelt's Day



An Era When a Mistake Was a Crime

NEW YORK -C. Sulz. herger, in one of a series of articles on foreign affairs In the New York Times, dared to say certain things which few people would Carthyism a mistake was a have had the courage to say | crime. a few years ago.

"During the past few years," Air. Sulzherger winte, "as a consequence of Internal political pressure. our government cruelly dismissed some of its ablest envoys. Others were demoted in Importance and in circumstances not yet generally known,"

The writer went on to stress the fact that "ability and experience should be an and experience should be an ambossador's only qualifications." Then he pointed out that wise people have been saying to our Congress for years that we should provide our representatives abroad with adequate salaries and allowances so we aries and allowances so we do not have to choose per-sons for those positions be-cause of their wealth

Mr. Sulzberger deplored the fact that we still find some remnants of the Mc-Carthyism hysteria, the it is growing less, and even now ten representatives in some my rateful hat to

express any definite opinlons which some day may be proved wrong, for you cannot always he sure of being right, and yet under M

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As Pegler Sees It:

Did FDR Willingly Sign Bias Clause?

By WESTBROOK PECLER ---

LEANOR ROOSEYELT has been trapped in another glaring false statement in McCall's Magazine for November. She writes a feature called "If You Ask Me." Some of the questions published there permit her to create impressions favorable to herself! and her family.

In the present case, she wrote that Georgia law required her husband to insert in all deeds a clause



forever forbidding Negroes from ownership or occupancy of any of the land in his Warm Springs real estate promotion. She said he did this unwillingly. That statement was immediately challenged by R. Carter Pittman, of Albany, Ga., a lawyer who has had many years of real estate practice in the region. He served on the (Georgia State) commission to manage the Franklin D. Roosevelt Warm Springs ("perpetual") Memorial.

PEGLER

On the telephone, he was much more blunt than he was

in the text of his challenge addressed to McCall's. In his text he said her statement was "unfortunate and without basis in fact." On the phone he said she told a lie.

Mr. Pittman said Roosevelt arranged a sneaky scheme to accomplish exclusion without assuming personal responsibility. Roosevelt and his mother, Sara, spotted the region as a promising site for a luxurious colony for rich people. Their motive was to make money. She put up the capital and Roosevelt formed a Delaware corporation called Meriwether Reserve, which sent agents around buying up abandoned land for \$5 an acre or less and dilapidated houses at anywhere from \$500 to \$2,000. Roosevelt was president of the corporation.

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Mr. Pittman's Rebuttal

Somewhat abbreviated but not deprived of any legitimate meaning, Mr. Pittman's open letter to McCall's reads:

"While a member of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Warm Springs Memorial Commission I became familiar with the racial restriction clause and discussed it with other members, including W. S. Allen, well-known attorney of Greenville, Meriwether County, Georgia, a personal friend of Mr. Roosevelt while he visited in Georgia.

"The statement by Mrs. Roosevelt is unfortunate and without basis in fact. Since Georgia and Southern people have lately become the peculiar objects of unfounded slander and unreasoning bias, we submit the facts for consideration by fair minds:

"There was no law in any part of Meriwether County or Georgia at any time before or since that required a racial restrictive clause. The restriction against Negroes was imposed by Mr. Roosevelt for reasons solely personal to himself.

"Today Mr. Allen made the following statement: I have known the deed records of Meriwether County for 37 years and I have used those records in my profession almost weekly. The restrictions against Negroes imposed by Franklin D. Roosevelt are the only race restrictions I have ever seen on the records of Meriwether County. I do not believe that any other such restriction can be found."

Confession See Sing Projects Statistics Std.

What Mrs. Roosevelt Didn't See!

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WASHINGTON, Oct. 725.

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt may be a well-meaning soul, but there are occasions when her naivele and lack of reportorial training make her dangerous, particularly because of the prestige of her name.

Her effusions since her visit to Russia are particularly notable. She tells of the great advances the Soviets have made in medical science and agriculture, and paints a glowing picture of the achievements of the Communist State.

The lady is both guilible and uninformed. She made no attempt to contact American press representatives in Moscow, who could have given her a true picture, and set her atmight as to what she was being shown.

As it is, her statements demonstrate that she doesn't know. She confuses the sample collectivized farm which she saw outside of Moscow and which is maintained for the special benefit of visitors, with the State farms which are the unhappy rule in Soviet agriculture.

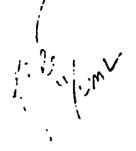
TO BE PART of the former it is not necessary to be a party member, but membership helps. It is necessary, however, to be docile, loyal and obedient to the party gystem. For the few who can win acceptance, the reward is a small plot of ground—slightly more than an acre—which the individual may work to his own benefit.

He may raise supplemental food for himself, or he may take his produce to a public market place to sell, if he can, and keep the proceeds for himself.

His main farming operations, however are communicated and for gets a small pro-rate share of what is left after the State

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CAPITAL REPORT



MRS. ROOSEVELT RETURNING FROM MOSCOW What she saw in Russia made her happy.

lakes the major part of all erops, as its own. This is best special privilege in the lan-guage of the contrades.

The State Farm, however, represents most of the Soviet farms production. These are directed by Communist managers and the workers are hired as laborers.

IN EITHER CASE, the living is about comparable to that of Tohacco Road. The farm boss, if he's lucky, may have a two-room house to himself. The rest of the company live three and Sour Semilies in a one-room, unainted shack without the first hint of what we consider mini-

mum modern conveniences. No running water, no plumbing, no electricity, no gas, no hard surfaced roads.

The farm Mis. Roosevelt saw was a dairy farm, with concrete block buildings, concrete floors and American type interior fittings and stanchions. Aside from the fact the walls are cracked, it presents a fairly impressive picture to the uninitiated. Initiated.

To anyone who knows, however, the sanitary standards are such that an American dairy farmer, operating on the same basis, would be arraigned on criminal charges. The milk in retailed in bulk from open cans in filthy sidewalk shops and is undrinkable to Americans.

There is a beaten-up red trac-tor, always on display, which won't run, but the visitor is told that the ones that do work are out on the land, in operation. Newsmen will tell you that this story has been told to everyone who has ever visited the farm, but nobody has ever seen a tractor in operation yet.

80 FAR AS medical science a is concerned, the kindest thing to believe is that Mrs. Roosevelt simply accepted the word of her hosts for this. There is no shred of evidence, from American correspondents or embassy attaches, to support it.

one English woman who had to be hospitalized in Moseow, owing to presumonia, was kept in hed for eight days without even a sponge hath. She learned where a bathroom was located, aspeaked there in the until of the morning only to find the

sneaked there in the small of the morning, only to find the tab filled with potted plants. An American, suffering a stomach difficulty, had a pre-liminary examination by the Russian doctor in the absence of the embassy physician, and his trouble was diagnosed as jaundice, a very common and widespread malady in Russia. The doctor noted the yellow tint to his skin.

The doctor noted the yellow unt so his akin.

The ambassy physician ar-rived inter, went to the window, a salued the yellow shade, and the f "jaundice" was gone.

The practice of ampais in Russian hospitals is all but non-existent and polio is rampant. Modern controls and cures for it are ignored and the Russian it are ignored and the Russian medical profession solves the problem by dubbing it "the American disease."

These are the great strides in medical science, which Mrs. Roosevelt advertises so glibly. Fortunately for her, she did not need medical attention while she was there.

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Mrs. Roosevelt_ Warns on Russia

Mrs. Franklin D. Rooseveli yesterday to "face up to the fact that we have a real rival. a real danger in Russia.

"I am more frightened today that I ever was by Ben. Mc-Carthy," she said. "It's not communism I am afraid of. What frightens me is the com-"It's not placency of the American people and their lack of knowledge about communism and its objectives."

She warned the American people not to be deluded into thinking "there will be a

lution in Russia."

Itrs. Roosefulty
luncheon at the

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Bleaner Roosevely's Day



Does Russia 'Have Freedom of Religion?

MEMPHIS, Tenn.— In Russia f he Communist Party government has tried to give the people a feeling that the party replaces religion and the feeling thepeople have about Lenin is somewhat like the worship of a saint

That was the impression I received while in Russia.

Beyond the feeling they have for family and friends, people need something to hold onto In Russia, the long line that slowly wends its way daily to the tomb of Lenin every day it is open seemed to me actually the expression of this need for worship which is in every human woul.

Q Services

IS there freedom of religion in the Soviet? While there, I tried to get the answer.

I attended a service in the Baptist Church in the out-skirts of Moscow—the only church where young people seemed to be in great numbers. The minister told me they were quite free to train young people for the ministry and to conduct services. Of course they are only a small sect—numbering about one quarter of a million—but they are growing, I was told, at the rate of 20,000 a year.

The old Ortholox religion is also allowed to conduct services, but many of the old churches have become museums.

In Leningrad I visited a church where on the lower floor just a prayer service, with people wandering in and out, was being conducted. On climbing laboriously up two flights of stairs, we found a full service was being conducted with beautiful singing. In the case of the Orthodox church, they are to consist largely of older people, many old worn-

an and men, and they toiled up those flights of stairs faithfully, stopping at every icon on the stairs to say a prayer.

Outside of Moscow I visited Zagorsk, which has been a holy city and where there is a 16th Century monastery and two lovely churches and other buildings dating from the 16th and 18th Centuries. St. Serge is buried there, and inside the church, where his tomb is, there is a constant service. Again, most of the worshipers looked like older women. I was astonished to hear their singing, which was remarkably beautiful.

Here the Greek Orthodox Church has a seminary and academy and I was told that 220 students were entering the seminary in the next semester. Students must enter between the ages of 18 and 40, but they must have had 10 years of previous schooling

Their education, board and lodging are free. The patriaich at the head of the Greek Orthodox Church supports the academy and seminary and all the churches by voluntary gifts from people who are still falthful to their religion.

9 Catholics

My secretary, Miss Maureen Corr, attended a Roman Catholic church in Moscow and in Leningrad and was saddened by the fact that there seemed to be only older people present.

Attendance at the synagog and the training of a limited number of rabbis is also allowed, but no Hebrew school for children existed in Moscow.

I understand that no Communist Party member can attend church, so evidently the general opposition of the government to church attendance possibly influenced a great many of the people.

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Scolds Americans



—Dutted Press Telephoto.

Mrs. Eleanor Rousevelt said in an interview in St. Louis that
Americans are are most stupidly complacement people she
has ever known in their unwillingness to learn more about
Russia and its people. She recently returned from a visit
for the Soviet Union. (See her column on Page 48.)

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Mrs. Roosevelt To See Red Boss

MOSCOW, Sept. 24—Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt has received an invitation to visit. Communist Party leader Nikita Khrushchev at his Yalia vacation home. She is flying there Thursday.

Meantime, Josef Stalin's favorite artist, Alexender Gerasimov, today presented Mrs. Roosevelt a portrait of her husband which he painted during the Tehran conference of 1943.

The presentation was made in a ceremony at the head-quarters of the State Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries. Committee Chairman Yuri Zhukov, introducing Gerasimov, said: "The Soviet people esteem Roose-welt who did so much to regulate Soviet-American relations and help win the war against the Nazis."

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Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy

MEN YORK--THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION HAS ASKED SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES TO REVIEW A STATE DEPARTMENT DECISION REFUSING A VISA TO TE DULLES TO REVIELT FOR TRAVEL TO COMMUNIST CHINA.

MRS. ROOSEVELT SAID YESTERDAY IN HER COLUMN, MY DAY, DISTRIBUTED
TED FEATURES SYNDICATE, INC., THAT SHE HAD ASKED FOR THE VISA TO DISTRIBUTED BY

UNITED FEATURES SYNDICATE, INC., THAT SHE HAD ASKED FOR THE VISA TO VISIT CHINA AS A NEWS CORRESPONDENT SHE WAS REFUSED A VISA BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT ON THE GROUND THAT WEWSHEN WERE NOT ALLOWED TO ENTER COMMUNIST CHINA.

THE ACLU, THROUGH EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR PATRICK MURPHY MALIN, SAID THE REFUSAL IS A FRESH BLOW AGAINST THE INDIVIDUAL'S FREEDOM OF TRAVEL AND THE PRESS' RIGHT TO REPORT NEWS FOR THE AMERICAN PUBLIC. IN THE TELEGRAM TO DULLES, MALIN ALSO SAID:

O...THE DEPARTMENT'S ACTION IN MRS. ROOSEVELT'S CASE ONLY AFFIRMS THE BASIC VIOLATION OF CIVIL LIBERTIES IN THE DEPARTMENT'S PRESENT POLICY. BY URGE THAT THE DEPARTMENT IN AMERICAN AND CONSIDER A CHANGE WHICH WILL MEET THE REQUIREMENT. 6/26-P1215P

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Mrs. Roosevelt

I Was Denied a Visa to Visit Red China

WINCHESTER, Va. — One of the newspapers which or the newspapers which prints my column (the New hout every part of the world, York Post) has asked me if regardless of the type of gov-communist China and fry to interview some of the people in government there. I had the property of th long wanted to go to China, just as my husband always wanted to go there.

Hoping that the State Department was ready to relax its rules and allow for communication between our countries thru the press, I made application for a visa and was told that, as yet, no newsman was permitted by our government to visit Communist China.

I still hope that the State Department may find it pos-sible to allow all correspond-ents who wish to gather news from this area of the world to go there if the Chinese will allow them to enter.

I believe it might be easier to learn some things in China than in Russia. But I am

My husband acquired his earliest interest in China and his great respect for its pro-ple thru his grandfather, Warren Delano, who had lived there for a number of years. Warren Delano had been a partner in one of the British rading firms dealing pri-

I believe that we need all the information we can get

ognizing the Fascist govern-ment of Spain which actually came into existence thru co-operation with our German and Italian enemies in World War II. During that war, because of the danger facing all of us, we fought as allies with the Soviet Union and only when the war was at an end did our difficulties seem insurmountable.

The difficulties we fare with any Communist country are still considerable, but I believe that trade and comsame world, despite our differences, without war.

I believe it might be easier to learn some things in China than in Russia. But I am anxious to go to Russia, too, and since I cannot now go to China, I hope that I will be able to visit Russian in the near future.

All hardens accurred to the said of the world desire peace. We must feel secure from a tack, but in the long run just building up military strength is not the way its find out how to live togetiler in the new world we face.

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Mrs. FDR Approves High Court Rulings

The Supreme Court's civil lib- | Constitution and the Bill of ties decisions were termed Rights." erties decisions were termed "encouraging" yesterday by Elcanor Roosevelt. Writing in her syndicated column "My Day," the widow of the late Franklin D. Rousevelt said

'Just at this time, when many of us have felt that the individwel was losing many of his rights, it is encouraging to note the decisions of the U. S. Supreme Court upholding the Constitu-tional freedom. The court-at the majority of it-seems have redefined the ancient es that its function is to guard the rights to our people in the

Mrs. Roosevelt specified her approval of the decisions reversing John Walkins contempt couviction, the John Stewart Service loyalty firing, and the Smith Act i convictions of 14 California Communists. She pointed out that two of the Justices, Douglas and Black, "felt that the Smith Act is unconstitutional," and urged all Americans to read the epinions.

Mrs. Roosevelt associated herself with a plea to President Fixenbower for a Christmer-agnesty for all Smith Act prisoners in



MRS. BOOSEVELT

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Mrs. Roosevelt

1 Sorrow for Our Last Three Years

NEW YORK-It is a relief to know Attorney General Herbert Brownell Jr. acually and finally has asked Congress to pass the civil rights bills.

I am not familiar enough with these bills to know whether or not they give Nr. Brownell the jurisdiction ne thinks he needs to deal with such shocking cases as he mentioned.

But if they do, we may hope to see our Justice Department moving to prevent the shame which such includents have brought on our entire country. They have on our system of states lights which makes it possible for a state to violate all concepts of justice and decency and still avoid interference by the Federal Government.

I have been reading a hook alled "Go South for Sorrow," by Carl T. Rowan. I am only half way thru it telf has forced me to re new wha! has happened in

telf has forced me to re .ew wha! has happened in the South since the Supreme Court decision against segregation in the schools. \$ YEARS

It is nearly three years since the day in May when we hald our heads a little higher because the highest court in the land removed from the lives of all our children the degradation of discrimination. And the history of our country in these years is an appalling record of lawlessness, of contempt for our Supreme Court and those who sit on it.

In areas of the South and in the Senate of the United States we have accepted the leadership of a man like Sen. James O. Eastland. As I read speeches in Congress. I could hardly believe that our country would allow such a man to lead and that our people would allow themselves to be guided by such ideas and such unituths.

I love my country and I want to be very proud of it, and in my ancestry I have both Southern and Northern blood. I cannot disassociate myself from the things that are done by American citizens, no mater what part of the country they come from.

I think the time has come for all citizens who have convictions to speak out and be counted on the side of law and decency.

In reviewing the history of these past years since May, 1951 I am beginning to understand more clearly why so many in the world doubt our leadership.

JUST TALK

We talk of brotherhod; we say that democracy means an appreciation of the impo-

tance of the human personality and of the rights of individual human beings; we say that democracy is inspired by Christianity as exemplified in the teachings of Christ.

Then we allow people auch as Sen. Eastland to quote the Bible and the life of Christ as justification for doctrines entirely opposed to the whole spirit of Christianity, or ethics, or human brotherhood.

I shall force myself to read every word of Mr. Rowan's book. I do not have to go south for Sorrow. I sorrow tere for the shame of these past three years.

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Blames Ike For Crisis

Chience Tribune From Berrice CHICAGO, Nov. 2 — Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt said today the Eisenhower Administration's foreign policy "really brought on" the attack on Egypt by Britain, France and Israel.

The former President's widow gave her views at a press conference here. Later she attended a Stevenson rally in the tadium and spoke briefly on television program.

Mrs. Roosevelt said there is a "big undecided vote," but did not predict victory for Stevenson, who carried nine states

in 1952. "If the American people realize where the policy of the last few years has brought us, they will want to change their lead-

ership," she said.
She said Israel is not an aggressor against Egypt, but oct-ed in self-defense after pro-vocative horder raids. Britain wocauve norder raids. Britain and France might technically be aggressors, but she said she is "afraid we brought them to the point of desperation." "England and France felt they had to attack without consulting us," Mrs. Roosevelt; and.

said.

She described President Ei-senhower as a "fine general to carry out the policies of others, but I do not have the ame great respect for him as policymaker."

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These Days

Mrs. Roosevelt's Opinion_

years, more or less. So May Craig, on "Meet the Press," asked Mrs. Roosevelt this question:

Mrs. Roosevelt, before sformer President Trumen seld that

ional situation. Don't you really regard President El-lenhower as better qualified to handle the Suez Canal and the Mediterranean.

It is a good question because, after all, President Elsenhower has been President f the United States for nearly four years and Adlai Steenson has not been President t all. Also, before he came the White House, General enhower was at the head of NATO, and he has been commander of the allied troops in World War II and ter Chief of Staff. He may mot, in Mrs. Roosevelt's esti-metion, he the brightest that ever held the Presidency; she would be fargiven if she thought her late bushand was. But Eisenhower has had conlerable experience and re-Stevenson has had no responsibility and only a peripheral experience with them.

TO MAY CRAIG'S question Mrs. Receivelt replied:
... I feel that President
Elsenhower gained his knowledge of foreign affairs as a

WELT sught to know the ter. He was a general earry- authority on Asia, Gen. Dougqualifications of a President, ing out the policies that were las MacArthur, for seven she having been an inhabitant made by other people and of the White House for 12 when you are doing that you learn to be skillful in carrying out those policies. You do think it is the same thing as having to think out policies for yourself, and my experience is that Mr. Stevenson has taken a great deal of trouble to inform himself on the back-ground of Asia and Africa, with which this question is closely tied . .

This is a shocking statement because it makes no sense. we could not risk a period of trial and ered to a tourist's trip through for by Mr. Stevenson in the Asia which is meaningless, White House in the international aituation. Don't you know any Asiatic language; Eisenhower, on the contrary, and attioned in the Philip-

MRS. ELEANOR ROOSE- general in the European thea- pines alongside our greatest

years. If Elsenhower is so unintelligent as to be able only to carry out policies made for him by other people, why did President Roosevelt appoint him commander of the troops in Europe in World War II? Are we to believe that Presi-Are we to believe that President Roccevelt entrusted the lives of our sons and the destiny of our Nation to a man who, having by then spent 27 years in the service of his country, is incapable of thinking? If so, President Franklin D. Roccevelt was guilty of ner-D. Roosevelt was guilty of perpetrating a shameful hoax on the world and stands convided on the testimony of

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Mr. Mohr.

Many State

The San Antonio Express San Antonio, Texas January 17, 1956

TODAY'S QUOTE

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevell in

danger from
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than any country
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"There are al-

in the work:
"There are always intellectuuls who may
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also people discontent with their lot-and I would always

neir lot—and I Mrs. Reservelt build a lways int the FBI to be alert for the read of the Communistic smich111 0

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Mrs. Roosevelt on Communism

Mrs. Frank's D. Roosevelt writing to the Service says that a reinfect complaine the Service headed by Service McCarthy. She also declares that the best fight against Communism in the United States is being waged by tlabor, the Liberals and all there who finderstand that Communism is fed by misery and despalr."

Those are revealing comments by the late President's widow. They explain, perhaps, why the Communists were able to infiltrate so many phases of American life during the New Deal

There is documented evidence that the FBI actually was prevented from collecting evidence and making arrests of Communists during World War II. Even when given a free hard the FBI does not have the power to take testimony from witnesses under oath, as do congressional committees

A reinforced FBI is a good weapon against Communist infiltration but the FBI should implement rather than replace congress, mal investigations

As for the statement that labor and on I. Verals have done the best pale of Diray Communists, the immediate of hosses are exact apposite. Since labor in busses are outlanded to Chimber with high Communist to their leader potent they have been a labor out of AFL and CIO.

Perhaps more important a pattern p of the labor bisses and the Libbarth and has public this country to the out that Community Government secretary of the clother power in the

regimental most the control or regimental most that control of the control of high me taxes terring to simply properly of their wealth a tie. It shall not by properly or high properly of high properly of high properly to six and a six of the control of high properly or high properly to six of the control of high properly of the control of the contro

functions of the states—all of that dods up to collectivism

Mrs Roosevelt herself are out by decremarkable ignorance about Communist railors. As she points out in McCall's she used to entertain the American Youth Congress at the White House However, when the Youth Congress voted to oppuse the American stand against Hitler, after the Hitler-Scalin alliance, she wrote the Youth Congress "that I could no longer work with a group that had obviously fallen under the spell of Communist leader-ship."

After this mild slap on the wrist for an outfit which supported Hitler and opplied us. Mrs. Ruosevelt proceeded to "contribute a small sum of money at the time for work being dice for the share croppers in Missouri." But, she adds defensively, "The American Youth Congress was not entertained in the White House again."

Further explaining why she originally supported the Youth Congress. Mrs. Rossevelt recalls an early meeting of the group in her altting room, at the White House "When I asked them, one after an their which is had any connections with organizations faciliate to the Society early one had account for that he had had in the states and

That prome well spread for all of Yeard not forest out Communion by simply to a precious at which the house sales in guests whether they are energy against Neither du you wipe out profit not on engarizations by communion not ey to help them associations and share against them

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G. I. K. -

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Thomas R. Waring, Editor



YOU ASK ME

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San onid recently that a Congressional consigntion of schools and colleges won't with anything except scare everybody to the this mean you don't think any lands are teaching in our schools? Please a yearself.

can idea how many Communistic may or cat be teaching in our schools and colleges. I think the Congressional investigation is to be much less effective than a careful to be much less effective than a careful to the man and universities themselves. They are said and universities themselves. They are said that the members of the Un-American with Committee, and they are less likely materials and suspicion. When a teacher to testify before a Congressional community for the said of the s

The doon't the President order the FIII to give all the information on suspected masks in the government to the Senate officials Committee?

half because it would be unwise to do so.

It is a later and by agents who later and interest and unreliable. To restore this must be recently trained people. If you turn the later and investigating

I read recently that even after you knew the American Youth Congress was Communisted minated you went right on entertaining them and being friendly with them. I know you're not a Communist, Mrs. Rossevelt, but would you mind telling me why you did a thing like that?

When the American Youth Congress voted to oppose the United States' stand against Hitler, after the Hitler-Stalin slitance, I wrote them that I could no longer work with a group that had obviously fallen under the spell of Communist leadership. I did contribute a small sum of money at that time for work being done for the sharecroppers in Missouri, but the American Youth Congress was not entertained in the White House again.

After Germany declared war on Russia and the Youth Congress decided to back the Allies they wrote me asking if I would work with them again, I told them no, pointing out that they had lied to me. When I had asked them, one after another, at a meeting in my sitting room in the White House, whether they were pro-Soviet or had any connections with organizations favorable to the Soviets, each one had assured me that he had not.

I still believe that the majority of the young people in the Youth Congress were not Communists, though they did fall under the spell of Communist leadership and were led to take certain stands that I do not think they later would have endorsed or upheld.

Now would you feel about an introtigation of Communists among the clergy?

I would feel it outrageous.



BUTCHEST FIRMS

In your opinion what group the U.S. are putting up the be Communium?

John de Wart

take ever a job which requires experts to do it properly. By exposing all this material to the public you are also, of course, revealing methods of the FBI to certain people who should not know anything about these methods.

One of my grandoen's professors tells his classes that the Committee on Un-American Activities is ruining our reputation in the rest of the world. First, Mrs. Rossevelt, do you think there's any truth in this? Secondly, should a man be provisted to say such things in the classroom?

Yes, I think this professor's statement is absututely correct. As for his right to make the statement, if it is proper for an individual to cold opinions it seems to me proper for him state them in the classroom, as long as they not directed against the welfare of the country and do not advocate the overthrow of the government by force. If you had your choice of a Republican Senator to take McCarthy's place as chairmon of the Senate Investigating Committee, who would it be?

I would far prefer to see the Senate investigating Committee done away with, and everything possible done to strengthen the FBI in its functions.

Did the late President Reosevelt ever express to you any suspicion or alarm about Communists in the State Department?

I don't remember my husband ever expressing suspicion about people in the State Department. If he were suspicious of anyone he would not have spoken to me but to Secretary Hull.

As for alarms, if my husband thought a situation was dangerous he immediately took the steps he considered necessary. He did not indulge in expressing alarms or fears.

stand that Communism to teathy interry despair and are working to prevent that third of misery and despair from spreading in the world.

If you were asked to testify publicly about a friend who had once been a member of the Communist party but was now a loyal American, and you know such testimony would cost him his job, what would you do?

Ordinarily if I knew a man had once bees a Communist I would not heaitate to say so and to add that I knew he was now a loyel citizen. But if I were dealing with such a hysterical situation that a statement at this kind would cost this man his chance to earn a living, and if I knew of no overriding reason for giving such testimony, I would refuse to give it.

Address letters to Mrs. Reservelt in cure of McCall's megazine. 200 Park Azenne, New York 17, N. T.

ENCLOSURE : 127-127.

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David Lawrence

Irs. Roosevelt and Dies Differ

President's Widow and Ex-Red Prober Exchange Letters Disputing Communism Issues of 12 Years Ago

A sharp exchange of letters and statements relative to congressional investigation of Government 12 years ago has developed between Mrs. Frank-

. D. Roosevelt and Representtive Martin Dies of Texas, Democrat, who was chairman of the House Committee on On-American Activities from 1938 to 1945.

Mr. Dies, in a copyrighted ir erview in U. S. News & World Report a fortnight ago, charged that the Roosevelt coministration fought his in-. . tigation of Communists and even tried to persecute him emonally. He said the late cident Roosevelt tried to cet him to call off his investirations because Mr. Roose-. 't told him it would hurt the Democratic Party by alienating "liberal" groups.

Consequently, Mrs. Roosevelt wrote Mr. Dies under the date of August 17, 1954:

I am quite sure that my husband never said. It would he bad for the Democratic orty to alienate elements anendly to communism'.

Mr. Dies replied in a letter Mrs. Roosevelt dated August

"I reported my conversation with President Roosevelt durand his Metime, and what I stated in my interview is mereiv a repetition of what I have t en mying for many years. A smore detailed account of what I told the President and what told me may be found in the speech which Congressman leid inserted (September 22, 40) in the Congressional necord."

To this Mrs. Roosevelt, on August 23, 1954, answered:

"My husband is dead, and I Communist activities in the | can't speak for him, but I can easily see how he might, in the light of the day in which you were speaking, have said what you say he said, without meaning what you now imply he meant.

"It is true there was no hysteria in those days and he may have felt there were a great many liberals who were in sympathy with certain Communist doctrines that he and many others might not have wanted to antagonize. My husband knew what the trends were and the differences between what was developing in the Communist

Party then and some of the writings and tenets of the Communist Party in the past.

"You seem to forget the change brought about under Lenin and Stalin and the change in attitude that has occurred here in consequence."

To this Representative Dies replied in a statement today as follows: "I regard the last letter of Mrs. Roosevelt as a historic document. It shows the thinking and attitude of the Roosevelts with reference to Communists and Russis. It was this attitude that was responsible for the tragic blunders at the Yalta and Potsdam conferences which brought about the emergence of Russia from a third-rate power to the status of a world menace. I think Mrs. Roosevelt's letter needs no reply since it speaks for itself."

also to his earlier statement. namely that he had submitted in 1941 to the Roosevelt administration a list of about 2,000 Communists on the Federal payroll, including Alger Hiss. Harry Dexter White, Hiss, Harry Dexter White, Harold Glasser and others, and asked that they be discharged but that the 2,000 remained for "a little more than a decade before they finally were discharged."

In another phase of the Roosevelt-Dies controversy, the Texas Congressman, in his magazine interview, said Mrs. Roosevelt had intervened with him to get a "clean bill of health" from the committee for Joseph Lash of the American Youth Congress, though he said she told him that Mr. Lash had admitted to her having been a Communist. Mrs. Roosevelt, noting the quotation in one of these dispatches, said in her August 17 letter to Mr. Dies:

"I never admitted to you. because I could not have, since Mr. Joseph Lash never admitted to me that he had been a Communist. I knew that in the youth organizations he had been close to many Communists and he had helped me greatly to learn about Com-munist lines of thought, and I might have told you, but Mr. Lash was never a member of the Communist Party."

Mrs. Roosevelt also declared that, so far as she have, no White House influence—as Mr.

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Dies said he was advised by a local draft board—was used to hold up the drafting of MI Lash and that she felt he had a right to try to get a commission in the Navy if he could and that this possibly ac-counted for any delay by the draft board. Mr. Dies, in his August 19 setter to Mrs. Roosevelt, re-plied: "It was not necessary for

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Joseph Lash to be a card-holding member of the Communist Party of the United States to be a Communist." The Texas Congressman then referred to testimony at a House committee hearing on January 21. 1942. Mr. Lash was asked: Were you ever, in any circles of the Young Communist League, or in any circles of the Young Communist Party, or otherwise treated in a manner in which they might presumably treat persons who were backing them and taking their instructions, but who, for strategic reasons, were not issued cards of membership?" To this question, Mr. Lash replied under oath:

"I worked very closely with them, but I have always pre-served my independence of Judement."

At the same hearing that day. Mr. Lash made it clear that he had renounced his earlier beliefs as is shown in

the following exchange:
"Chairman Dies: You are
definitely convinced that you were wrong in being closely associated with the Communists during that period?
"Mr Lash: Yes, sir.

"The Chairman: There is no question in your mind but that was an error?

"Mr. Lash: Yes, str."

Mrs. Roosevelt, according to a letter which Mr. Dies also has made public, wrote to the House chairman two days after that hearing and said she was "convinced of his (Mr. Lash's) sincerity and I feel that continuing to pillory him in the public press has a bad effect upon the morale of our young people as a whole."

So the so-called "methods" of Congressional investigating committees and the charges and countercharges today are not far different from what they were a little more than a decade ago when the Demo-catic Party was in sontrol of

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12 Petition Ike To Free Communist Party Leaders

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Descriptions, including Mrs. Frankling of the performance of the performance of the first performance of the government.

The petition stressed that the specific of the formance of the government of the first performance defeate out with the philogram. It also sought postponement C. Bennett of Union Theological Communist party of more than 100 similar cases Seminary. Lewis Mumford, californ 350 tial elements of now pending or under appeal.

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Mr. Polene Mr. Nichola .. Mr. B .- rdman. Mr. Primnet. Mr. · Mr. Mihr ... Mr. Pareces . Mr. P een ... Mr. Tanim. . Mr. Winterrowd...

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Mrs. Roosevelf Blasts Nixonimes

NEW YORK, Bot. 17 189.—
Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt says
Vice President Nixon employed
a Communist issue he knew to be
false in his campaign for the
Senate in 1950.

"I've always felt that anyone who wanted an election so much that they would use those means did not have the character that I really admired in public life," she said.

Mrs. Roosevelt was asked yeaterday on the NBC-TV program ""Meet the Press" what she thought of Mr. Nixon. She rei pited:

"I happen to remember very clearly his campaign for the senatorship. I had no respect for the way in which he accused Helen Gahagan Douglas of being a Communist because he knew that was how he would be elected and I have no respect for the kind of character that takes advantage and does something they know is not true.

"He knew that she might be a Liberal all the liberal and he knew quite well, having known her and worked with her, that she was not a Communit. . . ."

der. Histon defeated Mrs. Douglas, a Democrat, for a Senate seat from California in 1950. Both had served in the House of Representatives.

Mrs. Roosevelt was saked if Mr. Nixon actually called Mrs. Douglas a Communist in that campaign.

"Yes, he did," she said.

A search of news files did not ahow that Mr. Nixon made such an accusation. He did say during the campaign that if Mrs. Douglas had her way, Alger Hiss would still be influencing United.

Race Issue Discussed

States foreign policy.

Hiss was imprisoned for perjury for denying he passed out State Department secrets for a Russian spy ring.

Turning to race problems Mrse Roosevelt said the North should move "extremely quickly" to delegregate Negro sections in New York, Chicago and Detroit.

In the South, she said, "We should move slowly and with wisdom." She said the first step in the South "is the protection of all citizens and their right to vote."

"It can't happen overnight and we don't want violence," Mrs. Rossault-odded. Tolson

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Fall River Bond Rally

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Hears Mrs. Roosevel

ALL-RIVER, June 13 Mrs.
Fleanor Roosevelt told 350 members of the women's division for the Bonds of Israel campaign another that Israel is important to the free world because it is the only Democracy between Red Russia and Africa.

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Mrs. Roosevelt T	estifies //
The state of the s	

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt yesterday made a spirited defense of the United Nations specialized agencies before a Mouse Foreign Affairs sub-committee. She urged U. S. counter-measures to meet the Rods in the personance and scientific fields, pointing out that Russian scientists are trained from their youth to specialize in their fields, and are taught to speak a foreign language as well. (Mrs. Roosevelt's column is on Page 11 today.)

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ANTI-ANTI-COMMUN**ISM**

MRS. ROOSEVELT and 45 others have appealed to President Eisenhower to grant a Christmas amnesty for communists now in jail. The Reds were convicted under the Smith Act—found guilty of being part of the international conspiracy to overthrow the United States Government.

The pica of Mrs. Roosevelt and her associates is an outstanding example of what AFL-ClO President George Meany recently called anti-anti-communism. He warned liberals they were in danger of developing a certain type of McCarthyism of their own.

What is an anti-anti-communist? It is a conscious or subconscious feeling that communism is not an international conspiracy and that American communists should be permitted to misuse American freedoms to serve the Kremlin's purposes.

Mrs. Roosevelt and her associates emphasize that they disagree with the Communist Party. But that is not enough What is alarming is that the petition uses the same arguments—almost exactly be same wording—as the Communist Party in its attack on the Smith Act and other anti-communist measures.

When two fugitive communist leaders recently surrendered to the Government, the Communist Party leader William Z. Foster issued an explanation. He said that because the cold war was subsiding, the fugitives felt safe in surrendering after four years of hiding because "of confidence in the rising democratic strength of the American people."

Mrs. Roosevelt and her associates said in their plea that the Red leaders were convicted during the cold war but that now there was a "noticeable trend to reaffirm the basic democratic traditions of the country."

This anti-anti-communist trend is extremely dangerous. Mrs. Roosevelt and her associates would have us believe the communist propaganda that the Red leaders are political prisoners. What nonsense!

These men are in jail after due process of law—found guilty of violation of an act that has been upheld by the Supreme Court—and should pay the full penalty:

Mr. Tolson Mr. Nichols Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Mr. Mason Mr. Mohr Mr. Persons Mr. Tesm Mr. Tesm Mr. Sizoo Mr. Winterrowd Tele. Room Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy
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By ELEANOR BOOSEVELT

HYDE PARK-In his memorandum to the President, about which I wrote in my column the other day, Gen. David Sarnott points out that we cannot allow our military strength to deteriorate. He says we should have a strategy board for defense in the cold war, equivalent to the Joint Chiefs of Staff on the military side, with cabinet status for its head,

On such a hoard he would have the top representatives from the the top representatives from the State Department, the Defense Department, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the U.S. Information Agency, working together with any other private or public group that might play a role in the overall effort to win the cold war.

We should tell the world that

We should tell the world that we mean to win the cold war, he says, and that we are out to de-feat, not the Russians, but world communism. We should make it clear that we do not think com-munism, at least as it has develcoped in the Soviet, is a permanent development.

Concretely: Gen. Sarnoff sug-igests large expenditures and ex-ipanding facilities for getting across what democracy really is and what it means

Q Vital Needs -

HE DOES not, however, point out one or two things that I think are vital in this campaign, namely, the general education of our own scople to be able to formulate their beliefs and to attend their beliefs in their helicis.

schools, and, I think it requires This must be done thru our schools, and I think it requires actual education of our children to know what communism is. Our youngsters should understand that there is an ideal theory of communism that is accepted in many oriental countries and never has been thought of as something that can be put into practical operation. In the Soviet, however, communism has become a dangerous, harmful ideology enslaving men's minds and eventually their bodies.

Without this knowledge our citizens will be unable really to fight the evils of communism, and they will not have the deeply rooted belief in democracy and the sense of responsibility for developing democracy in accordance with its highest ideals. And this is essential if we are to win the battle against the clever propagands and tactics of the Soviets.

g Confidence Needed

WE have to develop in this country no fear of communism but a confidence in ourselves in our beliefs, in what we have developed and are helping to develop day by day in every community of our nation. If, as a country, we have this confidence then we can communicate our sense of strength to other nations that are struggling to put down sense of strength to other nations that are struggling to put down communist groups in their midst. But if we do not know what it is we are fighting and are not sure of what it is we believe in then, too, we will live in fear and be a prey to Soviet propaganda. This hattle has to begin at home, for it will be fought by every individual in every community in this country as well as fit ever the world

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Mrs. Roosevelt

I Join in Good Wishes to Thomas Mann

NEW YORK. On June 6 Thomas Mann celebrated his 80th birthday in Kilchberg. Switzerland, and even the I am a few days late I would like to join in good wishes to a man who has done much to shape the thinking of people.

In a pre-birthday interview he stated he was disappointed over the way cultural and moral standards had failed to keep pace with technological progress. And his warning may be one of the things we should pay heed to at the present time.

Q Auto Accord

TWO major occurrences of the past few days are certainly causes for rejoicing.

One is the settlement between the United Auto Workers Union and the Ford Motor Co. The settlement benefits not only the Ford Co. and the union, but it benefits the country as a whole since a strike of such magnitude as was threatened would have cost the union, according to one of our newspapers, a loss of \$35,000,000 a day.

It is said that 140,500 people would have been involved and direct pay to these people was \$2,690,000. Ford suppliers would have lost a daily business of \$12,000,000 for each working day the strike lasted. The Ford Co. each day would involve and production of 10,000 of its three makes of autos, as well as tractors and trucks, which at a conservative average cost for each vehicle of \$2000 would have meant a production loss of \$20,000,000 a day.

It is impossible to figure what this would have meant in loss in purchasing power and sales to workers by merchants, not to speak of the 7000 company dealers and their employes or the costs to the transportation companies used by the strikers on ordinary working days.

The waves of a strike of this magnitude go ou, and cover not early the whole area but many different areas thruout the whole country. So there is cause for real rejoicing that company officials and UAW President Walter Reu than a und come.

are affected in a major strike, for when business reaches out as does the auto business the entire mation feels the effect of a shutdown.

Q Supreme Court

THE other cause for rejoicing in that the Supreme Court voided Dr. John R. Peters' ouster by the loyalty board. This vindicates and clears Dr. Peters, and many people who have been his warm friends for a long time will rejoice with him that this has come to pass.

On the other hand, the constilutional question of whether anyone has a right to face his accusers in a congressional commitfee investigation has not been setfied and one must hope that in time the Supreme Court will take up this important matter. It seems to be one of the absolute necessities at the present time when investigations are an ordinary matter, and unless it is eslablished that one can face one's accusers, many innocent people may continue to suffer. Mr. Toloses
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Mr. Tolson
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CHELEASE AT 7:00 PM EST)

(MRS. ROOSEVELT)

MEW YORK--MRS. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT TODAY URGED CONGRESSIONAL

INVESTIGATORS TO "EXAMINE THE TESTIMONY OF EX-COMMUNISTS MORE CAREFULLY

THAN THEY SOMETIMES DO."

"ANYONE WHO BECAME A COMMUNIST IN ADULT LIFE AND REMAINED SO OVER A

LONG PERIOD OF YEARS HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY INDOCTRINATED AND THEREFORE,

EVEN UNCONSCIOUSLY, MIGHT WELL CONFORM TO THE IDEAS AND TEACHINGS OF THE

COMMUNISTS." HRS. ROOSEVELT SAID IN MCCALL'S MAGAZINE,

MRS. ROOSEVELT ALSO DENIED REPORTS OF A "DEAL" TO PRODUCE A MOVIE ON

THE LIFE OF THE LATE PRESIDENT, SHE SAID SHE PROBABLY WOULD MEVER MAKE

PUBLIC "ALL THE DETAILS" IF SUCH A MOVIE IS MADE, SINCE I BON'T THINK

IT IS ANYBODY'S BUSINESS EXCEPT THE MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY AND THOSE

WHO MADE THE AGREEMENT WITH US."

WHO MADE THE AGREEMENT WITH US."

IT NAVE ONLY SAID I WOULD BE WILLING TO CONSIDER A PROPOSITION SHOULD

IT BE MADE." HRS. ROOSEVELT SAID.

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HOT RESOURCE 175 APR J 1 1958



Mrs. Roosevelt

Tito Told Me No Country Has Real Communism

NEW YORK - Last Wednesday evening I went to a most in-teresting dinner party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Rosenberg. There I had the pleasure of talking with former Sen. William Benton as well as with my hostess and many other delightful people.

After dinner the group gathered together for general conversation, an enlightening procedure that is rather rare at a dinner party nowadays. At an appropriate time I asked a question which had been asked of me during the

day:

"How do you explain why communism has any appeal at all to intellectuals or to the intelligent people of countries that are not suffering from great economie distress?"

THE consensus, as I judged it, was that many people did not think of communism in the terms of what actually exists today in the Soviet Union. They thought of it primarily as a Marxist doctrine, more or less of an economic utopia with ideals that are simi-

lar to those phrased for me some time ago by Marshal Tito. I had asked Marshal Tito to give me his definition of communism. His answer was that no country had real communism as yet—least of all Russia, where there existed state capitalism and there existed state capitalism and an imperialistic form of government. He disclaimed true communism in his own country, saying that they were trying in pugoslavia to establish a Socialist state, which was only the first state, which was only the first levelowed true communism.

True communism had not yet been achieved anywhere, he said, since it required that all neonle

since it required that all people should cease to be greedy and he willing to see each individual receive according to his need from communal production.

I pointed out to Marshal-Tito

that this existed in an Israel Kibbutz, and he insisted this could

butz, and he insisted this could not exist anywhere since people were not unselfish enough as yet to live together in this way.

I think the feeling in our group at the dinner party was that it was this idealistic concept which appealed to intellectuals—the idea of reaching a state where no one suffered and where there was a suffered and where there was a standard of achievement that was not financial—so that everyone could share in a decent and happy existence.

But, since this ideal does not resemble what actually happens in those countries where there is so-called communist rule today, it did not entirely explain the acceptance of communism by certain types of people in different parts of the world. . . .

IT was finally suggested that to these people the faults that exist today probably seemed necessary steps—in themselves wrong and perhaps reprehensible—but steps that must be gone thru be-fore the desired goal could be

One of the members of the group pointed out that we were not taking into consideration the differences in the characters of people thruout the world, and the fact that communism might never mean more to them than ideas. In other countries, however, the appeal of martrydom for an ideal might be much more compelling than any financial success.

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Mrs. Roosevelt Decries **Negative Fight on Reds**

This country is exhiing communism but is not fighting for its beliefs, Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt said in a radio interview last night. Commenting on the pressure being exerted against liberal ally feel that if we don't get to thinkers, Mrs. Roosevelt said in the point where we feel accuse, the last few years "we have been on the way to losing confidence were after the depression." in ourselves as people with convictions and with strength in the spiritual and moral field." spiritual and moral field.

Appearing on George Hamilton Combs' "Spotlight, New York" show on WABC, Mrs. Roosevelt said she was not afraid of communism because of her knowl-

edge that our government and our way of life serve the needs of all the people better than any other in the world.

I'm quite willing to have the Communists come in and see Communists come in and what happens (here in the U. S.). The FBI can watch them. It was a second to the them. t be difficult. And I person-

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Mrs. Roosevell

I Have Shaken Hands With Sen. McCarthy

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT HYDE PARK-A challenging letter came in my mail this weck.

It said: "Dear Mrs. Roosevelt, is it true that you would shake hands with Russia's Vishinsky and you would refuse to shake hands with Sen. McCarthy as stated on the radio recently? Your friends think you should refute this most disgusting statement, either in your daily column or in McCall's Magazine. A group of us are quite indignant about it."

The note was signed. And there was a P.S. which said: "We are anxiously waiting for your reply."

THE obvious answer is that, as far as I can recall, I have never refused to shake hands never refused to shake hands with anyone. I have shaken hands with Sen. McCarthy a number of times, and certainly would do so again. I have shaken hands with Mr. Vishinsky on a number of occasions, and I would certainly

do so again.

Mr. Vishinsky is a diplomat, a representative at the United Nations, so it seems to me that anyone meeting him would shake hands in spite of any differences that arise between us. Mr. Mc-Carthy is a Senator, and one of my compatriots. I may differ with him, but I certainly would shake hands with him. And this leads me to a few remarks about our habit In the United States of shaking hands.

We shake hands indiscriminately with anyone we meet. If we liave never seen people before and they are introduced to us, we blinke hands. If they just intro-duce themselves, even when we

know nothing about them, we still shake hands. IN India, no one shakes hands.

Their form of greeting is en-tirely different. They put their hands together, almost as the in

hands together, almost as the an prayer, and bow slightly.

In New Zealand, the blaori people have a customary greeting, which is to press the foreheads together. This, of course, brings the noses in contact but not the mouths. The meaning of this greeting is that intelligence greets intelligence—thought speaks to intelligence—thought speaks to thought.

In Japan, the women just bow to each other and to the men.

And I suppose the world around everybody has different forms of greeting. Because you happen to dislike some people, of do not think well of them, is no real reason for refusing to prest them. son for refusing to greet them.

According to our own lights, we make our own decisions on whether we like of dislike people or whether we think they stand for something good or bad. Be-cause it is wise for people to have convictions and work for them, we write, and speak, and do things to prevent what we do not believe in from being either done or_accepted.

From my point of view, that should enot prevent people from greeting each other. Human he-ings are fatible. They make mis-takes and they may change their minds. The bridges which keep communications open between in-dividuals abouted not be closely dividuals should not be clos any more than they should closed between nations.

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Mrs. Roosevelt 1). The McCarthy Hearings Should Be Continued

is looking for a way to get the international atomic pool tarted even if the Soviet Union does refuse to participate. In the end, I feel, the Russians will have to come in if the other nations involved prove that they are willing to give materials from their own resources to an international organization for the development of the peacetime uses of atomic energy.

It seems to me that it would go far toward quieting the fears of the world if we could begin to see ome constructive use for this very destructive power. The National Council of Women, representing many women's organizatis, came out in favor of efforts

is, came out in favor of efforts develop this power, and I believe the President would have ide acclaim from the world if is work could be started under the auspices of the United Nations.

AM glad that the President insisted that the public hearings the Army-McCarthy dispute uld be continued. It would have been very unfair not to give the other side the same opportunities Sen. McCarthy already has had. In the course of these future hearings, the much discussed monitored conversations should be

brought out, since apparently they throw light on the attitude of mind and the conduct of the Senator and his aides in dealing with members of the executive department.

I WAS delighted to have a fairly peaceful day, with a muchtraveled French friend turning up for luncheon. Dr. Jean Nussbaum and I became acquainted during the first session of the UN in London. He represents a number of small religious groups in Europe. As far as I can see, he has covered the world in the interests of freedom of religion for such small groups as the Seventh Day Adventists, and I find him an interesting reporter on world conditions.

THE National Citizen's Commission for Public Schools was to devote a program on its radio series, "Doorway to the Future," to the quetion of "The Negro and the Schools." The citizen's commission is trying to take up important issues in a very objective way, and at the present time it would be valuable to have a calm and clear coverage of this question. From the paper one gathers that, on the whole, all the states affected by the recent Supreme Court ruling are considering the matter carefully and trying not to make hasty decisions. This is as it should be.

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Mrs. Roosevelt

We May Soon Read of Startling Developments

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

NEW YORK-There were brief but pertinent notices in our newspapers late last week stating that for one whole session Sen. McCarthy had not made a single interruption or point of order.

The papers commented that it was the first session since the hearings began that he had failed to speak.

All I can say is it must have been a relief to all concerned, for the frequent interruptions and constant repetition of questions that had already been answered, but not to the Senator's satisfaction, must have been very irritating, as well as trying to the witnesses.

We may soon he reading of some startling people who have been or are being investigated for one reason or another. I have actually heard of two people during the past few days who have made up their minds to fight. They seem to have overcome a feeling of terror and helpfulness.

Both of Inem happen to have sufficient means to be able to make a defense, but it is a relief to know that there are even a few people who will not sit down under unfair accusations or intimidations and keep quiet because they are to frightened to speak out.

I am tired of the phrase which the Senator from Wisconsin coin-ed, namely, "Fifth Amendment communist." There is no such thing, except as the Schalor has created it. That particular article of the Constitution was put there as a safeguard for the people, and some of our best lawyers have explained how one might easily invoke the Fifth Amendment for a number of perfectly good reasons

without being a communist.

Therefore, I think it is very wrong to use this phrase to smear people when you have no proof of why they have actually invoked the Fifth Amendment.

I see that the United Nations is being petitioned by certain Islands in the Marshall Islands group against the use of that area for any more hydrogen bomb tests. That would seem to be a reasonable feeling, since they have borne the brunt of so many tests already. It is a good thing that these little islands have a place where they can send their petitions, and I hope they will be heard with care, and an effort will be made to meet their objections.

There is one over-all objection that deserves consideration, however. That is that we know now that we have the bomb that can destroy civilization rather quickly, so it might be well to give some thought to how we can prevent this destruction. While keeping this invention in the background for safety's sake, we must still move forward in sharing the atomic secrets for peaceful purposes.

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AIBS. FDR EXPRESSES ALARM AY NEW ORLEANS WITCHIUUNT

Eleanor Roosevelt yesterday wrote in the N. Y. World-Telegram and Sun that if every one who fought for the rights of labor is a Communist "then there are more Communists than we can count in this country."

Her column was devoted to the charges of Communism made recently against Mrs. Clifford Durr and Aubrey Williams, by Sen. I mes Eastland (D-Miss).

Mrs. Roosevelt asserted she knew Mrs. Durr in Washington and hat Mrs. Durr "believed that discrimination against anyone was turnful to our nation."

While defending Mrs. Durr and Williams as though being a Communist was a social or legal crime, Mrs. Roosevelt concluded:

"I am beginning to think, however, that if you have been a meral, if you believe that those who are strong must cometimes a unsider the weak, and that with strength and power goes the possibility, automatically some people consider you a Communist.

"Today this responsibility, because of strength and power, longs to labor as much as to capital, but that has not always cen the ease, and there was a time when the rights of labor had to be fought for. If every one who fought for these rights was a summunist, then there are more Communists than we can count this country."

G. L. R. -1

P. Bos Silverson

This is a clipping from Page 3 of the Daily Worker

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Mrs. Roosevelt

Our Laws Are Good, But They No Longer Protect Us

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

NEW YORK—In spite of predictions to the contrary, we had a beautiful Saturday and Sunday in the country. Cold but clear and in the sun there were moments when you could almost imagine that spring was close at hand.

We had a very successful birthday celebration for Mary T. Norton and Miss Lorena Hickok. Their birthdays fall on the same day, and so for the past few years they have celebrated them here with me a number of times.

I think former Congresswoman Norton is perfectly remarkable. She insists that she is 79 years old, but nobody would ever know it by watching her. She sat with us Saturday night and listened to Adlai Stevenson's speech and was as keen—and interesting in her comments—as anyone in the room

Old age which comes as gracefully as it has come to her is certainly nothing to be feared for she is more interesting and a more entertaining companion to day probably than she was 40 years ago. She is lovable and kind and I am sure every member of her family adores her and she certainly has many, many friends. I feel it both an honor and a pleasure to be one of her friends.

IN the New York Times magazine on Sunday, there was an article by John 2. Oakes entitled "This is the real, the lasting damage." It talks for the first time very openly about the fear, prevery openly about the fear, prevent today, of saying anything which may cause one to be called a communist. The fear has fallen on our public men, on our teachers, even on our ministers and certainly it has fallen on our young people.

young people.

To those of us who understand communism it is because it creates fear in people that we dislike it. Communism enslaves both the bodies and the minds of men. Because of the fear that we are creating at home, the same situa-

tion is devoping in what is supposed to be the land of the free and the home of the brave. We might almost as well be living under a totalitarian government for the effect is much the same as it would be if we did not have our freedoms guaranteed by law.

The laws are all there and they are all good but they no longer protect us. I do not belittle the harm that undetected communists might create in this country but something has happened to us when people who are not communists are still afraid of being called communists, so some of the things said in this article we should take to heart.

HERE is a quote to remember:
to the influence these people exert (those who would frighten us) is a determination not to be frightened by them. There is no trick to recovering the full expression of freedom. But it requires constant exercise of that privilege, for nothing atrophies from disuse so quickly. Americans in their hearts know this, and despite momentary aberrations they have always come back to it.

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Mrs. Roosevelt

Communist-Inspired Type of Martyrdom

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

EVERYONE was shocked here on Monday afternoon when news came that a group of Puerto Rican terrorists had fired on members of the House.

They apparently made no attempt to escape, so it was the type of martyrdom for a cause which is popular with communistinspired groups.

These people seem to belong to the same group that tried to kill President Truman in 1950, and it is difficult to understand why they have not been followed and watched ever since. There must have been some laxity on the part of the FBI. The guards at the Capitol, it seems to me, should have been alerted not to allow any suspicious characters to enter the galleries of the House.

One hopes that those who were shot and recover quickly

MR. KEY of the State Department made an address on Monday afternoon to the plenary meeting of the AAUN conference in Washington, which I am attending. In the evening, a really very interesting session addressed by four excellent speakers kept the entire audience listening until 10420 o'clock.

First the UN reporter for the Christian Science Monitor, Mr. Fry, spoke and then, the UN reporter for the New York Times, Mr. Hamilton. They were followed by Sen. Alexander Wiley of Wisconsin, who gave an excellent speech supporting the UN, and finally ex-Sen. Graham stirred everyone present by a speech of real spiritual quality.

THERE was an editorial in the Washington Post on Tuesday morning about the Executive's responsibility to his party, as regards Sen. McCarthy and his tactics. It is undoubtedly felt by the Republican Party that an open break with the Senator would divide the party and bring political disaster.

There is no question but that it is better for a party to be united, but if within the party there is an element which is evidently dangerous to the country it would seem to be essential for that party's future success that it remove that danger.

Neither the Republican nor the Democratic Party wins an election by carrying its own party voters alone. Increasingly, year by year, we have had elections in which people moved from support of one party to the other either because of individual candidates or individual issues. This is known as the independent vote, and I think it has assumed larger and larger proportions.

There are a great many people in this group today who look upon the issue posed by Sen. McCarthy and what is popularly known as "McCarthyism" as an issue which is concerned with the freedom of individual citizens.

In the editorial I mentioned, there are two sentences which should be carefully considered thruout our nation. They are:

". . . skillful demagog has persuaded Americans to fight each other instead of the enemy. In the process American institutions being sabotaged and American moral fibers snapped."

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Regard (only)

Ivan H. Peterman

Ex-First Lad Still Wrong

On Commies

posure of Reds was being accomplished through the testimony if their as-Communist plus She all their as-Communist plus She all they might not always be reliable, and what a plty the FSI must depend upon the Buders and Lautner type of witness. Mrs. R also sought to soften the fact that certain clergymen agned petitions opposing execution of the Rosenbergs for atomic apping She suggested they did on primarily because they were against capital punishment. But unlike a good reporter, she falled to look around to check if they before or since Reserbents— troubled to sign such petitions for

atoggs Men like Herbert Prolebrick, whose writings sometimes right when he ticked off names of

It is true that many of the in-rmers are one-time Communical no get a beligful. The converly has more zeal and dotten mination. Why does the Governam of the arm them? Because north

s real anti-Communists, and to hat they could on this best

there anyone from the late petter position to call the Red re youth groups the Pinko Holly

vited them, and because them. And they didn't liothes or sookists, or by

in Africa and Europe, i accommodated correspo realized were then and will are as Red as those on Pravda,

S MEARS against the investiga-tors, particularly those head-ed by Benator McCarthy, are not

anded among other change

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Mr. Fichiomat Miss Gandy

POST, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30. 1953

Mrs. F.D.R. Compares **Marxists**

LEWISTON, Me., Oct. 29of hers is a communist, yet she actively in Democratic party would be "horrified" at the sug-politics as such and had no poligestion of the overthrow of the tical axe to grind right now, but government of the United States, was touring the country on a mis-Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt said here sion for the United Nations. today.

spirators against the govern-them to teach international subment, but some are genuine jeets, but at the same time sev-Marxist theorists, Mrs. Roosevelt eral others urged vocations said at a press conference pre-training and specialized subject ceding her address to the Maine such as driving courses and high State Teachers' convention.

offered by Maine Senator Margaret Chase Smith, which would outlaw the communist party in the United States, Mrs. Roosevest said that if one was to assume: "That every member of the Communist party is a conrator dedicated to the everthrow of the government by force, it should be passed." "The "heart corps" of the party

may believe in direct positive action, but this is only a minority of the communist membership. Mrs. Roosevelt said. A gr many believe in the Marxist t ery as a way of life.

She told of her elderly Boxfon friend, a woman she failed to identify by name, who was a believer in the "communal theory." but would be horrified at the thought of bloody revolution.

"People abroad do not know why we are frightened," she said. They don't know of the kind of communism we fear."

It is up to the United States to explain the difference between Marxism and the theory of force. They only know communism by its original concept, she declared.

Even the subject of torture is viewed abroad from a different concept, she said. In many lands where torture is applied by one group Against the ath

they do to themselves is not regarded as the horrible or we consider it. Mrs. Ro eald.

Mrs. Rossevelt did not Democratic optimism ever recent party victory in Wisconsin, terming the district where it took place "always strongly progressive" and not typical of a trend.

Boston Brahmin" woman friend. She said she was not interested

The teachers, 5000 strong, All communists are not con-heard several speakers urge tate Teachers' convention. way safety. The convention con Asked to comment on a bill times through tomorrow.

column, 788 N. 12

JAN 6 1954

FAIR ENOUGH:

WeCanDream,Can'tWe?

BY WESTBROOK PEGLER

The United Nations would have had a much better popular acceptance in the United States but for Harry Truman's mulish insist-



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Parler

ence on Eleanor
Roosevell as a
fil representative of the
United States.
Of course, the
belated disclosure of the part
that Alger Hiss
played in both
the Yalta conference and the
San Francisco
Congress of Naions, at which
the U.N. was
created, is a
gerious obstaclel and trust. The

to public approval and trust. The exposure of Communists in the U.N. Burocracy was no help, either, and the campaign of opposition to the Bricker amendment will continue to inflame patriotic Americans who find themselves under abuse for their loyalty.

But all these years since 1945
La Boca No Chica has actually
personified the U.N. to all our
people, advocates as well as opponents of the U.N. And it follows
that the the apponents, who constitute a very large public, transmi: to the U.N. the same sentiments, including, in many cases,
hitter contempt and even hatred
which they feel whenever they
thirk of this woman.

This is understandable because she has been practically the whole show in the representation of the United States, altho Ralph Bunche did manage to horn into the act somewhat and eagerly accepted the ready-made reputation which was hastily buttened on him by a strictly partisan political element, including the Communists and their friends. In this business of mine It is advisable to keep one's omotions firmly under control and to impect public figures as to the walldity of their renotin.

might as a great scholar and statesman, and the press, I regret to admit, fell for him without a single skeptical expression. Naturally, the public did likewise, but, if you admire Bunche, can you readily say, from memory, just why you do? I do not know that this man has done our cause any particular harm, but it seems to me that he, not we, has been the great beneficiary.

I am aware, too, that he had the benefit of his color, which may seem a strange thing to say in view of the recognized fact that, on the whole, the Negro is a victim of discrimination in many kinds of employment and in our social life. But, in Bunche's case, the reverse was true. He got unusually kind treatment from the press and, consequently, from the public, for the very reason that he is a Negro. We leaned ever backward and he became a walking exhibit to the world of bur revised attitude toward all our legro Americans, a sort of false pretense to impress the brown and yellow peoples. Actually, we have not "solved" the wretch-

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teroblem although it certainly can be said that the mutual alcofness has moderated to a large degree.

To an impartial judge of the facts, it is obvious that Truman wantonly impaired the influence of the U.N. on the American people by selecting for the chief American personality one whose very name conjures effronteries, scandals, intrigue and the memory of many political exploits which are horribly offensive to a large element of our people.

No man can say whether more Americans detest than revere her, but the number of citizens who have not the slightest respect for ber is so large that she certainly was not "representative." Nor can it be honestly said that she had any special intellectual qualification for the job. She had little education in her youth and is by no means a learned woman in the acholastic sense. And, the I may be less generous than some others. I have to maintain that her selection was even more unfortunate from the standpoint of morals as reflected in the conduct of the children who got their training in such matters from their mother.

If Truman wanted the United Nations to succeed, why did he throw this challenge in the faces of so many citizens of normally good report? Why did he insult so large a portion of the people whose approval he knew to be necessary for a working public confidence in the U.N.? These are strictly rhetorical questions. We know Truman well enough now to realize that he hates "good" people and, like Roosevelt, himself, enjoys taunting them and mocking their respectable sensibilities. He would rather insult and torment them than foreso that mean satisfaction for the benefit of the U.N.

Not that I have confidence is use United Nations which I identify with this woman and, to a less extent, with a few very rich but otherwise undistinguished individuals who got their wealth and power by inheritance. I do submit that more of us would have been willing to give it a hearing and a chance but for this one effrontery. I was at San Francisco in those days and, tho I freely confess that I hadn't the slightest suspicion of the dirty work that went on with Hiss writing his evil designs into the framework, I recall with sorrow the hopes of millions of our people.

The night before I flew to San Prancisco, I had been one of a group of neighbors who had tried to comfort a woman who had just got word that the husband of her young daughter had been killed in the Pacific. In her anguish she had cried to God to do something at San Prancisco that would make war impossible and I carried within me thruout that hellish mockery an innocent hope that God would prevail on man to reconcile the nations.

It would be equally naive of me to hope that Elean's Roosevelt, for the good of the humas ace and civilization, would shu ap and take herself away. But we can dream, can't we?

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LETTERS TO T

Mrs. Roosevelt Misinformed About Marxism

IN her column of Nov. 27. Mrs. Roosevelt refers to a sometime correspondent of hers, who, she says, doesn't like her at all. This correspondent, said Mrs. Roosevelt, "seems to have completely misunders bod the efforts I have made to explain the thinking of people in Asia on Marxism—their lack of knowledge about the development of this theory into a reality under Stalin which is no way coincides with the Marxist theory. . . . He (the correspondent) takes it for granted," continues Mrs. Roosevelt, "that I agree with the Marxist theory. I do not happen to agree with it, but I disagree much more ciclestiv with what Stalin has developed because his negative means. but I disagree much more violently with what Stalin has developed, because his practice means slavery of the individual and of the mind."...

To those as uninformed as Mrs. Roosevelt appears to be, about Marxist theory, this "explanation" will undoubtedly be accepted as a prounitountedly be accepted as a pro-found revelation of the ultimate truth about Marxism. To me, it sounds pathetically stupid. Under whose tutelage, one is entitled to wonder, has Mrs. Roosevelt perfect-ed her profound misconception of Marxism?

It is a well-known postulate of Markist dogma, that the ultimately perfect condition of communistic society can be attained only after existing societies, under Marxist tutelage and manipulation, have been caused and manipulation, have been caused to pass successively thru a number of explicitly defined intermediate, or evolutional stages. Marxist theory is round and firm and fully packed; nothing absolutely nothing is left out. It postulates the characteristic conditions to which societies must conform, previous to their being deemed adequately prepared for entry into another stage, and explicfily prescribes the manipulative techniques to be applied in their preparation.

In view of the very wide dissemi-ation Marxist theory has received, I am more than a little surprised to discover that Mrs. Roosevelt has accepted those Marxist postulates perrepted those Marxist postulates per-taining only to the characteristic con-dition of "the perfected communistic state," as the sum and substance of Marxist theory, to which "the reality under Stanlin," as she says, does, in-deed, bear little resemblance. Many a devout Marxist has paid the su-pressed penalty for theorytical mispreme penalty for theoretical mis-

Altho most of us may be mable to understand how humanity is to be transported to a higher state of existence, by being reduced to the lowest conceivable condition of physical and mental degradation, that, precisely, is the transitional order ordained by Marstet theory.

And that, of course, is precisely the condition to which humanity has teen reduced by "the reality" under Lesing Statin and Malenkov.

G DEC

ELEANOR C. ROSEWIH

It is that next-to-links staging point to the Marxist hashuard march toward future perfection, where humanity pauses in its downward ascent and remains for an indeterminate interval in a state of suspended animation, while Marxist mental aculptors and reflex englneers mold its collective mind and condition its collective reflexes, in order to properly prepare it for col-lective enjoyment of life in the per-Sect communistic State.

To properly instructed Marxinia, "the reality under Stalin" in understood and accepted as one of the most essential evolutionary conditions in the Marxist program of social disintegration and revi-

Unfortunately, a great many peo-ple rely implicitly upon Mrs. Roosevelt's interpretation of events and issues, as a basis for their own thinking and opinion. If Mrs. Roose-velt truly desires to serve the best interests of her country, she will most effectively fulfill that desire by remaining silent concerning mat-lers she does not understand herelf. FREDERICK L. FREEMAN.

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Mrs. Roosevelt Objects

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt is quoted in Washington dispatch as saying tha The would like to see the Investigat tions Subcommittee, headed by Sen-ator McCarthy of Wisconsin, abolished.

On the other hand she says she believes "everything possible should be done to strengthen the Federal Bureau of Investigation in its functions."

She is opposed, she adds to the "hysteria" which she argues has marked the ferreting out of Communists in the Government and in our midst.

The lady, of course, has a right to her opinions, but when she agrees that "everything possible" should be done to strengthen the FBI's operations, she seems to overlook the fact dhat congressional investigations have given J. Edgar Hoover's men ome of their best leads which the have used successfully to bring sple and traitors to justice!

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Mere Roosevelt Agrees-

Red Probers Hurt U. S.

Br the Amegiated Press
Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt said yesterday she agrees with a prolessor who contends the House Un-American Activities Commit-tee "is ruining our reputation in the rest of the world."

The widow of President Franklin D. Roosevelt also said she would like to see the Red-hunting Senate Investigating subcommittee, which McCarthy heads, "done away with and everything possible done to strengthen the FBI in its func-

She expressed the views in a nucstion-and-answer article end litled "If you ask me," released in the July issue of McCall's magazine.

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Mrs. Roosevelt Decries'Fear'of Communism

Tells Professional Women It Leads Many to Label New Ideas as Dangerous

Mrs. Franklin D. Rocsevell de-Blored yesterday "the great fear of communism" she said is widespread in this country because it has led many persons to label all new ideas as dangerous. Mrs. Rocsevell addressed the afternoon session of the first day's meeting of the board of directors of the Enternational Pederation of Busipess and Professional Women's Clubs. Inc., at the Savoy Plaza Hotel. The conference will continue through Thursday. The 360 delegates and observers include 190 women from nineteen countries.

Referring to the fear of communism, Mrs. Roosevelt, who is a delegate to the United Nations Assembly and former chairman of the Human Rights Commission, eatd, "We had to build our strength so rapidly in this country that we had to tell the people why they should be afraid of communism."

This was perhaps necessary, she continued, but she said she wished that time could have been taken "to educate the people" in the values they were fighting for.

Today, she charged, many persons "label anything they don't like as Communist." "This is dangerous," she said, "because people begin to be afraid to think." She pointed out that "our country and all countries have been built be machine with new Meas."

by people with new ideas."

Mrs. Roosevelt said she wat convinced that only a national leadership "with strong moral and spiritual convictions is going to earry us to victory." You can never win by being against something," she added. "You have to be for something."

At the luncheon Miss Jane Todd, New York State Deputy Commissioner of Commerce, presented a basket of gifts made in industries operated by women to the president of the faderation, Dame Caroline Haslett, an electrical engineer, of Great Britain. Speakers at the afternoon session included, basides Mrs. Roosevelt and Dame Haslett, Dr. Lilliam Gilbreth, efficiency engineer of Montgiair, N. J., and Miss Margaret P. Aybilman, Toronto attorney.

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Listening to Ex-Communists. **Dangerous**

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

NEW YORK, Thursday-Henry A Wallace's letter to President Truman together with the reports he prepared on China in 1944 and just released have emphasized for me something I have fried to say a number of times.

That is, that the way in which most Americans accept as Gospel truth any testimony by an ex-Communist, Mr. Louis Budenz or any others, is without any question somewhat dangerous,

It is evident, as time goes on, that those who testify, unwittingly or not, have followed a similar pattern. The first time they testify they don't seem to be able to remember what they later recall in great detail. It is an obvious fact that as one talks over things—almost anything—one be-gins to convince oneself that cer-iain things happened that never happened at all. I do not question that part of anyone's lestimony is not given in good faith, but

again I would like to empha power should be glatements, and I pony should be liven out in con gressions) committees, which reveal statements without manding necessary proof,

THERE was an item in the newspaper the other day about Rep. John E. Rankin of Mississippi objecting to the admission of a Syear-old baby adopted in Japan by an American Air Force captain and his wife. The child is half Japanese and the story goes that Rep. Rankin objected to the bill to admit this child, saying that such bills were "dextroying our immigration laws" and "we were being Moded with un-American elements."

If a beby of 3 can be un-American in any way except by the fact that both his parents are not Americans, we will need a bit of convincing to believe it.

Times-Herald

Wash. Post

Vash. News

Wash. Star

M.Y. Mirror

N. Y. Compass.



You Can't Fight Communism by Force Alone

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

HYDE PARK. Sunday -1 was very much surprised to receive a clipping the other day which says that a certain State Department official was naive because he thought that the following recommendation

The recommendation, made during the war, argued that "a coallthe Communists find a satisfac-tory place is the solution of this impasse most desirable to us. It provides our greatest assurance of a strong, united, democratic, in-dependent China, our basis aim in Asia and the Pacific."

THE writer of the clipping taken would have been to set up a government could not be independent of Russia and therefore this government could not be independent of Russia and friendly to the U.S. The flav in this argument, of course, is that there was no idea of setting up a government satisfactory to Russia. At that time there was in China a still fairly strong Nationalist government. It has considered by many to have among its supporters a small number of reactionaries, such as the old war lords. But there was also among those supporters a middle of the road group, made up in large part of young men fol-lowing the leadership of Sun Yat-Sen's son, who were supposed to be more democratic and more unbe more democratic and more un-derstanding of western policies and aspirations. The thought was that if there could be brought into a joint parliament the radical representatives from the north who were under Communist doni-nation, many of the urgent re-forms might be achieved thru mid-die-of-the-road leadership, and thus there would be no need for rad-ical Communist action. This was an entirely sensible idea which an entirely sensible idea which was in actual operation in many European countries.

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We must get over the idea, lieve, that the way to communism is by military is	ng ni Soện
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communism is to show that energies desired by the people achieved under democracy, to people need to accept (and 4
nunism to attain better li dandards or greater freed These two things are promise	ving form. d by
he Communists; and it is not y that the people will disc hey are slaves, or that they	like- over are
iot as well off in their if fandards as they were told vould be, until some time s hey have turned themselves	they Liter
o Communist domination. The State Department off the made there so-called "no	icial
ecommendations understood (hunism and the Far Eastern lation at that time very well	(0m)
a was lost to the West not nuse reforms were made alisted her people, but been hey were not achieved under	DC-
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le extra military help from he Generalissimo might l tept himself in power. In ong run, only the satisfaction	
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MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, U.S. REPRESENTATIVE ON THE U.N. S HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION, WILL ATTEND THE SEVENTH COMMISSION SESSION SCHEDULED TO OPEN AT GENEVA ON APRIL 16, STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY.

ADVISERS TO MRS. ROOSEVELT WILL BE OFFICIALS OF THE STATE, LABOR AND JUSTICE DEPARTMENTS AND THE FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY.

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By W. : brook Pegler

ment, President Truman cannot be put out of office until the election of 1952, except by impeachment. However, it is passible and certainly desirable that the President clear out of the government and sincerely repudiate those whose false counsels, to, say the best of their conduct, got us into this jam.

He should get rid of Mrs. Roberell at once, in doing this, he should not use diplomatic derms which would discuss the truth and destroy the purifying effect of this act of amends but should make a frank statement that her conduct and associations have disqualified her for public confidence.

While the President has not the constitutional authority to dismiss a Supreme court justice, he should ask for the resignation of Justice Pelix Erank furter for the same reasons and dismiss from the White House secretariat David K. Niles of Editon who is a Frankfurter man from the old political circle which included Harold Laski, the English Communist.

DRDINARILY is would be impressed to ask a justice of the Bupreme court to get put. But this is not an ordinary situation. Prankfurter has been a pushful, bumptious politician.

He sponsored Alger Hiss and Lee Pressman, among other study-boys of the same type, who sat at his knee at Harvard law and may reasonably be supposed to have derived some of their ideas from his teaching.

The effect of his judicial conduct henceforth might be harmless. But he is a conspicuous member of that element which yearned for and contrived to bring about the recomition of Soviet Russia after Wilson, Harding. Coolidge and Hoover had wisely perceived the implacability of the Communist member.

THE State department should I be deloused thoroughly. Dean Acheson's declaration of versional loyalty to a man convicted by implication of betray, ing the United States to the enemy is not the only act which will deny him the confidence of loyal, intelligent citizens. It is just the most shocking act in a career of conduct which condemis him as a man of unreliable judgment, but, even by itself, it is too bad to be condened.

Russian" in the State department as recently as the end of the war, as A. A. Berte said. Acheson did, he simply is not bright enough for his responsibilities. Acheson is, moreover, another of the Frankfurter clique.

ALL these people have had their chance; indeed, their merry fling. Now their genius has brought to the verge of some shapeless holocaust a great, confiding nation of people who are only beginning to realize that the Hundred Men of the Kremlin are determined to revoke the rights which God gave us.

These New Bealers were brash, mocking and superior. They paironized us as "the fiftle people" and "the common man." Traitors dired in the White House and a Communist. Lee Pressman, of Frankfurter's group, became chief councel of the CIO, a great substituty of their political party.

Mr. Truman is pleading for confidence, but he must earn it by repudiating the authors of our trouble and admitting that those of us who always warned of the treachery and uncompromising enmity of the Soviet, were right.

ONE hears it said, especially by the strange Washington Post, that traitors were sonfused and that treason was less heinous in the early days of the New Deal than it is today. Isn't that a monstrous proposition?

One hears that Eleanor, Rossevelt Joined her many fronts out of experant Meralima I am as Meral as the sverwas, but I never was deserved.

The only front I ever joined was the Newspaper Outld and I did not ever actively "join" that. I gave some money for a relief fund and learned that I was "in." And I made an issue of communism and got out, and Eleanor Roosevelt stayed in, when A. J. Isserman, who had no standing in our profession, showed up on the masthead of the Outld Reporter and the Soviet party line controlled the Guild's attitudes in important leasues.

If she didn't know communism was all about her, she wain't as wise as I was. But I think she did know. She was smarter than you may think. Isserman finally disclosed himself and vindicated my judgment when

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JR. TODAY LED SOME 150 COLLEGE-AGE MEND THE ATOM BOMB AT THE UNITED NATIONS LAKE SUCCESS -- PAUL/ROBESON, JR., AND WOMEN IN PROTESTING WAB AND TH

AND IN BOOING MRS. ELEANOR ROOS EVELT.

THE DEMONSTRATORS SAT IN A CIRCLE IN THE MAIN PUBLIC CORRIDOR OF THE UN HEADQUARTERS BUILDING SINGING ANTI-WAR SONGS AND WHEN THE FORMER FIRST LADY, AMERICAN DELEGATE TO THE UN GENERAL ASSEMBLY, PASSED NEARBY SHE SAID:

TI HAVE NO STMPATHY WITH THIS GROUP. ALL OF YOU HAD BETTER CO HOME THE YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN HISSED.

PUISHAN, INTERPRETER FOR THE NINE-MAN CHINESE COMMUNIST DELECATION

HERE SYMPATHIZED WITH THE GROUP AND TOLD A REPORTER!

"SEND OUR GREETINGS TO THOSE PEOPLE CARRYING THE 'NO A-BOMB' SIGNS.
THE GROUP VOWING TO SIT ON THE FLOOR UNTIL SOME UN OFFICIAL

RECEIVED THEM, BUT FINALLY THEY BROKE UP AND WENT HOME.

UN GUARDS MADE, NO ATTEMPT TO STOP THE DEMONSTRATION. THE CALLED ITSELF THE TOUTH VIGIL FOR PEACE. WOMEN CALLING THEMSELVES AMERICAN WOMEN FOR PEACE SPENT THE AFTERNOON IN A NEARBY ROOM WATCHING THE SECURITY COUNCIL DEBATE CHINESE COMMUNIST INTERVENTION IN KOREA AND PEKING'S CHARGES OF AMERICAN AGGRESSION AGAINST FORMOSA.

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Nashington City News Service

Eleanor Roosevelt

Opposition Çan Be Yaluable

NEW YORK

I AM SURE that the Scath of Ambassador Laurence A. Bisinhardt in a plane accident in Canada was a tervible shock to his many friends, and is a loss to the service in which he had been so valuable.

* * *

THE OTHER NIGHT I went to a meeting of a group that is attempting to form an organization of independents. It was proposed to be a group

of independent Democrats but there were some Republicans present. Their idea was to make these independents active within their parties, if possible. If not, then they would get them working together so that they would wield some influence on the party machinery from the outside,

some influence on the party machinery from the outside.

I was amused by a good young Republican, a student in Fordham University, who asked me what the attitude should be of someone who held what I called reputingary ideas.

held what I called reactionary ideas. He evidently believed that I did not think there was any place in the country for reactionaries or conservatives. As a matter of fact, I doubt if there is much use in

I As a matter of fact, I doubt if there is much use in being a real reactionary. But I think there is a valuable place to be filled by the honest conservative. He is the balance wheel for those who want to move too fast and he does make progressive or liberal-minded persons examine their positions more carefully.

For that reason I think he plays an important role in political life. The opposition is always important in any government and the better the opposition the better the party in power,

AS WE DID NOT have any meeting of the Human Rights Commission on Tuesday, I went to the United States mission office in the morning and talked for almost an hour with some students from Ohio State University. They are spending a few days in New York which will include a visit to the United Nations at Lake Success.

After that I had a talk with Clark Eichelberger of the United Nations Assn. Plans are being made for a United Nations Day and a United Nations Week and, as far as possible, these plans will be co-ordinated.

I hope it will be possible to obtain wide co-operation and bring before the citizens of our nation the need for greater knowledge and understanding of the work of the UN, which this yearly celebration should emphasize,

I WAS IMPRESSED with the strong belief held by both Atty.Gen. J. Howard McGrath and FBI Chief J. Edgar Hoover that the FBI's work would be hampered by kevesling the contents of their files. That has always seemed obvious to me.

Therefore, the request to show them to a congressional committee seems foolish. One could not help feeling that real investigations and real safety He in the FEI and not in congressional investigating committees.

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MY DAY



It's Easy for the Reds to Point Out Our Failures

B) ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

WEDNESDAY morning in New York I was busy up to the minute I took the 12:30 train to Worcester, from where I was taken to Fitchburg to speak for the Parent-Teacher Asso-

ciation on Human Rights.

PTA groups thruout the country have been making a great effort to bring to people's atten-tion questions of interest in UN. The acceptance of the Declarahas given prople time to study it and to come to a clearer under-standing of where this has a bearing on the internal situation of each country. It is, nevertheless, an international document. which sets standards and voices aspirations for peoples all over the world, some of whom have never known a day of freedom.

WE in the United States tend sometimes to think of international questions as they concern our own particular problems and we tend to believe that the conditions of all nations, and the desires of all peoples coincide with our own. This is something we must remember to check rather carefully with ourselves, for different conditions bring difserent conceptions of what rights and freedoms should be. The American way of life may not always be the way desired by other nations.

It is true, however, failure on ur part to live up to what we ave declared are the rights and reedoms and protections of all opic under our democratic govment has a bearing on our

standing in the international situation. It is easy, for instance, for the Communists to point to our failures and to sa), "These are the shortcomings of democracy." They won't simply say, These are the shortcomings of a few people in the United States.

THAT is why for us it is important to check our national standards and practices, not only in words, but in deeds.

The whole world can know of our failures, and it is much more difficult for us to make the world understand our efforts and the uncerstand our eriors and the great successes we have achieved in past years. This is due to the fact that our successes lie in actually bringing to reality words which we have preached for many was a many and a many makes and an actually has a successful to the successful that the suc years and up to now nobody has bothered to find out if these words were being lived up to. Now it is valuable to the Comsnunist cause to point out where our words and actions are at variance.

On Thursday I was in Worcester at the North High School, again speaking on human rights. I returned to New York City early in the evening and caught the midnight train to Washington. Friday morning I had breakfast with my old friends, the Adolph Millers. I had expected to be with my son and daughter-in-law but my son and daughter-in-law but

it was not possible.

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Mrs. Roosevelt's Comment on Foley Sq.

ON THE EVENING of Friday, Oct. 14, there was a meeting in New Britain, Conn., and it is recorded by the main speaker that she spoke about the United Nation's Uni-versal Declaration of Human Rights. It was Mrs. Elemor Roosevelt, and she spoke on matters their to her as thairman of the UN Human Rights Commission. On the same day, 11 leaders of the American Communist



Party were "found guilty." And for the 16 days since. they have been held in jail without hail. It is not recorded whether Mrs. Roosevelt found any connection between the two events in her New Britain speech. Her columns since that day have ignored the Foley Square verdict, except for one, just a week ago. This was entitled "Memo

to Moscow. For a moment I thought that title was just a masty copyreader playing postman. But it seems that Mrs. Roosevelt frels her sole comment on Foley Square must be addressed to Moscow, on the popular but fan-tastic fallacy that the responsibility for American Communists lies elsewhere.

And then she says, "If the Communist Party is going to advocate force and violence, or show by its actions that this is what it advocates, then I am afraid it will eventually be outlawed." We are "going to see results which I would consider unfortunate," Mrs. Roosevelt centinues. She pre-Sers, Mrs. Roosevelt says, to see the Communist Party "change its tactics so that we could follow four traditional custom of permitting any one to try to persuade people that his beliefs are sight, but we are to blame if we are outlawed.

THERE IS SOMETHING incredible about all this. Mrs. Ronsevelt admits that nutlawing Communists would persecute all sorts of people and take the country a long ways from its traditions. She puts the burden of proof on the Communists, without evidently having studied what they really stand for, as they explained all summer at Foley Square.

Thus, the Americans for Democratic Action have criticized the "vindictiveness" of holding Communist leaders without bail, and Attorney General McCrath was compelled to reasure peo-ple against hyperia dillipsibili that the Commu-aists are but autiliwed "but Mrs. Roosevelt emphasizes that theme. She even defends such a

ON WHAT EVIDENCE? Has Mrs. Roose-It read the basic document of the Can triel, the deposition prepared by William I. Con-ger last June? Has she read Engeno Dennis sam-mation? Does she realize that so acts were charged against the Communist lenders by the indictment?

They reorganized their party in 1945, and that was labelled a "conspiracy," although no such charge was ever made when the American Communist Party was first organized, or against any-other party. They were charged with teaching and advocating the principles of Marxism Leninism, which were called equivalent to overthrowing the government by force and violence, but this is exactly what is not true. There are no such doctrines in Marxism Leninism whatever, as the Communists proved. What they really advocate can be found in documents easily accessible to Mrs. Roosevelt as well as in their activity. And their right to ideas and activity is all inherent in the First Amendment, and in the Universal Dec-

laration of Human Rights.

Airs. Roosevelt Arote her column on the day that John Foster Fulles, the Republican opponent of Herbert Lehman, was appaking at Lafayette College. In essence, Dulles shifted attention from war with Russia abroad for the time being, but focussed on war against Communists and progressives here at home. Mr. Dulles' entire campaign has shown that he goes so far as to include supporters of Mr. Lehman, if not Lehman himself, as potential enemies to be nothlessly fought. Where are Mrs. Roosevelt's misconceptions taking her it not toward the sinister paths of Dulles? Can such a stand help Mrs. Boosevelt's own compaign for Herbert Lehman? I doubt it.

But I don't doubt that to be honest with herself Mrs. Romewelt must examine the facts about Foley Square. And to uphold "our traditional custom of permitting anyone to try to permitting people that his beliefs are right," she would have to condemn the Smith Act and the indictment as well as the verdict. At the very least, doesn't she have a word to say about the issue of bail?

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This is a clipping from Page ____ of the Daily Worker Date 10-31-49 Clipped at the Seat of Government

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sia next battleground'—Mrs. F. D.



15. ROOSEVELT SAYS ASIA IS THE "BATTLEGROUND" ion communism and western democracy will fight it out there

as her epinion yesterday that "the real battleground" for the ideological war between democracy and communism is Asia and Af-"but I think mobody really knows how it's going."

Mrs. Roosevelt, who speaks tonight in Philharmonic Auditorium on the United Nations, to the General Assembly of which she is an American delegate, said the "battleground" was shifting from western Europe because, despite the USSR's best efforts, it is becoming evident that the Marshall Plen is "belping to restore a

normal way of life."

In the Orient, however, Mrs.
Rossevelt told a press conference
in the Biltmore Hotel, the Russians have a "great opening for communism."

"And that is," she said, "their lack of racial discrimination. Communists feel that time is on their side and that they have the appeal for the underprivileged of the world."

In this connection, Mrs. Rooselinked President Truman's civil rights program to American foreign policy and its ideological fight against communism.
"It used to be quite reasonable

to say that these questions were domestic and should be handled by the separate states as they saw fit. But times have changed. We are the leading democracy and we must win the battle against com-

"I think we are going to have to show the United States does offer to the mass of people the greatest apportunity. You must greatest apportunity. You must remember that in Asia the people have never known freedomthe UBSR never talks to them of

I do think it would be wonder-

in the United States of

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he protection of the government from subversive Communist agents and the concurrent protection of the civil liberties of American citizens, M.s. Roost mid, can best be argeniplished. the FBI.

She had her hands full with her Russian colleagues on the United Nations Commission for Human Rights, of which she is chairman. The best way to "get along with the Russiana," she said, "Is to be

absolutely firm, and absolutely kind and to be absolutely sure that you know what you believe in.

Then, Mrs. Roosevelt sold, when pur democratic example leaves it: impress upon the fest of the work, the Russians will be ready to compromise as a means of tilling differences because "they will see our appeal, by what we do, is greater ideologically than is greater theirs."

Of the much-debated Atlantic the existence of the United Nations, Mrs. Reconveit said it is permitted under terms of the arter Hoelf.

Article 52 of the harter." a. said, provides for tien "regt, u to prevent aggression. They have that right and should, perhaps, undertake such a grouping for

Mrs. Rossevelt, whose solumn appears in the Dally News, leaves here tomorrow for Columbia, Mo. for the next address of her speak

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Communists Are Silly to Antagonize Religious Groups

By RLEANOR BOOSEVELT

HYDE PARK, Monday-I am in receipt of two communications, relative to the column that I wrote about the imprisonment of Cardinal Mindszent, which should be of interest

to readers of this column.

What I was trying to do, of course, was not to say that the cardinal was an altogether admirable character, but that it is stupid of the Communists to imprison scople where it can be said that they have been imprisoned be-cause of their religion.

One correspondent—a man who silts a publication that claims to e completely factual-writes me shat I am not being fair in this situation. This is not a matter of religious persecution, he says, but a matter of opposition to progress. He claims that the Cardinal is a reactionary, if not a Fascist, and a notorious anti-Semite.

He also says that every fairminded American, British and French correspondent in Hungary would bear him out in his assertion that the Cardinal was the fulfin opponent to the general wel-fare of the Hungarian people. Cardinal Mindszenty controlled a mil-ion arres of land, says my corre-pondent, for the Roman Cutholic Church was the largest landowner in Hungary; therefore, the Cardinal opposed all agrarian reform and opposed the separation of church and state. In addition, is claimed that the Roman Cath-tic Church had a monopoly on ed-

ALL these facts, if they are true, would point to the conclusion that the Roman Catholic Church in Hungary seems to have some of the failings that have brought the church into difficulties in other parts of the world. This is no criticism of the church as such; it is only the result that follows when any church anywhere ceases to be a purely spiritual power and becomes a power politically and materially.

Certainly, I am in no position to say whether the facts, as sent to me by this particular gentleman, are true. However, I will say and repeat that it is an extremely faolish practice for the Communists to imprison people when it can be said that the caus of imprisonment is their religiou

I ALSO received a communica-tion telling me that I had been unjust to a member of another church—Bishop Ordass of the Lu-theran Church in Hungary. The writer haled enclosed an article that some of the elergy of various Protestant de neminations have given in to the Communists, have agreed to turn their schools over to the state and have compromised in various

Bishop Ordars, however, re-

fused and was sent to prison. Th Communists accused him and others of black market operations and the "unfaithful use of American relief monies." The last accusation was promptly denied by Franklin Clark Fry, president of the United Lutheran Churches of America, so quite obviously these accusations are pretexts. They make one suspicious of the Communist methods, however, since it is obvious that Bishopy Ordass was not a great landowher nor was his church, and probably he was not influential enough to oppose real reforms, the he may have opposed Communist control.

It is hard to get at facts about anything that goes on in a Communist-controlled country, which Hungary now is, but it seems to me the Communists are foolish to make enemies of the various re-ligious groups in the world. They will soon learn that it does their

cause no good.

Mr. Tracy Sarson ____ Hendon_ Mr. Pennington ir. Quias Tar. iiba' Baady,____

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WASHINGTON NEWS

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speech. It was a most interesting speech, and I was grateful to the

Senator for coming up.

A gr at many old friends were among the crowd that stood along the path, inside the high hem/ock hedge and force it in the services. I can never hear Taps blown as is always done after the laying of the wreath by the Roosevelt Home Cleb without a tightening of the throat. It makes me think of elethroat it makes me think of elethroat it makes me think of elethroat in many mer who have given their lives for their country arrived in in fai off cemeteries I order that this laid and its people order that this laid and its people

order that this land and its peop

Senator for coming up

Times-Herald ____ Wash. Post

Wash. News

Wash. Star

M.Y. Mirror

W. Y. Compass.

Asked the FBI How to Stop the Irrelevant Messages

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

HYDE PARK, Thursday—I am having a most spectacular experience. Several letters have come to me lately enchaing about mous communications which were technical by my cortelling them ly apply to me p

In these communications, they were told not to subscribe to the direct fold not to subscribe to the direct fold not to subscribe to the direct fold fold for the Metic which the Operation to New York I'h. har one or the stadium concerts, and that they can find out from me that I am opposed to they one that the subscribes provided to the one in the stadium that they one continuations because they prove the tention of the stadium stadium. legitimate artists from

In each case, of course, Lhave of the wife by K that there is a country world of fruth in the state of As a matter of fac, I will urge people to controve all of these organizations

these communications are

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We Must Teach Our Youth What Democracy Means

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

YDE PARK, Tuesday - I wonder how many readers of a certain column in one of the metrop ditan papers detected, as I thought I did, a purpose in relating two stories—one about a U. S. Government employe and the other about an individual

recently escaped from Russia.

recently escaped from Russia.

First we were told the story of a woman employe in this country and the curious way in which she was treated; then the story of the way a non-citizen of Russia who migrated into that country because he had great hopes of the regime there but was disillusioned and tried to return to his own country. He was not allowed to leave, but was arrested and taken to Siberia from where he has recently escaped. He cannot tell his atory without fear of harm, and it points up for us the ultimate horrors of a police state.

From my point of view, these

From my point of view, these incidents most successfully sharp end the need that we must be wary about our own freedoms and not to take the first steps that lead to the ultimate control of the freedom of the individual in a

police state

The two incidents emphasized the necessity of discontinuing the Un American Activities Committee methods and of disallowing them powers which they are now asking compelling anyone brought before the group to answer the committee's questions.

Instead of this. I think the law under which the Federal Bureau of Investigation operates should be strengthened, and the FBI should be made the responsible body to search out Communis s in this country, prove their guit and ask for their punishment.

THE articles to which I refer also point to the real need for strengthening our educational system to make sure that every youngster learns what Communism is and what Democracy is and why Democracy is of more value to their than is Communist.

No citizen in this country should fall for Communist doctrines based only on an ideal picture of the value of something about which they know nothing. On the other hand every citizen should be perfectly able to explain why he believes in Democracy. He should understand the faults and fallings of Democracy is and the requirements it nakes of its citizens if it is to work successfully. If he had this know above, he would not be left ecfone as and with it account in the face of either concealed or open Communist propagated.

The type of thoug that is going on at present is destructive and gives us not ing constructive to k richts that are to largely orthod to the press that it

advertised in the press that it would be edilif many were not curlous about them. In other wilds it makes us live under a cloud that is less heavy than that which exists in a prince state but which has within the girm of greath and which exists. We who cherish our free , we who cherish our free hould guard against

G. I. R. -3

BASHINGTON DAILY NEWS Tashington, D. C. September 8, 1948

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Soviet Dangerous, Says Mrs. Roosevelt

Mrs. Eleanor Rooseven mays amount of the United States "finds sociation.

ways to be "We are the most powerful Na"We are the most powerful Na"Rus-



She recently return from last adding: month's Geneva meeting of the "Europe is in that position. It's United Nations Commission on Russia or the United States. Either

Hyde Park, N. Y., Jan. 20 (P).—everywhere we went out," the Calling the Russians "dangerous," President's widow told a meeting Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt says that of the Hyde Park Historical As-

strong enough, tion in the world," she said. "Russo Russia will sia is next. She is newer, therework with us, fore not so secure. . . They inwe will have to filtrate where they can, and they build for an- are going to expand if they can other war." They really believe their way is "We need the only way to govern the world. We have to believe just as strongly in our way."

The "Communist economy is not

dealing with one of plenty, but one which the Soviet, she people turn to when there is noth-said last night ing case to turn to," she said,

Luman Rights, of which she is we work together in the United chairman.

If the United States withdraw enemies. That would be very painfrom Europe, "Russia would go in ful for all of tss."

This clipping is from Page 5 of the Washington Post__



Dictator's Used Measures Like the Mundt Bill

BY HIRANON BOOK VILT

HYDE PARK, Monday—It is a curious thing that, among those aligned against the Mundt bill, one finds people belonging to the extreme left and to the extreme right, and also those in the middle—the moderate liberals, like myself, who dislike seeing us fight Communism by extreme measures.

"I feel that, in using repressive measures, we are not only underlining our fears that democracy cannot stand up against the superficial attraction of Communism, but we are resorting to the very measures which dictatorships—both Fascist and Communist—use to stay in power.

I have always said that I saw a difference between the Commumist of Russia and other totalitarian governments, but their
methods are strangely similar.
The price paid for the results
obtained under all form of totalitarian government is the surrender of individual freedom If
in a democracy, in order to protect ourselves from Communism,
we also surrender our freedom,
we are no better off. The MundtNixon bill is, from my point of
view, a dangerous bill.

OUR Attorney General has just come to the conclusion, accurding to the papers, that Communism all over the world stands for the overthrow of existing governments by force, and that therefore no one who declares himself a Communist can be a good citizen of a Semocracy. I have known a number of theoretical Communists who certainly were

mot going around with guns.

The only ones I think have any aval justification in being Communists, and who might possibly be fempled to everthrow any government by force, are those for whom democracy has not provided the basic needs of decent living. That is the point on which I wish we rould focus our fight against communism — not on repressive measures which drive Communists underground, but on the development of democracy so that no unman can find any great attraction in the rather drab program of Communism.

OF course, in the USSR everyone is employed by the governs ment. The interesting thing to know, however, would be the conditions under which many people are obliged to work and live. But that, of course, we cannot know as long as there is no free interchange of visitors between the two countries and no free travel once you are across the borders of Russia.

To obtain one of the four freedoms, freedom from want, and the others, is a poor bargain; and yet, unless one obtains freedom from want, one probably is not other freedoms. That is why I would like to see us stop all the thought and time given to restrictive measures such as the Mundt Bill, and try to do a little constructive thinking in an effort to advance our democracy and make it stronger and less responsive to Mr. Colfey
Mr. Colfey
Mr. Colfey
Mr. Colfey
Mr. Ladd 14
Mr. Micholo Cl
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Gersen
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Penningto
Mr. Quian Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

WHY!

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Tit for Tat

Every day one hears of some know what I would say about the place. The outlook will be ew irritation used by the Rus-Marshall Plan. | more serious unless their aggravate the situation

Germany --In

Before I salled from England. The

some new pinnow convinced of my sincerity in order.

prick for the believing in it, and also realize

American and list I have great hope that list seem as though

British gones. I eventually all nations will work there is going to be a reasonable begin to think logether amicably in the interests attitude for any Palestine ad-

that. since these actions we must remember that lack of some what force is going to be will have to be described and one hopes that, once this is annoying and inconsiderate. A kind of game of the forts! When sides eventually grow weary of it. And perhaps that might be the result in this perfectly ridiculous playing in Germany.

**Communist of the communist vote in the Communist strength at one particular time doesn't mean that the course of the next few weeks, and one hopes that, once this is democracles can relax their efforts to serve the real good of the manders of the people. In fact, every and induce them to try in come of the people who most need government in this perfectly ridiculous playing in Germany.

**Communist strength at one particular time doesn't mean that the decided, some kind of asnity will descrend upon the warring factions and induce them to try in come of the people who most need government for those of us who are genuinely understance.

**Communist strength at one particular time doesn't mean that the mand one hopes that, once this is decided, some kind of asnity will descrend upon the warring factions and induce them to try in come of the people who most need government for those of us who are genuinely understance.

**Communist strength at one particular time doesn't mean that the mand one hopes that, once this is going to be will have to be decided by force. What that force is going to be will have to be decided by force. What the force is going to be will have to be decided by force. What the force is going to be will have to be decided by force. What the force is going to be will have to be decided, some kind of recovery of the next few weeks, and one hopes that, once this is going to be will have to be decided, some kind of recovery of the people. In fact, every and one hopes that, once this is going to be will have to be decided, some kind of recovery of the next few weeks, and one hopes that, once this is going to be will have and one hopes that, once this is going to be will hav

Arshall Plan.

Inore serious unless there is strong constabulary under the can only hope that they are United Nations ready to enfor

Eleanor Roosev

Before I salied from England.
The news from Palestine conat several meetings where I had does not seem to be a real desire, it man can create so much til specific ment, well-known Communist on the part of the Arab and cere will. It may be entirely deserved tain elements of the Jewish population, to work out a peaceful cause ill feeling against the whole is suppose the Communist outif suppose the Communist outgide the USSR were curious to drawal of Eritish troops takes and deplorable. interested both in the strength

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FAIR ENCYGH

that the government of Russia is hostile to the United States and her mention of "war" in this connection seem to justify the final disapparance of this tenacious old politician from our

Not even her late husband was more spilly of deciving the Americans as to the true character of the ruling gang of the feviel Union and probabilist their deciving their decivity their deciving their de

Together, and with the help of their political and social parasites; they impeded the old Dies committee in its carnest, if sometimes chumsy, efforts to denounce a wicked enemy among us.

By the abuse of the old montebank's Presi-Sential prestige they were able, and delighted, to put the committee in stocks where so many of their own friends belonged.

FROM the very bestoning of the New Deal in the childhood of millions of contemporary voters Mrs Roosevelt gave aid and comfort to persons and organizations in the Communist fronts of the aris under WPA and in the unions of the CIO.

An appointee of hers with no qualification becond nerve, soon became the head shrew of the Min-cup wing of the drama where the American scene was never depicted in terms above moral qualor, a homelike spiritual atmosphere for most the Presidential set.

The Red Queen look her knilling to the congressional hearings where her protege, Joe Lash, was up for questioning and, with garish political estentation, invited a batch of fingerling Bolos er lunch.

Truth to tell, that was condign punishment, or the table at 1600 Pennsylvania avenue, under he old carpetbagger's absentee management, was like to make the heart grow fonder of the greasy spoon. Still the intent wasn't lost on either the committee or the public.

that her lens record of past performance and senciation automatically discredit any effort had the position had the THE trouble with Eleanor the Great today is she may make to put herself in a position had the communists. No person with even a smattering of the coverous lore of the royal family, including her own alert instinct for an easy solar, would think of calling her a Communist.

There were no more avid mercenaries anywhere in Wall street for the national councils of the American Federation of Labor nor any who would stoop lower to make a back than her boy, Elliott, and his old man.

Under Roosevelt, the White House was a plush whereas since the Kansas City Kid moved in with Dev crowd of stickmen overcost workers an sacre, the old manes has fallen to the level of awdust joint.

Hannesen and Tom Clark are sear familfrom Pannegan maintained contact with the moon prough Thoroghous Man York dron, and Clark, Michaily the loss of the FRI nevertheless reasonically the loss of the FRI nevertheless reasonic lines. enred the Costellor and Morettis, the Fischettis and the relics of BurnytSieral by a nublic appearance as cost-holder for included Francis.

THIS is a natural digression to explain that strange paradox, the capitalist who gladly

By WESTB

acts as patron of the C mittal phases of the 3 doing on me but, himsei

me been Mr. _ staunch dol-

Quentifi Reynolds is an excellent example, not that we need go owiside the Rossevelt family

Not in any one night or month did Mr. Raymolds earn his proud reputation as an author fumbler in the presence of the bad news. It is the reward of years of table-hopping, of a mode of disappearance as subtle as Orential magic of the fellow came down the room with the check; of deep, dramatic anecdote about the Cockney charwoman he knew when he was alone in London against the dirty Boche.

In that tense atmosphere, who would bang the table to interrupt and my, "Ohay, Reynolds, but may it until you lift at least your corner and your girl's corner of this slab!" Not many.

OR a long time it was smart to be Red. As Eugene Lyons wrote in a book on the subject. The White House was more Red than white and more partial socially, and certainly more congenial, to the most licentious Broadway and Hollywood tramps than to Americans of standard

With the White House standing on that side of the street, the movement naturally drew new artificial prestige and there were literally thousands of non-Communists who were pleased at the chance to pluck a finger-hold on Roosevelt's cape and set themselves forward as gallant fighters for a spurious cause vaguely called human richts.

The stage, the movies and many of the mara-sines were on that side and the book trade was lost to conscience save Scribner's and a few athers.

So it was not only smart but good business to flock with birds of Karl Browder's evil feather. I paid And as the Supreme court sibbered in the Harry Dridges case, a profiler in the nation's anglish of organised riot and war could not be called a Communici, subject to the behavior by called a Communici, subject to the behavior of the called a Communici, subject to the behavior of the called a Communici, subject to the behavior of the called a Communici, subject to the behavior of the called a Communici, subject to the behavior of the called a Communiciant to the period to the called a Communiciant to the called a Communication to the sonal intention to tear down the government by violence in some physical what. Thus, she could fun with the Reds and help them in all their works of mercan quality and citizenship.

MONEY always has been important in deatings with the Roosevelts and therefore it might be the easier way to detach the last one from the public pay roll. Considering the boon, \$25,800 a year would not be too much and from that we might deduct the amount we have to pay her now for doing whatever good, or harm, she does,

The point to consider is her continuing capacity for mischief in any international kintsch. Anyone who didn't discover until new that the Russian rulers were hastile to us, alert to attack our weakness wherever it shows, simply has no compelence to offer.

Anyone who took until June 1945, as Mrs. R. did, to learn that the Communists among us were agents of the Kremlin and uncertarily hate-ful, revealed a personal defect, not a political dis-60very. Comprised, 1914, by Ring Pontores Sylvingstands

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Priday, January 16, 1948

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MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESE

meriated Press to entitled exclusively to the use for prophingtion was printed in this new-paper, so well as all AP news disposition

MRS. R. LIVES AND LEARNS

It seems but yesterday that Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt-was Insisting that Americans must learn to love and understand those dear Russian Communists, who were really harmless

and charming people under their hairy hides.

Mrs. Rossevelt has been working in United Nations conscils for quite a while now, and in these labors the has run afoul of endless Russian stubbornness, double-dealing and plain dishonesty. Nowadays she is singing a different tune.

In Washington day before yes-Ex-First Lady And U. S. Reds terday, for example, the former First Lady told the Women's National

Press Club that yes, we can live along with Russia, but we can do it only by keeping the Soviets constantly aware that we are "stronger in every way than they."

"They will attack at all vulnerable points," Mrs. Roosswelt warned. "Their respect is for strength and power."

As if by magic, a Red rally in New York City that same evening cheered Mrs. Roosevelt's old political pal, Henry A. Wallace, to the echo, in his capacity as third party Presidential candidate; and U. S. Communist chairman William Z. Foster denounced Mrs. R. as "one of the principal spokesmen of American imperialism,"

Well, one lives and learns. At least Mrs. Roosevelt deserves to be congratulated, we think, on waking up to the true character of the comrades, and also on having at last won their hatred. To be hated by the Reds is one identifying

mark of a true American.

RECEDENTS

William Zl. Foster Denounces Mrs. Moosevelt



Conclusion—Wallade Has Done Country & World a Disservice

THE PARK, Sunday—One of the main things that Henry Wallace attacks, namely, universal military in ng, will come up in the new session of Congress.

Purely military universal service has never been much to my liking. But at the present time I think it is probably one of the most important gestures we can make to convince the USSR that we mean to remain strong in a military way until some settlement is made within the United snations which will make it possible for the UN to be strong enough to hold even a big nation in check.

Then I would agree that disarmament was justified and much to be desired. Yet I am not sure that even then I would not approve of one year of universal service for boys and girls alike. The military part of it I would cut, but I would keep the discipline. I would make it point to stress physical development and health, and then make the service consist of work of value to the community and the country. And I would tie it in, where possible, with the individual's preparation for his life work.

FOR years people have searched for a way in which to give the same sense of responsibility and selfiess devotion to their country which is called out in time of war. This year of service might well be the substitute that has been looked for. We seed to start our lives as citizens with a sense of responsibility to the community.

Later we will be called upon within our communities to do many services and perhaps we will enter fleids of public service, but a first year of work for the mation may well be the first intimation to many youngsters that they have obligations as well as privileges because of their eltimesship in a democracy.

I think there to plenty of room in this country for us to fight to

improve our democracy. I am frank to say that I was deeply troubled when I read of the machinery to be used by the Loyalty Review Board. We are far from having achieved the rights And I can understand why Mr. Wallace wants to fight for some changes which are long overdue and without which we cannot feel that we have a true democracy. IF, in organizing a third party, I Mr. Wallace has in mind simply forcing the Democrats to make better nominations and then throwing his third-party strength to those candidates, he may, of course, have a few successes. In addition, if he hopes to force the Democratic candidate for president to come out for more liberal policies, after which he, Mr. Wallace would how himself out of the picture, he may have some success there too. But there is no assurance that this is what he intends to do, nor that he will succeed in doing it.

In the last analysis, he may simply make it possible for the Republicans to nominate a complete reactionary and still win. He may find his party repudiated by all liberal congressmen who will fael that they are being tagged with communism. If he thinks that a complete reactionary four years will bring us a saner four years will bring us a saner four years afterwards. I am afraid he will find that is not the way the pendulum usually swings. Great reaction brings chaos and

confusion afterwards.

I do not think we have the time to go thru reaction to the right and then to the left. It would take too long to reach a normal middle-of-the-road period. We might survive, but the rest of the world would not—and so my non-chusion is that Mr. Wallace has done both his own country and the world a great disservice.

Mr. E. A. Tamm.
Mr. Closs.
Mr. Glavin.
Mr. Glavin.
Mr. Ladd.
Mr. Nichols.
Mr. Rosen.
Mr. Tracy.
Mr. Bgan.
Mr. Gurass.
Mr. Marbo.
Mr. Mohr.
Mr. Pennington.
Mr. Quinn Tamm.
Mr. Nease.
Miss Gand. O 77

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Why Do George . and Taft Play Into Reds' Hands?

By ELEANOR BOOSEVELT

SOMETIMES wonder why the leading conservatives, Republicans and Democrats alike, such as Sen. Robert A. Tart of Ohio and Sen. Walter F. George of Georgia, are so ready to play into the hands of the left-wing groups, particularly the Communists.

They apparently paid no attenton to Secretary of State Marshall's statement in his testimony on the European Recovery Program, when he said:
"If we decide that the United States is unable or unwilling effectively to assist in the reconstruction of Western Europe, we must accept the consequences of its collapse into the dictatorship of police states."

In other words, we must begin this took by April 1 when the

In other words, we must begin this job by April 1, when the temporary aid will have come to an end, and we must do it on a scale which will allow for reconstruction and rehabilitation, not just for keeping people alive. Otherwise, we must make up our minds to be the front line of defense with nothing between us and the completely Communistic mations, because the European continent will be in such chaos that it will have no choice but to accept economic Communism.

Lifed sure that, once Western Europe is stabilized, there are resources there which we may be able to discover and draw out to lessen the burden of American contribution, but I do not think we can nossibly fouch those resources, until the people of Europe are some hopes of the eventual salvation and strengthening of the democracies.

CEN. TAFT has said he does not of think there will be any recovery program in actual operation before July 1. What does he propose shall be done between the first of April and the first of July? Those are the months when fields must be planted. Machinery will be necessary, fartilizer will be necessary, and money to pay workers will be necessary. If repairs have been necessary. If repairs have been started on factories before April, is the work to stop until July? Or does Sen. Taft think the workmen are going to live without

He evidently has somewhat the name idea as a gentleman who affered advice to a friend of nine who was living entirely of his salary and who was finding to his figure afficult to put his

daughter thru college. "Why, my dear man, don't worry about that," this gentleman said. "Your daughter's college education is a capital investment. Just pay it out of your capital." Unfortunately my friend, like Europe, had no capital to invest. Sen. Taft must remember that the greater part of the European world is in that situation, so the hiatus which he envisages between April and July would be a pretty fatal hiatus.

I am also a little bewildered by the kind of supervisory agency wanted by some members of Congress. This is not very clearly defined by them, but they demand that the State Department define it clearly. Secretary Marshall has said that, whatever agency is set up, it must work under the control of the State Department. As I see it, that does not preclude taking on it the best business prains of the country and thereby holding the confidence of the American Beople and of Congress. The Secretary of State, nevertheless, reports to Congress and any such agency must function under him since the rehabilitation of Europe is not only an economic sure a solitical matter.

Mr. Clegg
Mr. Colley
Mr. Colley
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Middle
Mr. Reeda
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carsen
Mr. Garsen
Mr. Readen
Mr. Renden
Mr. Penningto
Mr. Quian Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

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Washington News

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Mrs. R. Lives and Learns

It seems but yesterday that Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt was insisting that Americans must learn to love and unlerstand those dear Russian Communists, who were really
harmless and charming people under their hairy hides.

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Day before yesterday, for example, the former First Lady told the Women's National Press club that yes, we

x-First Lady And U.S. Rods can live along with Russia, but we can do it only by keeping the Soviets; constantly aware that we are stronger in every way than they."

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Well, one lives and learns. At least Mrs. Roosevelt deserves to be congratulated, we think, on waking up to the true character of the Comrades, and also on having at last won their hatred. To be hated by the Reds is one dentifying mark of a true American.

Mr. Caraes
Mr. Garaes
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Jones
Mr. Leonard
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Nease
Miss Grass

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Times Herald 72 Mill 1988



MY DAY-It's Odd to Have U. S. Liberals & Reds Flay Marshall Plan

By ELEANOR BOOSEVELT

NEW YORK, Tuesday—It is a strange thing that groups of our own citizens, supposedly liberals, and the new (old) information bureau of the Communist parties of Europe, which we ordinarily allude to as the Comintern, are condemning with one voice the Marshall proposals!

According to an argument presented over the air the other day by a representative of one of the district point of difference is their belief that there can be no recovery for Europe unless the economics of the West and East are considered as one. I think most of us would say it was extremely festrable to have the West and the East in Europe making their lans together, and from the beginning the East was invited to co-operate with the West. The eastern European countries are that, unless the eastern European so-operate with the West. The eastern European countries are those which have refused to sk down and furnish the information

any plan formulated for the aid and reconstruction of Europe.

IT apparently is completely imother eastern European states to grasp the fact that neither the President nor the Secretary of State can order Congress and the American people to do anything. They can gather facts to support their own wishes and they can resent them to Congress. hey present the facts well, they will get the support of newsapers and organizations and pubc opinion, and then Congress hay accede to their requests. In o major way, however, can the g. Executive Branch, siedes

Miss Gandy_

Penning ton_

Mr. Quinn Tamn. Mr. Nease_

that, unless the eastern European countries are considered in edi-junction with the rest of the countries, there will be a bad distribu-Their second contention is that we aim to control Europe by a "Curtain of gold." That is funny since Secretary Marshall only wisely planned program. How in easied for this information is Heaven's name do these councider that he might find out tries think that, by refusing to from our Congress if they were willing to do their share, which was bound to be a large share, in any plan formulated for the aid. Heaven's name do these countries think that, by refusing to come in and discuss what they consider a good program, they are constributing anything constructively? All they are doing is to block action, and if in the end chaos and misery and hunger result in Europe, it will not be the fault of those who, when the door was open, refused to walk in.

Our own section of liberals who, with the Progressive Citizens of America, follow so closely the arguments put out by the Comin-

support suppor radical but liberal groups the ty regarding the influences winder which they operate.

WASHINGTON DAILY NEWS

CITY EDITION PATE / D/Est

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Juny/

WAT CONGRESS MUST DO IT

FLEANOR ROOSEVELT wonders if the apy ring inquiry isn't a job for the FBI—instead of Congress.

The answer is that the FBI has made many such investigations and too often nothing has happened afterward. The FBI is capable of conducting a thoro inquiry, no doubt of that But if its reports are ignored, there is nothing further the FBI can do.

The Senate investigation, at least, seeks to determine how persons of questionable loyalty obtained key positions in the Government—and how they managed to remain in those positions, and even get promotions long after adverse reports had been made against them.

Possibly all of the information the Senate committee seeks pould be found in the FBI's files, without the necessity for l'urther hearings. But the truble there, Mrs. Roosevelt, is president Truman won't let the books be opened. So Congress is forced to dig up its own information.

Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Wiebbla
Mr. Rocen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carren
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hondon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamn
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

2-1-1-51

5 and show

Viohinsky Passes Up Bid To Join in Radio Debate

Special to THE NEW YOOK THUS LAKE SUCCESS, N. Y., Oct. 2—Andrei Y. Wishinsky, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, has declined an invitation to appear on a women's club forum next Sunday to discuss his recent "war-mongering" charges, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt revealed

today. Mrs. Roosevelt, moderator o the "World Security Workshop" program on the American Broadprogram on the American Broad-casting Company's network, said Mr. Vishinsky had explained that he was too busy with United Nations Assembly work to prepare for such an appear-since.

An invitation to the Yugoslav delegation to provide another participant in the forum has not yet been answered, it was learned. Yugoslavia has introduced a resolution before the Assembly condemning discerning. Assembly condemning dissemin-agon of "slander."

RECORDED INDEXED FF 7B 1)** 1.0 1947

This is a clipping from page / X of NEW YORK TIMES Date 11-3-47 Clipped at the Seat of Government

MRS. ROOSEVELT VS. VISHINSKY

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Maria de la maria della maria

Mr. E. A. Tamv.
Mr. Clegg_______
Mr. Clegg_______
Mr. Glavin_______
Mr. Ledd_______
Mr. Nichols_______
Mr. Rosen_______
Mr. Tracy______
Mr. Carsen______
Mr. Egab_______
Mr. Guraea_______
Mr. Harbo______
Mr. Hendon______
Mr. Pennington_____
Mr. Quinn Tamv._____
Mr. Nease_______
Miss Gandy______

Waiting for the Gavel

THE WASHINGTON DAILT NEWS, WEDNISDAY, SEPTEMBER M, MIT-3



The dradly periousness and tension of the current United Nations General Assembly meeting are reflected in the faces of U. R. UN Delegate Eleanor Rossevelt and her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. James Rossevelt, as they wait for the aemion to be gavelled to order. (See story, Page 6.)

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WASHINGTON DAILY NEWS DATE 9.24.41

Mr. Pennington Mr. Quinn Tamm

Mrs. R. Dares Vishinsky to Air Debate of Charges

NEW YORK, Oct. 1—Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt has challenged Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Andrew ishinsky to debate his warmongering charges against the United States on a nationwide radio broadcast Sunday, it was disclosed today.

The former First Lady, who will answer Mr. Vishinsky's charges in the impending UN General Assembly debate, also invited Yugoslav Foreign Minister Stanoje Simic to take part. Neither has replied as yet. Miss Malvina Chompson, Mrs. Rousevelt's secretary, 281d.

The broadcast will be the first in a series being staged by American Bunal casting Co., with Mrs. Roosewelt as moderator, to acquaint Amglicans with the UN. Each Sunday at 12:30 p. m. EST, Mrs. Roosewelt in the UN debate.

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WASHINGTON DAILY NEWS FINAL EDITION



MY-DAY

Why Not Ask Businessmen to Affidavits?

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

NEW YORK, Friday-1 have received a letter from a gentleman in the Middle West who call himself "A Lifelong Democrat." and a good one at that, for he voted for William Jennings Bryan and he has a right to consider himself as having been "generally on the liberal side."

However, he has been an employer of labor and because of that, while he admired my husband, he could not agree with him on labor matters.

He is afraid now that I may go to extremes in support of labor unions. "At this stage," says he, "I do not think they need such support as your influence gives them. They have demonstrated that they can take care of themscives

I entirely agree with this last sentiment, and it is not for the sake of the unions but for the sake of my own beliefs that I have criticized certain things in the Taft Hartley Act.

I DO not believe that unions should be headed by Communists. And I have long stated that the AFL should clean house and remove any racketeers it may have in positions of influence, and that the CIO should remove any Comunist Jahor leaders from pow er. But that is quite a different thing from asking every man who heads a union, and the head officiais of these great labor organi-ciais of these great labor organi-zations, to sign a a declaration that they are not Communists. That, to me, is taking one group in this country and offer-ing them a kind of treatment

which is insulting. And the only way I can imagine that we as Americans could consider it would be if sil of us in any positions of influence were asked to make the same declaration. When you enter Government service you are asked to take an oath of allegiance, but this has not been asked for the same declaration. of you when you started a busi-

IT interests me that in this I country we have not recognized the very simple fact that Communism and Fascism are only dangerous to us if we allow democracy to fail. There may be, as some papers say, "an interna-tional conspiracy, headed by So-viet Russia, to break down demo-eratic government wherever it exists — especially our American Government—and replace it with a Communist dictatorship." I doubt very much if this is actually

eo, but it cannot possibly succeed unicss you and I do not make democracy work.

Any government which meets the needs of the majority of its people, gives them what they want and the satisfied feeling that they are better off than most of the world, has nothing to wear from Communism or Fascism.

RECORDED 15 SEP 18 1947



A Point in President's Subversive Order Should Be Clarified

EW YORK, Monday-I read with interest the President's order on disloyal Government employes. As you read the categories of persons to be considered disloyal, none of them are people one would want to employ in any Government ca-

pacity.

However, I think one paragraph towards the end requires clanification. This is the paragraph which states that proof that a person belongs to or has contributed to certain organizations, designated by the De-partment of Justice as undesirable. is a cause for dismissal or for refural of employment in the Government. It seems to me that this calls for proper implementation by issuance of a list of such organizations, and this list should be kept up to date.

All citizens should be able to inquire of the Government as to any organization which they are asked to join, and they should get a prompt answer. Otherwise, many unsuspecting people may find themselves belonging to disloyal organizations or contributing money to them. and even if they are not seeking work with the Government, their membership might prove to be an embarrassment.

I remember once getting a list on which I found my mother-in-law and former Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson listed as donors of money to a number of subversive organizations. I do not think you could find two people less subversive than Mr. Stimson is or than my mother-in-

NOTICE in the paper this morning that we in New York City are going to be admonished to pay attention to the traffic lights. We are way behind many of the other cities in the country. I can remember my daughter, when she lived in Seattle. Sirmly taking my arm and saying: "If you cross against that light, 'you will be arrested. They are very par-ticular in this city." To New York-srs, who seem to mjoy dodging trafstrict enforcement of traffic s may come as a surprise at first, but I think it probably will be a great help to drivers and to pedes-trians when quot we learn to obey

It is really appalling to read that, in various kinds of accidents thruput the country last year, 100,000 lives were lost and 18,480,000 persons were injured. It is a good thing that, here in this city, a safety con-tention and exposition is being held, and that the attention of the nation will be fixed on this problem.

A CCIDENTS are increasing in every city as traffic increases. More and more autos are now available. If you have been walting for a car and have not been able to get one, you will probably think that statement is not true, but if you have been in a crowded city at the time of day when traffic is heavy, you will think that new cars are reaching the public guite rapidly. But our planning for increased traffic is not keeping up with the volume of cars.

In New York and in many other cities, parking as being prohibited on many strets, but that doesn't re-move traffic—It simply shifts it. New and imaginative plans will have to be evolved for parking cars within cities and for routing traffic and this must be done soon!

Hendon Mr. Pennington Mr. Quinn Tar. "

Miss Gandy ___

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WASHINGTON NEWS

ROOSEVELT OPPOSES BANON C.P.

Sees Greek Aid Plan

As By-Passing UN

Special to the Bully Worker

IOS ANGELES, March 16. — Eleanor Roosewelt declared her opposition yesterday to outlawing the Communist Party. In an interview with
the Les Angeles Times, Mrs. Roosevelt said, "outlawing
of the Communist Party would be suppression, and suppression has never accomplished anything in s-teme, democracy,"

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This is a clipping from page of tre

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While expressing strong opposition to Communism and harging that Communists seek o "undermine" democracy she enied that they "advocate the everthrow of the government by violence."

Following is the published statement by Mrs. Roosevelt:

"I do not object to honest Communists. When they are out the open I know with what am dealing. Outlawing of the Communist Party would be suppression and suppression has mover accomplished anything in & true democracy. Suppression merely reflects a fear in the strength of our own beliefs. Our people can best fight commuplam by making democracy work.

"I do not think that Commumists advocate the overthrow of the government by violence, but seek to wreck democracy by undermining. The can only be done if our democracy is weak."

In public statements and in her syndicated newspaper column, Mrs. Roosevelt criticized the bypassing of the United Nations n Greece and Turkey.

"Feeling as I do," Mrs. Roosefions, I grieve to see this country far happier."



MRS. BOOSEVELT

do anything which harms the strength of the UN.

"If we could have given belp for relief or rehabilitation on a purely nonpolitical basis, and then have insisted that the UN join us in deciding what should be done on any political or policing basis to keep Greece and Turkey free from all outside interference, and allow her (Greece) to settle her own difficulties in the way the majority elt wrote, "that our one hope of her people desired to hav or peace lies in the United Na-, them settled, I would have felt

dlipring from This is a of tre DAIN Clinped at Ahe Seat of Gov rnment



We Must Preserve Individual's Right into Be Different

D_{7.,}ELEANOŘ ROOSEVELT

Hoover, head of the FBL feels as I do about the inadvisability of outlawing the Communist Party. I am in entire agreement with him in his recommendation that people whom we find actually engaged in subversive activities shall be immediately brought before the proper legal bodies.

Bowever, the more I think about one clause in the President's executive order for preventing the employment of disloyal persons in the Government, the more troubled I am. I fear that that clause, which refers to subversive organizations, would not be rendered harmless even if the Attorney General published, it frequent intervals, an up-to-date list of the organizations considered subversive.

subversive.

I Under this clause, I am afraid it would be possible to declare subversive many organizations that are simply in opposition to the thinking of certain powerful groups. They might even be organizations upheld by the majority of the people and still, if certain groups were powerful and influential in the Government, they could be declared subversive.

THIS was brought to my mind last night when I spoke before a **ehu**rch audience and **som**cone brought up the question of conscientious objectors. It is quite evident that, in the case of true conscientious objectors, we have no right to interfere with their conscience. But they will suffer, of churse, because until the whole world comes to feel that war is really mass murder, the great majority of men are going to feel that they have an obligation to riend their country in time of war. The problem may become obsolete modern weapons prove, once and all, that any war in the future mean destruction of the whole

race, and if we therefore use our intelligence to prevent this final destruction. Nevertheless, as long as the conscientious objector exists in relation to a majority opinion, he flustrates the point that we must preserve the right of individuals to be different. And we must very carefully guard against legal processes under which human beings can be punished for holding different ideas from the majority of their fellows.

I HAD dinner last night with two friends in a small restaurant. The food was excellent but the prices were appalling. I find that even to eat at home costs a tremendous amount tasse days, and I wonder how people with small incomes are eating at all.

I see that the President has called for a halt in the general rise in the cost of practically everything that enters into the daily necessities of life. But I think something more will probably have to be done than merely to urge the curtailment of costs. The indices show that, while the volume of retail buying has been less, the high prices have kept the actual money taken in by stores at about the same level.

We seem to be opposed to planning in our free-enterprise system, but it looks to me as the a MUI planning, in which industry and isbor plannied together, might be helpful to the general public. Mr. Class
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Wielfold
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Handon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tarrol
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

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WASHINGTON NEWS

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Mr. B. A. Temm
Mr. Clegk
Mr. Glavin
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Mr. Ladd
Mr. Michels
Mr. Bosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Careen
Mr. Garnen
Mr. Garnen
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Jones
Mr. Leonard
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nesse

Mrs. Roosevelt Sees U. S. Reds Hurting Soviet

New York, Feb. 3 (F).—Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt said today the United States "will have to insist that the Soviet government give no help or comfort to a Communist group within our own country" as a prerequisite to better relations between the two countries.

Writing in the February 18 issue of Look Magazine, the former First Lady noted, however, that Soviet leaders "no longer think it possible to convert the world to communism at present."

"It is unlikely that the Russian leaders today would actively encourage groups to work within other moncommunist nations," she said. "In fact they find it embarassing to have these groups

"It not only creates in the democracies an active desire to fight back but extends very often to a general feeling against the USSR.

"I feel sure that the representatives of the USRR in this country have little desire to be associated with the American Communist groups . . . "

Mrs. Roosevelt, chairman of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights, urged her countrymen to "divorce our fear and dishite of the American Communists, on far as possible, from our attitude as regards the representatives or the Soviet government."

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FER 12 1947

This is a clipping from the MASHING TON POST dated 2 4447 Page 4

1

They Don't Like It 7

Will lawerialists and their numerous apokesmen of press and radio go into a tantrum whenever anyone threatens to expose the fact that the foreign policy of our government is a far cry from the principles of world cooperation laid down by the late President Roosevelt.

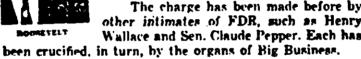
Letest 40 call down their wrath upon his head in Elliott Roosevelt, son of FDR himself.

Elliott was rash enough to write a book about his intimate discussions with his father, discussions which

showed FDR had in mind a post-war policy directed against colonialism and against encouragement of reactionary groups anywhere in the world.

He made the rather obvious charge in his book that this policy was being deliberately betrayed by the current leaders of our nation's policy.

The charge has been made before by other intimates of FDR, such as Henry Wallace and Sen. Claude Pepper. Each has



Because of Elliott's book, the imperialists have set in motion their huge propaganda and diplomatic machinery to discredit him. Note how the statements on American foreign policy attributed to him in Moscow, which went no further than his book, were seized upon, headlined as "pro-Russian" and sensationally played up as if they were treason. That sterling patriot and lover of international harmony, John Rankin of Mississippi, even demanded he be court-martialed.

It seems any statement is "pro-Russian" which implies it is possible to live in peace and friendship with the USSR but not by means of the Byrnes-Vandenberg program.

The main purpose of the howl against Elliott is to cover up the fact that the policies of our government today are not those laid down by Roosevelt. Among those now trying to "protect" the father from his son are an astonishing number who hated the father and his program when he lived.

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This is a clipping from of the MILY !O.KER Date 12-3-46

Clinced at the Seat of Covernment.

En procesulch

Mrs. Roosevelt Defeats Her

to the notorious Rep. Rankin

Mississippi. In her column
April 5) she points out that
die Rankin tries to attack the
D-PAC as "communist," "there
many organizations overhmingly democratic in feeling
nd in action but within which
are some Communist mem"s. This is the case where CIOAC is concerned."

Having retorted to Rankin that progressive political movesent of the CIO is not "commu-"t" Mrs. Roosevelt declares: "I suppen to think that in the "nited States people who belong the Communist Party should be officials or leaders in any way which ones not avow itself se a Communist-controlled or-nisation."

Mrs. Rooseveit's effort to derive the Rankin reactionaries of nandle with which to beat proressive movements is self-detating, we believe. The Rankins of America will not coase acrosming "communist" at any of the democratic, progressive activities of any group of Americans just because there will be no Communist Party members in its ranks or leadership.

EVEN VILER ATTACKS

If the progressive organizations of the country followed the implications of Mrs. Roosevelt's reasoning, let us assume, and made it filegal for Communists to be elected to office in trade unions or civic organizations would that halt Rankin's attacks on these groups? For doing Rankin's work within their own ranks, they would be rewarded with even viler attacks and calumnies at the hands of the democracy-haters. President Roosevelt, himself was savagely denounced as "commumist" for his social reforms. Roosevelt called the Dies Committee a "Bordid procedure."

There is a vital principle at stake here.

If an American who believes in Communism is to be deprived of his right to be a leader in an organization devoted to progressive causes, then no American with progressive ideas will be safe in the exercise of his democratic Mberties. To deprive one group of Americans of their political liberties is to open the way to deprive all citizens of these rights. For, then, it only remains for the tories and Booverites to charge "Communism" against any demoeratic group they disagree with. And in the eyes of Hooverites all individuals and groups other than their own are "communists." This would put an end to all progressive organizations in the United States.

RIGHTS FOR COMMUNISTS

On what grounds is it assumed that American Communists sught not have the same rights to hold affice in programive organizations

Own Aims

not "avowedly communist-controlled."

Only on the grounds that Communists somehow have peculiar aims in contradiction to the aims of progressive organizations, and are in those organizations for ulterior motives.

But to accept this is to accept a theory engendered by the Rankins and Hooverites to stifle social advance.

The Communists have no aims in conflict with those of the people's movements. They represent "the present and the future" of the people's movements, criticizing the fluxions and weaknesses of these movements as is the Communists' right from the viewpoint of Bocialist science. The Communists' views must be subjected to democratic acceptance or rejection by the arganizations to which they belong. It is this which the Blankins call "communist control."

The views of the Communists

do indeed go further than the views of their fellow-American in progressive organization. But their views must fall or sets nice only as they are able to persuade their colleagues of their correct-

To penalise the Communists for their more advanced views on social questions by prohibiting their presence in progressive movements is to set a limit beyond which the thinking of American cannot go without political penalties. But once limits are set to the advance of social thinking social thinking fiself becomes impossible. Where does the limit stop? At obliterating all progressive does as "leading to communist ideas."

The Rankins and Boovers c.r. be successfully resisted in the fight for democracy if their assumption that communism is a grime in completely rejected. If Communist Americans have equal pdistricts rights with all.

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This is a clipping from page of the CAUM MORKER

Date 4. 8. 44

Clipped at the Seat of Government.

ATTE

83 SEP 24 1946

Urge Mrs. FDR Alu 2 Spanish Heroes

Mrs. Eleanor Browvelt was ured yesterday by the American Committee for Spanish Preedom and the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade to help save the lives of Santiago Alvarez and Sebastian Zapirain, whose trial is scheduled to take place within a few days. A telegram pointed out that Franco has executed Cristino Carcia and other patriots, and that the lives of Alvagez and Zaparain are in danger.

To try to guarantee a fair trial, the committee is contacting Bartles C.—Crum, D. N.—Pritt of England and the other members of the international panel of lawyers formed to defend Alvarez and Zapirain.

89 AUG 12 1946

This is a clipping from page for of the DAILY WORKER

Date 2-7-6 (

Clipped at the Seat of Overnment.

52 AUC ? : 1945

Mrs. Roosevelt to Vist \
Russia After UNO Session

LONDON, Jan. 14-Mrs. Filesnor Roosevelt said today she intended to visit Russia some time after the United Nations General Assembly adjourned, but she erclared she was undecided at to the exact time of her departure. Her duties as a delegate to the General Assembly are expected to keep her in London for at least six more weeks.

87 JAN 25 1946

This is a clipping from of the page

/- /5 - 46 Clipped at the Seat of Ove mment

Mrs. FDR Opposes China Intervention (). Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt spoke yesterday against Ameri-

can armed support to Chiang-shek's government

"We did not agree to use force against any group in China," she asserted in her syndi-+cated column, "and it would be very unity in any great country unless undemocratic if we tried to settle at parts of that country and all Chinese internal problems for shades of opinion have full expres-Dr. Sun Fo's Democratic League, to me vital in the solution of Chi-

take suggested, might be the "middle nese problems today."
of the road group which might Yesterday's comment was touched bridge the gap between the left and off by Mrs. Roosevelt's earlier im-

sion and representation. That seems

cht" in China.

"It is obvious to us as citizens hime. Chinng Kai-shek' words a democracy," Mrs. Roosevelt about democracy and the last edded, "that there never can be democracy in China.

This is a clipping from page___3___of the

Date /2 8. 45

Clipped at the Seat of Government.

58 JAN 16 1946 1616

MME. CHIANG CHIDED IA BY MRS. ROOSEVELT

FORT DEVENS, Maps, Det. 4 seid today that Madame Chiang, wife of the Generalissimo, was typical of the Chinese in that "she can talk beautifully about democracy, but she does not know how to live democracy."

The former First Lady referred to Madame Chiang during a question period after speaking to patients at the post's Lovell Gen-

eral Hospital.

The inability to "live democ-The mannity to "live semocracy," she said, was typical of the Chinese "not because of any factiousness, but because they mayer had an opportunity to see or plactice democracy in action." I "Russia hasn't started my wars," she said in answer to a veteran's question about Russia as an agressor country.

an agressor country.

This is a clipping from of the New Wik lines for

12-5-45 Clip: i at the Seat of Go verment

149

59 JAN 15 134.

Mrs. F.D.R. Is Critical of 31 Atom Policy

dent Truman on his attitude of secrecy toward the appric homb. Speaking at a luncheon of the Connecticut Federation of Democratic Women in New Haven Oct. 10, the former First Lady also implied that Secretary of State James Byrnes and Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin did not

ive up to their responsibilities at he London conference of Foreign finisters.

Neither the Connecticut newspapers nor national wire services carried the contents of Mrs. Roosevell's speech. Her reference to Truman and Byrnes was omitted from all accounts. The only newspaper to carry details was last Sunday's Bridgeport Herald.

CRITICIZES TRUMAN

At the luncheon, Mrs. Roosevelt sande her first public reference to Truman when she said, "I wonder M President Truman is not forgetting that the atomic bomb became important to use only when we realized that an enemy nation was trying to develop it."

She deplored the attitude of those gublic officials who say we must been the bomb a secret, thus implying that we can't trust the nations which were our allies in World War II.

week struck at the trend in this sountry which would use the atomic bomb as a big stick over nations, particularly the Soviet Union.)

Mrs. Roosevelt stressed the international character of acientific research, pointing out that we cannot hinder the acience of other nations. It isn't conductive to peace, she asserted, that we "don't trust anyone clse."

In answer to a question from the audience on whether she thought the recent London parley was a failure, Mrs. Roosevelt said she didn't think we should be discouraged.

"Mr. Bevin and Mr. Byrnes were entirely new," she added, "and we should have known from his back-ground that Mr. Bevin would be difficult. Mr. Byrnes was put in the rolf of mediator, and he was not prepared, either from the back-graind of Mr. Bevin or Mr. Mole-tov."

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This is a clipping from page_____of the DAILY WORKER

Date // 17

Clipped at the Seat of Government.

53NOV 2 1946

Red Trade Union Chiefs Id Hear Mrs. Roosevelt

NEW YORK. July 29 ONY
News)—Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt
and Sidney Hillman are scheduled
to speak next Monday night at a
Carnegic Hall reception at which
New York city CIO members will
welcome the ten Soviet Trade
Union leaders visiting the U.S.

(Im

Mrs. Roosevelt

On NAACP Board

birs. Franklin D. Roosevilt, long a champion of minority rights, has accepted membership on the national board of directors of the Rational Association for the Advancement of Colored People beginning in September.

Blaking the announcement, Walter White, NAACP secretary, said: "The NAACP is honored to grid so great an American to its fational board of directors. Mrs. Rossevelt has stood by her guns in the face of hitter attack and misterpresentation. . . ."

DIDEXIST.

87 JUL 12 1948

This is a clipping from Pa 5 of PEOPLES WICE, date 7- 7-45 Clipped at Seat of Government

阿藤

Mrs. Roosevelt's Second Thoughts on CPA Discussion

It is rather unusual for a person of Mrs. Roosevelt's prominence to admit of inaccuracy in writing about the Communist movement; most of the time anything goes in mempaper articles and speeches onthis subcct.

Sould it necessary to clarify her batters, position on the discussion of policy READS RESOLUTION mow going on in the

Political Associa-

In a column on June 9, Mrs. Roosevelt said that the "French Communist leader and the American Communists who en ourser a policy of world evolution have one the peace of



eace of the world harm." Apparently her information was based on jainly is evidence, despite newspaper the distorted stories in the New York World-Telegram in which her column Communists are not repudiative is grinted And it seems she was not

too happy about the praise her colirs Roosevelt has, however umn received from Westbrook Peg-

Communist Mrs Roosevelt revised this judge ment in a subsequent column which appeared June 22. Now she said that she had read the draft resolution of the CPA and found that "as a document, it is excellent."

> But she insisted that it is impossible to trust the Communists, that she herself had experienced their "deception." She said that for years Communists "taught the philosophy of the lie."

It is a fact of some importance that Mrs. Roosevelt thinks the CPA resolution is "excellent." Here cerstories to the contrary, that the united action with all those wi Ant to work for lasting peace and (\$) employment. Here is an ind tion that cooperation between the Communists and other groups is possible—because there are common immediate objectives.

But the difficulty raised by Mrs. Roosevelt cannot be glossed over because it is based on misinformalion and prejudice which is so widespread. It is hard to say just what Mrs. Roosevelt has in mind when she discusses "deception." Presumably she means that some Communists do not disclose their identity or even deny they are Communists. AND RESTRICTED

ac, not a accret or a consult toral group. But it is true that so Communists, who would like noth better than to carry on activity pib Mely and openly, do find it necessary to keep their affiliation to

They find it necessary because of

INDEXE

This is a clipping from

Date 6-26-45

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family and job considerations. They find it necessary because American public life is still poisoned by the Die type of anti-Communist prejudied because the Communist movement does not yet enjoy full status as a legitimate political organization.

This is a problem which Commumists themselves must help solve by Aghting stubbornly for the recognition of their movement, by refusing to succumb to a semi-legal status. But if people like Mrs Roosevelt are concerned about this problem, they cannot shrug off their own responsibilities

Por example, Mrs. Roosevelt is hardly being consistent when she demands that Communists function: openly-and then says that Communists, while permitted to earn a living, should be subjected to certain discrimination and should be kept out of positions of leadership

Ins particular problem cannot e viewed in indiation. Mrs. Roosevijt might consider the fact that tens of thousands of active Communicis have made profound personal sacrifices. She might recall the thousands for the pressing needs of the An of young Communists who gave their ican people. The problem is how he lives to fight fascism in Spain. Was Communists can sentribute slost this part of the philosophy of the effectively toward achieving the He? She might pause on the record aspirations of the people for peace of thousands of Communists in the Army.

Or she might think about the nature of the discussion now going on cizing themselves, it is because they in the Communist movement. Is did not sufficiently hold up their there any effort here to secrive any-jend of the soulition. For example, one? What other American organi- we are not happy about the fact mation would officuss its record and that we criticized Henry Wallace, He mistakes so publicly and demo-inclead of supporting him, when he cratically?

Mrs. Roosevelt thought at first monopolics. that the subject of discussion was a program of world revolution. She ever devoted to striving for an exsuggests now that she was mixtaken tension and deepening of American cope of the discussion.

ARTON AND BRIDE

and jobs.

WHY BELF-CRITICISM?

11 the Communists are now critiwarned of the dangers of cartels and

Communists are today more than -but does not indicate the actual democracy. Even Mrs. Bossevet is compelled to acknowledge this in No one has even raised the questier own way when she finds nothing tion of whether Communists should in the draft resolution of the CIPA cooperate with other groups to work to which she can take smoothing.

Why Doesn't Mrs. Roosevelt

Look Into the Facts?

Change the World

the great President also did much for macracy, for trade unions and the Negro, r the rights of women and children.

Wie created a gallant legend that must dure as long as the President's in our

Puller ate erackers in it, and Madame George and devoured the genius her lovers, Mrs. Roose-it also has faults. The alest rotten apple in her rel of democratic thought fuld seem to be her friends, for the Dubinsky gang.



offs Rooms It has never obed into the case dictatorship that enphilipsky to hold power in his union.

She has never allowed herself to examine it constant collaboration against President isswell and the whole anti-Nari war that tent on between Dubinsky and John L. via, for instance.

Age Roserreit is a militant liberal demo...t. But Dubinsky and his crowd of "social...ter that grows out of the labor hierarchies.
This type hates Communists for no political
modal reason, but mostly because Commuists are honest, and form the effective appotion to labor dictators and grafters.

Such people as Dubinsky have always hated ussle more than they did Hitler and fascism.

1 Europe, accialists and labor leaders who ild out to Hitler always began with the kind red-halling for which Dubinsky is best warm.

ev Mike Gold

BUT Mrs. Roosevelt has never looked into the facts. She has accepted the Dubinsky-Cahan crowd uncritically and sentimentally. Thirty years ago the Abe Cahans formed a picturesque uniquard in the ranks of American labor. They were ploneers of socialism and liberal thinking. Thirty years is a long time ago. The arteries grow harder, the heart colder. The opportunist gradually succumbs to increasing temptations. His love for humanity grows dimmer as his bankbook grows larger. The price of progress seems too heavy to pay.

Am I just calling names, Mrs. Roosevelt? If so, I will take it all back if you will interview 50 rank-and-file members of a Dubinsky union chosen at random. Out of these 50 at least half will be sure to open your eyes.

EVACTS, facts, facts! Liberals like Rossevelt are painfully scrupulous as to the accuracy of their facts. They would feel deeply ashamed if they presented a single unvertiled fact in attack upon the worst sweatshop owner or cheating corporation.

But against the scapegost Communist, any wild rumor or teckless lie is acceptable. Mrs. Roosevelt recently look a hand in the Communist debate on the present political situation which has been going on, partly as a result of the Duclos letter.

Mrs. Roosevelt must have heard about it at second hand, from some tainted source like Dubinsky.

"We feel kindly toward the Boviet people. But American Communists who encourage a policy of world revolution have done the peace of the world harm. How they are out to force Communism on our democracy. It

And so on and on—sound and rustor like that of a Westbrook Pagler or Dubinsky—typical red-bailing that splits labor and democracy. It was so cut of charmer with the Roosevelt legend that Westbrook Fee, America's foremost slanderer of Roosevelt, let out an excited, joyful acream.

"The most interesting essay she ever wro'r, . . . an important political event—she acknowledges that recent actions of our Cerr-munists have increased the general fear ...f Communism as an international force . . . , she states the position of all of us who appret the American Communists throughout a long time when Mrs. Roosevell appeared to sympathize with them."

Mrs. Roosevelt will not thank Pegler for this sudden praise nor accept the outstretched hand covered with the alime of gutter-journalism

But when she rucklessly charges Communists with things that never happen and thoughts that are not to be found, she has brought grift to the mill of Bearst.

No, the American Communists are not agitating for red revolution or a swing to crazy leftism or for any movement "to force Communism on the American People."

Mrs. Roosevelt abould go to the sources dig out the facts, facts, facts. Let her result the sober and responsible letters from the Communist rank and file flow appearing in the Communist press. Let for discover what suddenly agitates us so. Maybe she will learn something about the mighty threat of the great cartels and corporations that less ion-ned again, and that leads straight to a third world war for super-profit and empire. Pacts, facts, facts!

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She 'Experienced the Deception':

Mrs. F.D.R. Says She Has Lost Faith at Last in U.S. Reds

Ex-First Lady Holds That Communists Long Have Taught 'Philosophy of the Lie'

HYDE PARK, N. Y., June 22 (U.P.) .- Mrs. Eleano Roosevelt said in her daily syndicated column today that because she had "experienced the deception" of the American Communists she would not trust them.

Mrs. Roosevelt said, however, that while Americans may not from party heads, whose interests agree with the aims and methods of Russia, she felt that "we can co-operate with the U.S.S.R. and its people, just as we do with other nations."

Taught "Lie Philosophy"

The late President's widow said she did not object to anyone's right to join the Communist Political Association in the United the deception of the American

"What I object to in the Americun Communists is not their open mean when I said that I did not membership, nor even their pub think the people of this country tished objectives," she wrote, "For would tolerate the type of Ameryears, in this country, they taught jean Communists who say one the philosophy of the lie. They thing and do another."

taught that allegiance to the party and acceptance of orders were not just those of the United States, were paramount."

Al a Disadvaniare

An American Communist, Mrs. Rogsevelt wrote, operates under disadvantages since he will not be put into a position of leadership.

"But because I have experienced Communists," she added, "I will not trust them. That is what I

Mrs. Roosevelt Hits At 'Deception' of U.S. Reds

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt said in her column yesteday that she would not trust American Communists, because she had experienced their deception.

"I hope the Communist Pelife I am frank with forgive the if I am frank with them," she wrote, "What I object to in the American Communists is not their open membership, nor even their published objectives. For years, in this couniry, they taught the philosophi of the lie. They taught that allegiance to the party and acceptance of orders from party brack, whose interests were not just those of the U. S., were maramount.

"I happen to believe that anyone has the right to be a Communist, to advocate his beliefs peacefully and accept the comequences. A Communist here will be quite rightly, it seems to me, under certain disadvantages. He will not be put into positions of leadership. I do not believe he should be prevented from holding his views and carning a livelihood.

"But, because I have experienced the deception of the American Communists, I will not trust them. That is what I mean when I said that I did not think the people of this country would tolerate the type of American Communists who my one thing and do another."

Mrs. Roosevelt said she was clarifying a recent column on Communism, because "the American Communist Political Association felt that I had not been entirely fair with them," and because "I have been sent words of praise by some people who, whenever they differ with anyone, decide that person should be labeled a Communist, and who are also afraid of our association with the U. S. S. R.

"Her purpose had been to show it was possible for the U.S. to work with the U.S.S. and why we need have no feer of them"

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87 JUL 5 1945

The New York Daily Mirror 6/23/45

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Mrs. F. D. Says They Have Deceived Her

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Mr	Telson
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Mt	Coffey
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Mr	Wiebelt _ 1.
Mr.	Bessy
Mr.	Tracr
Mr	Carson
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My Day

U.S. Communists Have Taught Philosophy of Lie, Says Mrs. F. D.

Political Association, a statement of the resolution which they are considering and will vote on as an expression of the American Communist point of view and as their guide for action.

As a document, it is excellent; but I think I should clarify, for two groups in this country, the column which I wrote a short time ago.

On the one hand the Communist P I tical Association felt that I had and been entirely fair with them. On the other hand I have been sent words of praise by some people who, whenever they differ with anyone, decide that that person should be labeled a Communist, and who are also afraid of our association with the USSR.

WANT to make it absolutely clear that my whole desire in writing this column on the American Communists was to show how it is posmible to work with the USSR and the people of that great country and why we need have no fear of them. Those of us who take the trouble to understand it know what Communism in Russla is. We also know that any leader, no matter how powerful has to listen to the people with whom he works. While for obvious reasons the people of Russia are still largely dictated to by their leaders, they have objectives and opportunities for growth in freedom Donstitution.

. We have not quite attained the objectives which we wrote into our Constitution but they are there as alandards by which we measure our excess. No one has any doubt of that our Covernment is. No one they have any doubt as to what the overnment of the USSR is today,

nor as to the hopes and sims of its people. We may not agree with those aims or methods but we need not fear what we know.

I, for one, think democracy better than Communiam if the people exercise their power. Mevertheless, I feel we can co-operate with the USSR and its people, just as we do with other natious.

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Jeffy Wastgrood

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Washington Daily News. 6.22.45



The Communists

By Eleanor Roosevelt

MYDE PARK, Thursday.—I have been sent, by we wrote into our Constitution, but they are there Communist Political Assn., a statement of the as standards by which we measure our success. No one has any doubt of what our government is. No the Communist Political Assn., a statement of the



Pesolution which they are considering and will vote on as an expression of the American Communist point of view and as their guide for action. As a document, it is excellent; but I think I should clarify for two I think I should clarify, for two groups in this country, the column which I wrote a short time BEO.

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some people who, whenever they differ with anyone, decide that that person should be labeled a communist, and who are also afraid of our association with the USSR.

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I. for one, think democracy better than Communism if the people exercise their power. Nevertheless, I feel we can co-operate with the USSR and its people, just as we do with other nations.

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to in the American Communists is not their open
membership, nor even their published objectives.
For years, in this country, they taught the philos-For years, in this country, they taught the philosophy of the lie. They taught that allegiance to the party and acceptance of orders from party heads, whose interests were not just those of the United States, were paramount.

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FAIR ENOUGH

RS. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT'S column on Communists and the Communist movement is to me the most interesting essay she ever wrote and an important political event.

Mrs. Roosevelt has at last recognized the fact that the American Communists are out to force communism on the United States and acknowledges that recent actions of our Communists have increased the general fear of communism as an international force. Recognizing Russia's right to live under communism, she tactfully suggests that Russia ought to grant us the same right to live under our chosen form of govern-ment and proposes "clarification of a situation that may westered Pegter grow intil it endangers the peace of the world."



"The sooner we clear up authoritatively this whole situation of Communists outside of the Soviet Union," she wrote, "the better chance we will have for peace in the future."

This is a good statement of the position of all of us who opposed the American Communist movement throughout a long time when Mrs. Roosevelt appeared to sympathize with them. We have never suggested that American missionaries should invade Russia to conspire against the established government and the social and economic system in force there. But we have constantly opposed and exposed the persons and - their works who were, so to speak, waging com-munism in the United States. It would have been better if Mrs. Roosevelt had adopted this position long ago and made herself clear because when two individuals showed up, by considered selection, in position of dangerous power in the original Labor Relations Board, the rest of us naturally thought the intention behind their appointment was to encourage them in their mission to foment a violent class war among us.

TRS. ROOSEVELT'S article was provoked by the recent course of the organized Community in the United States.

Raving suspended their class-war program for the duration of Russia's war with Germany, their New York paper printed a statement amounting to a party decree, written by a French Communist in France, which now terminated

Bu WESTBROOK PEGLER

that phase of collaboration in our country and resumed the class war.

That is a betrayal of all Americans who are away fighting Japan. The stated surpose of that war is the violent everthrow of our government among others. Mrs. Roosevelt does not acknowledge this fact in so many words but we get the effect when she says, "It frightens us to see any group in our midst proposing to propagandize instead of co-operating where possible and let people think and act for themselves. This might lead to war at home and abroad."

I INTERPRET Mrs. Roosevelt's whole article to a change of demeanor if note! policy on her part, and from the quality of her piece, which is surprisingly superior to most of her INTERPRET Mrs. Roosevelt's whole article to copy, I take the liberty of hoping that it was prepared after the most careful consultation of her political associates.

Not casually would she write a warning to her Communist friends that the new line decreed for American Communists by a French Communist, acting on whose orders we do not know, "might lead to war at home and abroad."

As a sincere suggestion, I would urge that Mrs. Roosevelt take an active part in exposing and discrediting Communists with whom she is better acquainted than most of us and in destroy-ing their old pretense of "liberalum." She is an authority on Communists and communism in our country and, desiring to svert that war, she should be glad to go further.

OO often lately, propagandists of the New Deal group have lightly tossed at the anti-Communists the evil charge that in fighting communism here they are deliberately and wantonly trying to provoke a war with Russia.

No believer in the American system wants war with Russia, because that war would just about finish off civilization and finally destroy the American form of government.

Soviet Russia could abolish this peril by a flat repudiation of Earl Browder and all the rest of the American Communists and their fellowtravelers. Then those who want to be real fliends of Russia could seek that friendship without having to associate with people whom they have long recognized as friends of Russia but enjmiss of the United States.

That might be the "clarification" which Mrs. Roosevelt desires to end a situation that may endanger the peace of the world."

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Mr. Tolana_ Mr. B. A. Tamm Mr. Coffer. Mr. Lott V Mr. Michelo_ Mr. Bossa, Lr. Trony _ Mr. Henden Er. Pennington Origa Temm ALD CAL Tax

WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD.

Think It Over, Mrs. Roosevelt

has entered into the surjent discussion about the policies of the American Communists. am referring to her syndicated column last Beturday, and an scho of that column in Monday's Biripps-Howard press

We must welcome Mrs Rome-

veit's desire to have her say what the Communists are hinking and doing The issues are of general public concem. The Communists have nothing to hide

-either with respect to their achievements or with respect to their mistakes.

and are taking part in our deuld be. It reflects the basic truth that American Communists are so, integral force in the American nation, and the day i discussed and decided without searing out and rechoning

87 JUL 30 1945

This is a clipping from of the DAILY WORKER

Clipped at the Soat of Government

When anyone in this discussion misquotes to begin with, and n refuse to acknowledge the rection of a previous misquoton, I can only souchude that a behavior rafeliberate. With-accribing the same motive to Boosevelt, certainly the problem remains.

frightens us to see any group in our midst proposing to propagandize instead of cooperating where possible"... She fears "this may lead to war at home and abroad." Therefore, she continues, "the Prench Communist hader and the American Communists who encourage a policy of world revolution have done the prace of the world harm."

But where—in the article by Jacques Duclos or in the state-ments of our own organization—did Mrs. Roosevelt get the idea that Communists, either here or abroad, are advocating "world revolution"?

I have the documents before me. There is no mention of this phrase at all. It is of course ridiculous to suggest that American Communists can make a "world revolution." and neither can the Projech. But aside from that, why should any progressive, like Mrs. Roosevelt, employ such a loose and meaningless phrase, which has obviously been culled from a newspaper summary that bears the imprint of the newspaper writer's prejudice, and just does not corsespond with the facts?

Further slong the same lines.
"The American Communists had been cooperative, where they could be. But now, as we understand it, they are to force Communists on

our democracy, This we will not interate."

Mere again—in all fairness to Mrs. Recoeveli—I am comprises to suggest that the has me seed any of our discussions thus far. The draft resolution of our Hational Board (June 2) says that "It is constituted to wold fagether, and consolidate the breadest mational condition of all anti-faceist and democratic forces, including all supporters of Reserveit's anti-Axis policies..."

At another point, the resolution says: "While cooperating with the patriotic and democratic forces from all walks of life, Labor must in the first place strengthen its ties with the veterans, the toking farmers, the Negro people, the youth, the women, professionals and small-business men and with their democratic organizations."

This hardly sounds as though Communists are suddenly seas to be cooperative, does it? Indeed, the resolution stresses that cooperation with the dominant sections of monopoly capitalism is illmory. It says that cooperation must take place on the basis of principleroughly speaking, on Rooseveli's anti-Axis policies." The resolution proposes to criticise mercileasty all hesitations toward these policies and all concessions to the resctionaries. This has nothing to do with "forcing Communism upon our democracy." The conception that Communism can be forced upon any people is an insult both to the Communists and to th people upon whom it would be all legedly be faisted.

But what is the source of this strange thinking from Eleanor (Continued on Page 81

Distressing Brocedure

Apparently, Mrs. Roosevelt figds it possible to make judgments on American Communists without having read what they themselves are saying. Buch a procedure is distressing, to say the least One may disagree with the Communists—as sharply as one desires. But how can one disagree without having read from original sources—what they are paying?

The N. Y. Times did the same thing a week ago, in picking up a phrase from a statement by Browder on June 4 and drawing the unwarranted conclusion that American Communists are dubious about supporting the war against Japan.

This was a misquotation. It was made all the worse by the fact that the N. Y. Times failed to publish a letter of correction sent out by the National Board of our organization the very mext day. This letter draw attention to the emphasis in the resolution on the National Board, calling for the complete defeat of militarist Japan and Arraising the need for

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Think It Over, Mrs. Roosevelt

- by Joseph Starobin

(Continued from Page 8) Roosevelt? It is contained in another paragraph of her first colmen last Saturday, in which she mann: "Enri Browder fin bren repriseanded for an attitude which many of its believed had represented the attitude of the Soviet government."

In other words, Mrs. Roosevell is still laboring under the delusion that when Americans become Communists they are by that token less Americans. The refusal to accord Americans the right to be Communists undernine a very basic tenet of our form of government.

If Mrs. Roosevelt is saying that lemocracy stops when Americana become Communists, then she herself is contributing to a significant exposure of the real essence of what is known as "bourgrois democracy =

Azent Tele

But to go further. Mrs. Rowevelt is suggesting once again that Communists in any country are agents of the Soviet Union She asks that the "whole altuation of the Communists outside of the Soviet Union shall be eleated up authoritatively." This familiar position undoubtedly explains why she did not bother to read our material at first hand.

This view has a double aspect. It is a direct charge against the Soviet Union of the most serious kind. Wheever makes that charge must remember that it is not erizina!

Beyond, it is with equal seriousness ian abdication of American demogracy. Mrs. Roosevelt is evistential prepared to invite the Soviet Union to Intercene in our American internal affairs. She is ready to accord the Soviet Union the right to determine whether Americans can be Communists, a right guaranteed by our Constitution. This would be a perious violation of American sovereignty, if it were aeriously nressed.

toward Communic g Mrs. Roosevali's Anes geti er Into serious Milleutties. It is Mera,

high time such an approach were abundance. The Communists at any rate will defend their rights no Americana.

Authoritative ... Suppression .

Or perhaps Mrs. Roosevelt to suggesting that the United States itself-rather than the Soviet Union - should "authoritatively" consider the suppression of American Communists

In that case, let me reflind her that one of her former colleagues on the Scripps-Howard press-Afr. Westbrook Pegler -has already made the suggestion. It is again, unoriginal. In the Hearst press last Monday, Pegler proposes an all-out drive on the Communists. but in his view the Communists include many members of the former Roosevelt administration, including Henry Wallace

In other words, while Mrs. Ros-evell makes this suggestion Pegler is piready on the spot and proposes to include some of Mrs. Reoverell's best friends in the anti-Communist dragnet.

Hitler Tried

Is Belove

Isn't this all very familiar? Did not Hitler attempt the Ary thing, and did he not sensen Europe by this very same assaylt. upon Communicim which include non-Communist democrats. like Mrs. Roosevelt herself?

Nor does Mrs. Roosevelt heip matters by suggesting in her second column on Monday that the fascists, too, are just as reapproxible as the Communists etcetera, etcetera. This is a curious afterthought, on Mrs. Rossevelt's part. But it makes matters worse. The fact that Mrs. Roosevell added this formula as an afterthought only strengthens my conviction that her mind is deep in the grip of those confusions which have disarmed many American liberals in the struggle against faction.

Yes, the Communists represent a danger to fascism. We are project of that. We will fight against: elem...whether American or other kind-to the and. The what most Americans want to --- including Mrs. Ressevelt, I

jihan)

CAPITOL STUFF

By JOHN O'DONNELL

BEHIND the scenes a furious battle is now in progress among the money experts of the New Deal over the proposal to call in paper currency of high denomination—\$100 bills and up—just as all gold certificates were called in back in March of 33 when P.D.R. closed the banks and took the nation off the gold standard.

The proposal is designed to thwart the money dodgers of the black market operators, operating strictly on a cash basis, and the income tax dodgers. The White House financial wizards are split over the wisdom of the proposal.

The Treasury Department has already prepared an executive order which only needs the White House signature to put the machinery in motion.

The immediate effect will be an announcement that all \$100, \$500. \$1,000, \$5.000 and \$10,000 bills now in safe deposit boxes, under the mattress, or tucked away in the family tea pot, be turned in at banks for currency of smaller denomination.

The bills of large denomination would be declared worthless.

And, this is the important part of it all, the bank will record the signature of the depositor, the amount surrendered and pass the information over to the income tax experts of the Internal Revenue Bureau and the assorted Pederal sleuths now on the trail of the black market operator.

ONE suggestion goes so far as to propose that all paper currency be called in and new currency differing in size and design, be issued in its place. Such a measure would probably require congressional action; the surrender of bills of large denomination could be enforced by Executive Order.

To give a rough idea of how the important folding money has gone into hiding:

Consider the money outstanding, according to the Treasury figures. This does not include the bills which are stowed away in the Treasury vaults or in the Pederal Reserve banks or their agents—in other words the money in the hands of private citizens.

Back in June of '42, six months after Pearl Harbor, the \$100 bills floating around the nation amounted to \$1,001,019,000. At the close of business last January 31, the amount of century notes in the hands of citizens had soured to \$4.227,766,170. The latest report, giving the figures for Pebruary 28, boosted the amount to \$4.316,525,000.

The bills of \$500 denomination in circulation have jumped from \$262 million in June of '42 to \$571 million today; the \$1,000 fills have gone from the '42 figure of \$575 million to yesterday's record of \$994 million—which is a lot of money to tuck away in safe deposit boxes.

Mr. Clegg
Mr. Golley
Mr. Golley
Mr. Bosen
Mr. Resen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carcon
Mr. Egan
Mr. Henden
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Ball James.

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WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD

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The top bills—those of \$5,000 and \$10,000 denominations—hiven't changed much. After all, banks usually keep a record of these bills and know where they are—which would defeat the ajus of the black marketoers and the income tax dedgers.

In June of '42 there were only about eight and a half million dollars worth of \$5,000 hills in the hands of private citizens and today the figure is only a million dollars greater.

The \$10,000 bills, even hotter to handle, are significantly not so popular. There were 29 million dollars worth in circulation six months after Pearl Harbor. The value today has dropped to \$23 million. The tax dodgers don't want them.

WE GATHER from the readers' mail that among the ladies more bitter resentment has been aroused by Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt's acceptance of a \$11,000 mink coat as a furrier's press agent stunt than by the other recent foibles of American history or the White House priority that made possible the transcontinental air cruise of Gen. Elliott Roosevelt's dog. Blaze.

The mink coat gift definitely disturbs the feminine critics. One writer, by way of contrast, recalls the White House days of the great T. R. and points out how the First Lady's distinguished uncle handled these matters. From the volume "Theodore Rouse-velt: Hero to His Valet," written by James E. Amos, T. R.'s faithful servant, these paragraphs were quoted:

"Both at the White House and at Oyster Bay all during Mr. Roosevelt's term and for a long time afterward, every conceivable kind of present and offering was sent to the President. The mail, too, was extremely heavy . . . Obviously the President could never touch these things until they had been opened and examined.

"But this precaution is necessary not only to protect the President against cranks and criminals, but against persons who send these gifts for all sorts of reasons, principally seeking publicity or advertisement.

"One time a barrel of beer arrived at Sagamore Hill from a well-known and nationally advertised brewery. Several days later Mr. Roosevelt sent for me and asked if such a thing had been received. I told him it had. He wanted to know what we had done with it. I told him nothing had been done with it as I did not know that what to do.

just what to do.

"'Well,' said he, 'I know what you are to do with it. Ship it hack immediately.'

"THMEDIATELY meant at once, and that barrel of beer left Sagamore Hill in twenty minutes. What had happened was this:

! "The brewery had sent the beer and then, a few days later, had sent a letter to the President asking him how he had enjoyed in an acknowledgment from him saying he liked it or that it had been enjoyed in his home would have been worth a good deal to that brewery. But Mr. Roosevelt was not to be cought that way. In fact we were always on guard against such things."

CAPITOL STUFF

By JOHN O'DONNELL

FEW nights ago, at one of these Capital feed-fests where the great of the New Deal gather to find out who didn't come and stay to listen with polite oredom to the interminable gush of the New Deal mutual admiration society, we noticed Mrs. Woodrow Valson chatting earnestly with Mrs. Franklin Delano Roosevelt. The widow of our World War One President and the wife of our

World War Two President are good friends. And in these present ars seem to have even more in common than in the past,

Memories of World War One recall that in the final months of woodrow Wilson's second administration there was quite an .proor on Capitol Hill over Senate suspicion that the then Pirst Lady—the former Edith Bolling Galt—was exercising considerable influence in her own behalf on the White House administration of he affairs of the republic.

In fact, the issue became so hot that at one time a group of senators, fearing the First Lady of World War One was really unning the show, formed a committee which went to the White niuse to get the answer to the question: "Is the President of the nited States the real boss or is the First Lady moving in on the executive Branch of the Government?

The Senate Committee decided that Woodrow Wilson was still n the scene and functioning. At least, the episode ended quickly.

The more insistent Senators were damned by the Wilson devotees a group of coarse, uncouth boors who wanted to "feel beneath he sheet" to determine how much life was still in the Chief Execue and anyway, Wilson's final term was drawing to a close.

JOW-history ever repeats Reelf-comes the same muttered question on Capitol Hill. Is Mrs. Roosevelt the Assistant Presgrat? If not, who is the Assistant President when the Assistant liesidents are away?

True, vanished from the Capital scene at the moment are Astant President Jimmy Byrnes, the former Supreme Court Juse, now the mighty poo-bah of war mobilization. Vanished also .- Assistant President and P.D.R.'s alter ego, Harry Hopkins, who ands up through security censorship in Italy.

Also missing, is the President's faithful co-worker, Anna Rooseelt Boettiger, the daughter on whom he has become accustomed . Jean to much in recent months.

The job of Assistant President—or at least the chore of speaking out on the White House political front—seems to have descended the strong shoulders of the ubiquitous, energetic and seemingly ucless Pirst Lady.

At all events, hers' is the politically powerful voice from the ... hite House that has rallied the followers of Henry Wallace to in the Senate battle against the angry supporters of the roughly unted Mr. Jesse Jones.

No direct word for utterance on the floor of the embattled Sen-'e has come from the lips of the President since the start of the .Vallace-Jones battle-a clash which may well result in a new potical lineup in the congressional elections of '46 and the presi-.cnilal election four years bence.

BUT Mrs. Received has spoken out loudly and vigorously for Wallace—and her words get close attention here in Washington. The President might have waved his wife's column aside is "just a diary" and declared that she wasn't one of the "un-pressary excressences" which all other political columnists are.

But Mrs. Reservelt noted in her non-political diary that in her, inion Mr. Wallace was a man who looked forward and Mr. Jones who looked inchward. Now that meant some votes for other Wallace.

The non-political First Lady follow is conference in the non-political or demost. Wing of the Walter was in which she again supported Brother Wallace but this House in which she again supported Breiter Wallace—but time on the grounds that Mr. Wallace was a real conservative.
At times, it's hard to follow the First Lady's reasoning or elast

of expression, but her statement declared;

"I happen to consider Wallare's proposals the only conserva-tive proposals there are, I think it is dangerous to look forward to defeat. That is not a conservative approach; that is a defeatest approach.

"The only conservative thing is to use all the strength we have or face an alternative so serious I can't think how any conserva-

tive could face it with any sense of security."

We confess that this isn't very clear to us. But we get this point: If Henry Wallace is vulnerable because Senators think he radical, present White House spokesman Mrs. Roosevelt will de her best to present him as a conservative. Well, we gotta win sin't we?

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MY DA.

Many Owe Success to Influence of Croton's Dr. Peabody

BE ELEANOE ROOSEVELT

NEW YORK, Iuesday—Yesterday, in a number of places thruout the country, memorial services were held at the same time that funeral services took place at Groton for the late Rev. Endicott Perbody, who founded the school and was its headmaster for so many years.

Being the head of school, whether you are training boys or girls, is a gremendously important piece of work. It is hard to evaluate how far the influence of a man or woman with strong personality may reach. In the case of Mr. Peabody, he was always a forceful person, and his influence affected not only the boys, but the parents with whom he came in contact.

A 8 the years went on, his influence hecame even greater. Not every boy loved him, but I think I have never heard of a Groton student who did not respect the rector. I am sure that thruout this nation there are many men today who owe much that they have done in life to the personal influence of Mi. Prabody. His loss, even at his age of 8, will be a shock and great to many people.

On Bunday in Washington, a number of old friends came to luncheon, among them Bishop Atwood, who was one of Mrs. Peabody's oldest friends. They knew Arizona in the early days, and of late years they had made it a practice to visit each other several times during the year. One of the aad things about growing old must be to see one's friends depart on the greatest of all adventures, and to find the world growing lonely. It is perhaps for us older people to cross the last bar with apparent case and equanimity.

I STOPPED in for a few minutes I Sunday afternoon at a meeting of a Government girls' club, held at the Women's City Club in Washington. Some of the counselors present, and some of the girls themselves, seem to feel very strongly that a central meeting place for Government girls is a very great lack in Washington. Before I left I promised to talk this over again with other interested people

On Monday, between 10 and 3, tiended the Rosenwald Pund semi innual meeting in Chicago, and the went to the Stevens Hotel to speak sefore the CIO Convention. I was

glad to see Sidney Hillman looking young and well, and apparently no more affected by the slings and arrews east at him during the last campaign than any of the other prominent figures who engaged in this political battle.

I had hoped to be able to fly back for the meeting here this morning of the committee for the ears of European children. Unfortunately, I had to take the train, which means that I could not arrive in time,

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Objectors Are Not Same Type Citizens as the Fighting Men

HYDE PARK, Tuesday Conscientious objectors feel that Great Britain has become more enlightened" than the United States, since many of them over there have been able to puraue their own vocations, or do the work which they themselves have chosen to do for the nation during the war period.

British conscientious objectors feel that they have been more useful and that they are treated with greater intelligence by their government and this opinion is shared by conscientious objectors here.

I can not help feeling very sorry for honest conscientious objectors, for I am quite sure many a young man must find it bitter to let other young men of his own age die and fight and give up time in occupations they care little about

It is only because of these young nen, however, who are willing to self in a personal viewpoint. Some day, perhaps, the world will be the kind of coviline place in which we can all the fe agicly according to our own fights. But it just that hind of a place dudy, and so you and I are defended in our peaceful lives at home by those who will do what their government cake of them, no matter what that hask may be.

IT 18 true that conscientious objectors have earned and saved much maney for the Government. It is true that they have made the lives of patients in state hospitals more bearable than they have ever been before. It is true that those who are willing to work in factories r military medical establishments and some of them actually in damer sones or in the field of battle, have done heroic deeds and are fine people. But they are doing what they want to do. They are not the same kind of citizens as are the men in the armed services. For this reason, Congress has not appropriated money to pay them or to help their dependents on the same basis as the men drafted into the armed services.

It is hard on the families, but that is the price of doin; what one believes in. Some men as to prison and will not do anything thering the period of war and that again is the price of doing what you believe in. When the day arrives when war is no more, these men may feel that they have hastened it. In the meantime, however, as the world is constituted today they might not be alive or they might be slaves to their more warlike people if some of their brothers were not willing to defend them against other warlike peoples.

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Mashington Daily Bews

JUNE 21, 1944

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oosevelts Reprovi Churchill

Had the wife of any other President than Mr. Roosevelt publicly reproved the head of a government with which we were allied in war, it would have been certainly national and probably an international scandal.



When Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt at a public press conference reproves British Prime Minister Winston Churchill, it hardly surprises Americans—though we don't yet know how it affected Britons. Americans are used to Mrs. Roosevelt sipping around the world aboard Army bombers and leaving a trail of indiscretions in her wake.

She does these things apparently because she feels that she was elected co-President with her husband, or at the least First Assistant President. As a matter of fact, she

was never elected to any office.

This latest indiscretion of Mrs. Roosevelt's was her Tuesday press conference remark, regarding Mr. Churchill's friendly attitude toward Spain, that "Mr. Churchill has thought a certain way for 60 years, and I don't think he wants to change the way he has thought for 60 years."

That is to say that Mr. Churchill is a marble-headed old fogy who had learned all he was destined ever to learn by the time he was nine years of age.

What had irked Mrs. Roosevelt was Mr. Churchill's discussion of Spain's persistent neutrality in his Commons speech a few days ago. Mr. Churchill said in substance that when Britain was on the hot spot in 1941-42 Franco had neither seized Gibraltar nor let Hitler send soldiers through Spain to seize Gibraltar. This, though Franco was obligated to Hitler and Mussolini for help furnished his rebel army in the Spanish Civil War. Mr.J. D. X. R.D. Churchill said that you naturally feel some gratitude toward a man who refrained from knocking you down when he could have knocked you down.

A few hours after Mrs. Roosevelt uttered about Mr. Churchill, the President chimed in at his press conference with a loud disagreement with Mr. Churchill en the subject of Spain. Spain, he said, is still shipping

Mr Choss
Mr Cross
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavia
Mr. Lade
Mr. Lode
/ Mr. Roses
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
7.
Mr Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quies Tamm_
Mr. Neass
Miss Gandy

entirely too much material, uch as wolfram. Germany. Wolfram, according to the Standard Dictionary, is (1) tungstate of iron and manganese (Fe, Mn) W04... a source of tungsten; or (2) same as tungsten. Mr. Churchill may have some kindly feelings toward Spain, but Spain's conduct continues "unsatisfactory" to Mr. Roosevelt.

What these twin Roosevelt reprovals to Mr. Churchill may indicate is that the Allied triumvirate—the United States, Britain and Russia—is already beginning to go the way of most triumvirates. Two of Triumvirate the triumvirs usually get together to Split Begins nudge the third out of power and prestige.

The Allies have not yet won the war. Indeed, we are told daily that the fiercest fighting is yet to be done. But already the Roosevelts are veering this nation toward Russia and away from Britain.

Why they are doing so is not hard to figure out.

Spain continues neutral because it bled itself white and half-starved in its civil war of 1936-39 and its people want peace at almost any price. In that war, Russia helped the Spanish Communists, just as Italy and Germany helped the Spanish conservatives. This is made evident in Ernest Hemingway's "For Whom the Bell Tolls."

The Reds and their fellow travelers have a mortal hatred for Franco, Spain's current dictator, because he won the Spanish War and the Communists lost it. The Reds and their fellow travelers in this country are all-out for a fourth term for Roosevelt, as you can see by a glance at any of their publications. The reddish CIO has started a fourth-term drive into which it openly says it will put several million dollars of the members' money.

Hence, it is smart politics for Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt to take public raps at Spain and at anybody—Mr. Churchill included—who says a kind word in public for the war-ruined Spanish people. That will help keep the domestic Reds and fellow travelers in line for the fourth term.

What it will do to the Allies' postwar plans is another question. Those plans now are, at least in public, for Britain, the United States, Russia and China to run the world as benevolent big powers—despite Mrs. Roosevelt's other foolish remark at her Tuesday press conference about every United Nation in the world having an actual voice in postwar world government. How could Belgium and Russia have a veto on each other after the war?

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'I Hope That Elders, Not Youths, Suffer Thru NYA Closing'

By ELEANON ROOSEVELT

HYDE PARK, Monday, July 5—We have had a very pleasant week-end. A number of children to keep us busy. Our son Jimmy and his wife were with me at the cottage and, with the exception of yesterday, we had sun in which to bask after we swim. Yet it was cool enough weather so that 1 did an unprecedented thing—I had a fire in the fireplace in my sitting room and we sat close to it and enjoyed it.

On Saturday we had a picnic lunch and even at noon the sun did not seem too hot to make it pleasant My old friend, Mr. Est) Robinson, who is on his way to Los Angeles, spent one night with us and gave a concert in the library in which the soldiers who were able to get away from their duties joined. I think they had a very happy hour listening to him and singing with him.

W/E have actually been reading wom puetry aloud at odd moments, and that is always a joy. Jan Struther has written a new poem called "War Time Journey." It may not as yet have been published. It was to me a most moving and sensitive piece of writing and I was interested to find Earl Robinson at once putting it to minde in his mind, for he asked he if someone had written the music to it. It expresses the kind of emotion that one can think of in terms of sound or painting.

I was addened yesterday to find that the National Youth Administration is going to be closed down. I am not, of course, particularly troubled about the effect this will have on youth at present. I have felt all along that youth not called into the service could, of source, go into industry and get its training there. It seemed to me, however, that much training sould be given by MYA which would make young people more useful when hired and therefore less costly in industry. The training given by MYA was haste, not specialized, as often must be in industry and, therefore, it is more valuable for future use if you have to change your job.

THE main reason, however, that I main norty to see MYA to it that I have branned how difficult it is to

train people to do certain kinds of work and w! up organizations to accomplish definite objectives. It seems to me highly improbable that in the transition period between war and peace we will not need an organization such as this to help our young people to prepare for new jobs. We did not have it in the past, but we have learned a great deal and I thought perhaps we could profit by our past.

The cost to the country has seemed very small. Perhaps we could even put it on the credit side, if it has been possible to compute how much this training really helped in using workers more quickly.

The decision is made and I only hope that in the future it will not be youth which suffers, but their elders who make these decisions for them and sometimes are slower to make the decisions to do the things which meet their needs when those needs arise.

Mr. Branda
Mr. Mamber
Mr. Mamber
Mr. Mamber
Mr. Mamber
Mr. Mamber
Mr. Plack
Mr. Plack
Mr. Calon
Mr. Mamber
Mr. Plack

INDEXNO NOT RECORDED

Washington Daily News - 7-6-43

Mrs. Roosevelt Says Racial Friction Was Basis of Coast\Zoot-Suit Rioting

By EVELYN SHELEY

tary of State Hull yesterday reported to the the war." press Mexico's official concern over treatin Lo Angeles, Vis Roosevelt was expressing her concern in the White House next hiquidated.

"It is a waste not to use NYA plants and the workers," she ment of Mexicans in the zoot-suit trouble citizen, she will be very surry to see the in Les Angeles, Mrs. Roosevelt was express-National Youth Administration (NYA)

fact that things don't just happen but have of any age."

sic roots."

Asked her opinion as to the workers right to strike, Mrs. Roosevelt said:
d not come about solely from race prejuditional formula on the commented did not come about solely from race prejudice, but stemmed from a mixture of problems. But she is convinced the race question was the major cause.

race problem and we've got to solve it," labor where there can be a strike."

WASHINGTON, June 17.-While Secre-1she said. "We'll have it in the world after

Mrs. Roosevelt said that, speaking as a

"For a long time I have been worried personnel for training defense workers," she about our attitude toward the Mexicans," the President's wife said. "It's part of our racial difficulty. We are so loath to face the very valuable to admit to training workers

that rather foreibly. We'll leave it to Mr. Lincoln."

(Mr. Lincoln said, fa case you don't re-"We have in this country a very serious call: "I thank God we have a system of

This is a clipping from

Clipped at the Government



MY DAY Political Candidates Should Have Equal Amounts to Spend

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

HYDE PARK, Monday—The country is too lovely these days ever to leave it, but back we go to New York City this afternoon. A gool breeze blew across my porch this morning and the roses on my desk have blossomed out in full bloom. I never heard the frog chorus in the evening or the bird chorus in the morning more full throated and triumhphant than it has been those last few days.

How can the world by so beautiful and so hor mie at the same time?

SINCE it is anonymous I am going to a de you a let et which street ur as really auntaing. "Door No. Rooceveit.

"Are the futter of the country getthe mind because they are going to be asked the state all their personal affirs, their ages, etc. In connection with the pay-as-you-go questionnaire, to be lianded by office help in their places of employment? Too bad you can not meet them peraoually!

"They seem to think they have a personal right to some privacy in this country and it is high time they put men into office who will respect their personal right! Can you not say something, Mrs. Roosevelt, to console these ladies with fine sensibilities? Please explain to them that all their affairs are now the affairs of the public and that they must be patient until they are able to elect men into office who will respect their rights to any privary. Poor ladies!

Winever would have thought that any pay-ax-ton-go tax bill would lead to such strange thought? I have never found the public especially interested in private affairs as they are represented in the answers to questionnaires. It takes a little dress-up to make people pay attention, and that is not usually done by elected officials. The press and tox radio as a rule take care of that, so my

dear "Listener," calm your "ladies."
"Unless they make good copy in some
other way, their questionnaires with
remain of little interest.

READ the anti-tinke bill thru ye reided. I am sorry anyone has made it nece sary for us to have one, even in war time. I must say the arguments which contend that the one particular clause on political contributions should apply not only to labor unions but to corporations and business, seems to me rather valid.

Of course, I think it would be a great step forward if the Government allowed all candidates to spend exactly the same amount, gave them so much time on the radio, so much newspaper advertising apace and so much each for traveling and actually meeting people.

It would really be a good thing if this expense came out of our taxes and we never had to have any funds raised by political organizations except for education work on actual policies and measures between election periods. Even where party activities such as these are concerned, I am not sure that there might not be better ways of doing it than the way in which we do it now.

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'Russian Industry More Developed Than I Realized'

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

SUNDAY—I was back in Washington Friday morning and spent the day seeing people, some of them for purely social reasons, and some of them on business. It always surprises me how one can fill a day with appointments 15 minutes to a half hour in length, and apparently never see all those who wish to see you.

Last night we saw the picture "Mission to Moscow," which has excited so much comment among various people. It is interesting to me primarily because of the ourney which Ambassador Davies tool to the various parts of Russia. That journey explains to me the ability of the Russians to stand up against the Germans.

They were far more developed along many lines of industry than I had realized. Nor had I sensed the fact that they were so conscious of the danger of the war that they had prepared themselves to move machiners and men in their war industries to other locations, if the fortunes of war made it necessary.

TODAY the page boys at the Capitol, who were my guests earlier in the winter, are coming for a picnic lunch in the White House garden. I am very happy to have these boys becase I do not think their lives are particularly easy. It is a great opportunity for them to serve the Covernment and to come in contact with outstanding figures in the country. On the other hand, it is not entirely a normal existence for their age, and I do not think all of them find it an easy adjustment.

The other night, when I attended the war workers' canteen, a song was aung called "I Am on My Way," written by Mrs. Stuart C. Godfrey. General and Mrs. Godfrey have written and published a song called "The U S. Engineers Pig'nt Song." Mrs. Godfrey is the founder of an organization called: "Music for the Services." which has really done a great deal of work.

The object is to supply Army camp and Navy base recreation rooms with instrument records and short music. Among the cintributions already made are 80 planes, 80 phonographs, 4600 records, 8600 items of sheet music. Among the contributions already exential and one of the greatest morale building forces in the services, and I hope Mrs. Godfrey will hive the support of many music towing people in her work.

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MY DAY

The Arts Must Get Covernment Aid to Train New Talent

NEW YORK CITY, Tuesday-Yesterday I lunched with Mr. John Golden at Sardi's, which was a very pleasant interlude in an otherwise busy day. Mr. Golden always gives me the most delicious chicken dish, which one could not eat very often, however, without losing one's figure. He took me afterwards to meet the cast of "Susan and God," who are beginning their rehearsals for the opening of the New City Center.

This center is to be a municipal # theater and I am glad that Mr. Golden had been asked to open it with such a delightful play as "Susan and God," with Miss Gertrude Lawrence acting again in what I remember as one of her most enchanting roles

City to be starting a civic theater. Many of us believe that the arts in the have Government support to develop uses talent. To have New York City accept this responsibility gives one a sense of pride.

FROM there I went to the sale for the blind. If the crowd that was there yesterday is any criterion of the interest people take in this cause, there will be no tack of sales I confess, however, that such a crowd makes it difficult to buy, since it was all you could do to get to the tables n which the goods were displayed without knocking people down

Then I went to the Sara Delano Ruovevelt Interfaith House. It was interesting to go thru it and to see how it had been adapted to its new There have been very few structural changes, but those which have been made certainly mercase it, availability for its present pur-

There were girls in all of the ronms, and I am sure that this is going to be a successful and useful speriment. The willingness of young copie of different religious faiths to live and to work under the same of is sure to bring about helpful cussion and better understanding AND IN LIBERTY.

N leaving \$5th-st, I went to Pro-Chamberlain's house for a meetthe of the distitute of Pacific Relations. I was very happy to hear Mr. Edward Carter give a report on his trip to China and the Union of Societ Republics last summer. He never mentioned the fact that he went at what must have been an It is quite thrilling for New York | extremely hot and uncomfortable season of the year, but he did mention the difficult questions which the Generalissimo asked him.

> I am sure he answered them well, but I could not help wondering if there really were answers to some of them. They would require a great deal more thought on the part of the American people than I think have given the conditions in China and India I spoke for a short time on a few incidents of my southwest Pacific trip. Then I had to dash for a last engagement at me friends at dinner.

1 characton Daily News-12-1-43



MY DAY

Boys Club Program Helps to Solve Juvenile Delinguency

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

NEW YORK CITY, Monday, Nov. 29-At the present time we are all concerned with the questions of juvenile delinquescy. It is interesting to have a report of one of the national agenties which can greatly contribute to the solution of this question.

Boys Clubs of America Inc. has been for more than 50 years one of the leading agencie, working with the bots and now has 250 clubs thruout the United States. which have a membership of over a quarter of a million members. Ex-President Hooser is president of the board of directors. Mr. J. Edgar Hoover has recently become a member of the board, and Mr. David Armstrong is executive director.

RECOGNIZING their responsiing surated a new five-point program.

One-- To increase their boy membersulp and to establish new clubs in crowded arrais

Two-To include more activities in the regular program so as to of , a wide variety of interest to boys from 6 to 18
Three—To increase the guidance

to individual boys.

Points four and five deal with increasing the interest and support of the public, so that the above objectives may be schiedled and that there may be more co-operation with all other agencies working along the same lines. They stress marginalizate the marginalizate the same lines. particularly the home, the church. the school and other social ageneics. This is a program, of course. which aims to prevent delinquency eo that we shall not sort to reform young criminals.

tions are planning to keep their cluts open during the after-school and evening hours and there are no membership restrictions of age, race, creed or nationality. In industrial areas, club buildings will be opened for young workers coming off the graveyard shift. Livities for older boys, such ances and teen age canteens, which will include the girls, are being increased. I wish that these last activities would spread to all of our

YESTERDAY'S papers noted that a number of young girls from rural areas are drifting into New York City and that nothing is be-ing done to look after them. A program where they could go with other young workers for decent entertainment would be a help.

I believe that, if one could find the right women as hostesses in these clubs and schools, much could be done. Someone in whom young people would confide easily and who has a sympathetic understanding of the problems facing youth today. might save many a youngster from hard and devastating experiences.

MI DEC. 9. 1943 . .. hington Daily News - 11-30-4?

DIVISION OF PRINTS INTELLIGENCE SCH. CONSCROLAL RADIO.

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Eleanor Liub **Quest Fails**

First Lady Says FBI Can Not Find Them

Washington, Sept. 22.-(Pre-Mrs. washing on, repr. 22.—4Fr-Mrs. Frankin D. Russevelt reported to-day that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had falled to find my "Eleanor Clubs," reportedly being organized among Nexto servents and home manual for the foot nuts and being named for the first lady.

in First Roosevert told her pres-conference reports were that such organizations were being organized in Mississippi, North Carolina, Ala-hama and Florida, but that the FBI isold its inquiry had been negative In producing any definite evidence. The President's wife said she bid received inner letter weven telephone calls—telling her of such -called clubs, but that no one thu far, when asked to give the definite made of a club member or the meeting place of such a club, had been able to do so.

The FBI investigation followed reports such clubs were being organized for several purposes, including improvement of Negro wellfare, with such slogans as "All Neerocs out of the kitchen by Christ-nas." One of the reports was that members had agreed to quit their jobs if, for example, they are serving dinner and derogatory words are spoken by the family or guests about the Roosevelts,

While Mrs. Rossevelt was out of the room to answer a call her secretory, Miss Malyina Thompson, add she (Miss Thompson) had peramally asked Negro maids empleved at the White House and he to Rossevelts at New York and Hyde Park and had negativel pimong Negro leaders and clucatins without finding one belonging

to such a club.

MOT RUTHER

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